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**PROVISIONAL APPLICATION COVER SHEET**

This is a request for a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION under 37 CFR 1.53(c).

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INVENTOR(S)/APPLICANT(S)			
LAST NAME	FIRST NAME	MIDDLE INITIAL	RESIDENCE (CITY AND EITHER STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY)
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TITLE OF INVENTION (280 characters max)			
Immunogenic Compositions for <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i>			
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The invention was made by an agency of the United States Government or under a contract with an agency of the United States government.

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## IMMUNOGENIC COMPOSITIONS FOR *STREPTOCOCCUS PYOGENES*

All documents cited herein are incorporated by reference in their entirety.

### TECHNICAL FIELD

This invention is in the fields of immunology and vaccinology. In particular, it relates to antigens  
5 derived from *Streptococcus pyogenes* and their use in immunisation.

### BACKGROUND ART

Group A streptococcus ("GAS", *S.pyogenes*) is a frequent human pathogen, estimated to be present in between 5-15% of normal individuals without signs of disease. When host defences are compromised, or when the organism is able to exert its virulence, or when it is introduced to  
10 vulnerable tissues or hosts, however, an acute infection occurs. Related diseases include puerperal fever, scarlet fever, erysipelas, pharyngitis, impetigo, necrotising fasciitis, myositis and streptococcal toxic shock syndrome.

Although *S.pyogenes* may be treated using antibiotics, a prophylactic vaccine to prevent the onset of disease is desired. Efforts to develop such a vaccine have been ongoing for many decades.

15 While various GAS vaccine approaches have been suggested and some approaches are currently in clinical trials, to date, there are no GAS vaccines available to the public.

It is an object of the invention to provide further and improved compositions for providing immunity against GAS disease and/or infection. The compositions are based on a combination of two or more (e.g. three or more) GAS antigens.

### 20 DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

Applicants have discovered a group of thirty GAS antigens that are particularly suitable for immunisation purposes, particularly when used in combinations. The invention therefore provides an immunogenic composition comprising a combination of GAS antigens, said combination consisting of two to thirty-one GAS antigens of a first antigen group, said first antigen group consisting of: GAS  
25 117, GAS 130, GAS 277, GAS 236, GAS 40, GAS 389, GAS 504, GAS 509, GAS 366, GAS 159, GAS 217, GAS 309, GAS 372, GAS 039, GAS 042, GAS 058, GAS 290, GAS 511, GAS 533, GAS 527, GAS 294, GAS 253, GAS 529, GAS 045, GAS 095, GAS 193, GAS 137, GAS 084, GAS 384, GAS 202, and GAS 057. These antigens are referred to herein as the 'first antigen group'.

Preferably, the combination of GAS antigens consists of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten  
30 GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. Preferably, the combination of GAS antigens consists of three, four, or five GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group.

GAS 40 and GAS 117 are particularly preferred GAS antigens. Preferably, the combination of GAS antigens includes either or both of GAS 40 and GAS 117. Representative examples of some of these antigen combinations are discussed below.



The combination of GAS antigens may consist of three GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. Accordingly, in one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 40, GAS 117 and a third GAS antigen selected from the first antigen group. In another embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 40 and two additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In another embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 117 and two additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group.

The combination of GAS antigens may consist of four GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 40, GAS 117 and two additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 40 and three additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 117 and three additional antigens selected from the first antigen group.

The combination of GAS antigens may consist of five GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 40, GAS 117 and three additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 40 and four additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 117 and four additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group.

The combination of GAS antigens may consist of eight GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 40, GAS 117 and six additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 40 and seven additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 117 and seven additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group.

The combination of GAS antigens may consist of ten GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 40, GAS 117 and eight additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 40 and nine additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of GAS 117 and nine additional GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group.

Each of the GAS antigens of the first antigen group are described in more detail below. Genomic sequences of at least three GAS strains are publicly available. The genomic sequence of an M1 GAS strain is reported at Ref. 1. The genomic sequence of an M3 GAS strain is reported at Ref. 2. The genomic sequence of an M18 GAS strain is reported at Ref. 3. Preferably, the GAS antigens of the invention comprise polynucleotide or amino acid sequence of an M1, M3 or M18 GAS strains. More preferably, the GAS antigens of the invention comprise a polynucleotide or amino acid sequence of an M1 strain.



**(1) GAS 117**

GAS 117 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13621679 and GI:15674571, to M3 GenBank accession number GI:21909852, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19745578, and is also referred to as 'Spy0448' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0316' (M3), and 'SpyM18\_0491' (M18). Examples of amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 117 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

**SEQ ID NO: 1**

MTLKKHYLLSLLALVTVGAAFNSTQSVSAQVYSNEGYHQHLTDEKSHLQYSKDNAQLQLRNILDGYQND  
LGRHYSSYYYNLRTVMGLSSEQDIEKHYEELKNKLHDMYNYH

**SEQ ID NO: 2**

ATGACACTAAAAAACAACACTATTATCTTCTCAGCCTGCTAGCTCTTGTAACGGTTGGTGCTGCCTTTAACA  
CAAGCCAGAGTGTGAGTGACACAAGTTTATAGCAATGAAGGGTATCACCAGCATTGACTGATGAAAAATC  
ACACCTGCAATATAGTAAAGACAACGCACAACCTTCAATTGAGAAATATCCTTGACGGCTACCAAATGAC  
CTAGGGAGACACTACTCTAGCTATTATTACTACAACCTAAGAACCGTTATGGGACTATCAAGTGAGCAAG  
ACATTGAAAAACAACACTATGAAGAGCTTAAGAACAAGTTACATGATATGTACAATCATTATTAA

Preferred GAS 117 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 1; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 1, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These GAS 117 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 1. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 1. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 1. For example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid sequence at the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 1 is removed. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

**(2) GAS 130**

GAS 130 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13621794 and GI:15674677, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21909954, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19745704, and is also referred to as 'Spy0591' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0418' (M3), and 'SpyM18\_0660' (M18). GAS 130 has potentially been identified as a putative protease. Examples of amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 130 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

**SEQ ID NO: 3**

MSHMKRPEVLSPAGTLEKLKVAIDYGADAVFVGGQAYGLRSRAGNFSMEELQEGIDYAHARGAKVYVAA  
NMVTHEGNEIGAGEWFRQLRDMGLDAVIVSDPALIVICSTEAPGLEIHLSTQASSTNYETFEFWKAMGLT  
RVVLAREVNMAELAEIRKRTDVEIEAFVHGAMCISYSGRCVLSNHMSHRDANRGCSQSCRWKYDLYDMP  
FGGERRSLKGEIPEDYSMSSVDMCMIDHIPDLIENGVDLSKIEGRMKSIIHYVSTVTNICYKAAVGAYMES  
EAFYAIKEELIDELWKVAQRELATGFYYGIPTENEQLFGARRKIPOYKFVGEVVAFDASMTATIRQRNV  
IMEGDRIECYGPGRHFETVVKDLHDADGQKIDRAPNPMELLTISLPREVKPGDMIRACKEGLVNLQYQK  
GTSKTVRT

**SEQ ID NO: 4**

ATGTCACATATGAAAAACGTCCTCCGAGGTCTTATCACCTGCTGGAACACTTGAAAAATTAAAGTTGCGA  
TTGACTATGGCGCAGATGCTGTTTTTGTGGAGGGCAGGCCTATGGCCTAAGAAGCCGCGCTGGTAACTT



CTCTATGGAAGAATTGCAAGAAGGCATTGATTATGCACATGCGCGTGGAGCTAAGGTCTATGTTGCTGCT  
AACATGGTTACCCACGAAGGGAACGAAATTGGTGCGGGCGAGTGGTTTCGTCAACTGCGTGATATGGGGC  
TTGATGCGGTCATTGTTTCAGATCCAGCCTTGATTGTTATTGTTCAACAGAAGCCCCAGGTTTGGAAT  
TCATTGTCAACGCAAGCTTCATCTACCAATTACGAGACCTTTGAATTTTGAAAGCCATGGGCTTGACC  
5 CGAGTTGTTTTAGCTCGCGAGGTTAATATGGCCGAGTTAGCAGAAATCCGCAAGCGGACAGATGTGGAAA  
TTGAAGCCTTTGTCCATGGAGCCATGTGTATCTCTTATTTCAGGCCGCTGTGTTTTGTCAAACCACATGAG  
TCACCGTGATGCCAACAGGGGCGGCTGCTCACAGTCTTGCCGCTGGAAGTATGATTTGTATGACATGCCA  
TTTGGAGGAGAGCGCCGCTCCTTAAAAGGGGAAATTCAGAAGACTATTCTATGTCCTCTGTTGACATGT  
10 GTATGATTGACCATATTCCTGACCTGATTGAAAATGGGGTTGATAGCTTAAAAATTGAAGGCCGAATGAA  
ATCTATCCACTACGTCTCAACCGTAACCAACTGTTACAAGGCGGCTGTAGGTGCTTACATGGAAAGCCCA  
GAAGCTTTTTATGCTATCAAAGAGGAATTGATTGACGAGTTGTGGAAGGTTGCCAGCGGAGTTGGCTA  
CAGGTTTTTACTATGGTATCCCAACTGAAAATGAACAATTATTTGGTGCTCGCCGAAAATTCCACAATA  
TAAATTTGTGCGAGAAGTAGTTGCCTTTGACTCAGCTAGCATGACAGCGACCATTCGTCAGCGTAATGTC  
ATCATGGAAGGCGATCGGATTGAATGTTATGGACCAGGTTTCCGTCAATTTGAAACGGTTGTTAAGGACT  
15 TACATGATGCGGATGGCCAAAAGATTGACCGTGCCCAAATCCAATGGAAGTCTTAACCATCTCTTTACC  
GAGAGAAGTTAAGCCAGGGGATATGATTAGGGCTTGCAAGGAAGGTCTGGTTAACCTCTATCAAAAAGAT  
GGCACCAGTAAAACTGTTAGAACATAG

Preferred GAS 130 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
20 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 3; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 3, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, or more). These GAS 130 proteins include variants (e.g.  
allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 3. Preferred fragments  
25 of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 3. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino  
acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more  
amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID  
NO: 3. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of  
a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

### 30 (3) GAS 277

GAS 277 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622962 and GI:15675742, to M3  
GenBank accession number GI: 21911206, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746852, and is  
also referred to as 'Spy1939' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1670' (M3), and 'SpyM18\_2006' (M18). Amino acid  
and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 277 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

#### 35 SEQ ID NO: 5

MTTMQKTI~~SLLSLALLIGLLGTSGKAI~~SVYAQDQHTDNVIAESTISQVSVEASMRGTEPYIDATVTTDQP  
VRQPTQATITLKDASDNTINSWVYTMAAQRRFTAWFDLTGQKSGDYHVTVTVHTQEKA~~VTGQSGTVHFD~~  
QNKARKTPTNMQQKDTSKAMTNSVDVDTKAQTNQSANQEIDSTSNPFRSATNHRSTSLKRSTKNEKLPT  
ASNSQKNGSNKTKMLVDKEEVKPTSKRGFPWVLLGLVVS~~LAAGLFIAIQVSRRK~~

#### 40 SEQ ID NO: 6

ATGACAACTATGCAAAAAACAATTAGCTTATTATCACTAGCTTTACTTATTGGTTTGCTGGGGACTTCTG  
GCAAAGCCATATCTGTGTATGCACAAGATCAGCACACTGATAATGTTATAGCTGAATCAACTATTAGTCA  
GGTCAGTGTTGAAGCCAGTATGCGTGGAACAGAACCTTATATTGATGCTACAGTCACCACAGATCAACCT  
45 GTCAGACAACCAACTCAGGCAACGATAACACTTAAAGACGCTAGTGATAATACTATTAATAGTTGGGTAT  
ATACTATGGCAGCGCAACAGCGTCGTTTTACAGCTTGGTTTGATTAACTGGACAAAAGAGTGGTGACTA  
TCATGTAAGTGTACCGTTCATACTCAAGAAAAGGCAGTAACTGGTCAATCAGGAAGTGTTCATTTTGAT  
CAAAACAAAGCTAGAAAAACCAACTAATATGCAACAAAAGGATACTTCTAAAGCAATGACGAATTCAG  
TCGATGTAGACACAAAAGCTCAAACAAATCAATCAGCTAACCAAGAAATAGATTCTACTTCAAATCCTTT  
50 CAGATCAGCTACTAATCATCGATCAACTTCCTTAAAGCGATCTACTAAAAATGAGAACTTACACCAACT  
GCTAGTAATAGCCAAAAAACGGTAGCAACAAGACAAAAATGCTAGTGGACAAAGAGGAAGTAAACCTA



CTTCAAAAAGAGGATTCCCTTGGGTCTTATTAGGTCTAGTAGTCAGTTTAGCTGCAGGTTTATTTATAGC  
TATTCAAAAAGTATCTAGACGAAAATAA

Preferred GAS 277 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
5 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 5; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 5, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, or more). These GAS 277 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic  
variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 5. Preferred fragments of (b)  
10 comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 5. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids  
(e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino  
acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 5. For  
example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid sequence at the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 5  
is removed. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal  
15 peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

#### (4) GAS 236

GAS 236 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622264 and GI:15675106, M3  
GenBank accession number GI: 21910321, and to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746075,  
and is also referred to as 'Spy1126' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0785' (M3), and 'SpyM18\_1087' (M18). Amino  
20 acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 236 from an M1 strain are set forth below:

#### SEQ ID NO: 7

MTQMNYTGKVKRVAIIANGKYQSKRVASKLFSVFKDDPDFYLSKKNPDIVISIGGDGMLLSAFHMYEKEL  
DKVRFVGIHTGHLGFYTDYRDFEVDKLDNLNRKDKGEQISYPILKVAITLDDGRVVKARALNEATVKRIE  
KTMVADVIIHVKFESFRGDGIVSTPTGSTAYNKS LGGAVLHPTIEALQLTEISSLNNRVFRTLGSII  
25 I PKDKIELV PKRLGIYTI SIDNKTYQLKNVTKVEYFIDDEKIHVSSPSHTSFWERVKDAFIGEIDS

#### SEQ ID NO: 8

ATGACACAGATGAATTATACAGGTAAGGTAAAACGAGTTGCTATTATTGCAAATGGTAAGTACCAAAGTA  
AACGCGTCGCCTCCAACTTTTCTCCGTATTTAAAGATGATCCTGATTTCTATCTTTCAAAGAAAAATCC  
30 GGATATTGTGATTTCTATTGGCGGAGATGGGATGCTCTTATCTGCCTTTCACATGTATGAAAAAGAAATTA  
GATAAGGTACGTTTTGTAGGAATCCACACCGGTCATCTTGGCTTTTATACCGATTATAGGGATTTTGAAG  
TTGATAAATTAATTGATAATTTAAGAAAAGACAAGGGAGAACAATCTCTTATCCGATTTTAAAAGTTGC  
TATTACTTTAGATGATGGTCGTGTGGTTAAAGCGCGTGCTTTGAATGAAGCGACGGTTAAGCGTATTGAA  
AAAACGATGGTAGCAGATGTTATTATTAACCATGTCAAATTTGAAAGCTTCCGAGGTGATGGGATTTTCAAG  
35 TATCGACCCCGACAGGGAGCACAGCCTACAATAAATCTTTAGGTGGTGCTGTCTTGCATCCGACGATTGA  
AGCGCTGCAATTGACGGAAATTTCCAGTCTTAATAACCGTGTCTTTAGAACCTTGGGCTCATCAATCATT  
ATTCCTCAAAAAGATAAGATTGAGTTAGTGCCAAAACGATTAGGAATTTATACCATTTCCATTGATAATA  
AAACCTATCAGTTAAAAATGTGACGAAGGTGGAGTATTTTATCGACGATGAGAAAATTCATTTTGTTC  
40 CTCTCCGAGTCATACGAGCTTTTGGGAAAGGGTCAAGGATGCCTTTATTGGAGAGATTGACTCATGA

Preferred GAS 236 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 7; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 7, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These GAS 236 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic  
variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 7. Preferred fragments of (b)  
45 comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 7. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids



(e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 7. For example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid sequence at the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 7 is removed. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

**(5) GAS 040**

GAS 040 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13621545 and GI:15674449, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21909733, to M18 GenBank accession number GI:19745402, and is also referred to as 'Spy0269' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0197' (M3), 'SpyM18\_0256' (M18) and 'prgA'. GAS 040 has also been identified as a putative surface exclusion protein. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 040 from an M1 strain are set forth below:

**SEQ ID NO: 9**

MDLEQTKPNQVKQKIALTSTIALLSASVGVSHQVKADDRASGETKASNTHDDSLPKPETIQEAKATIDAV  
BKTLQQKAELELATALTKTTAEINHLKEQQDNEQKALTSAQEIYTNLTASSEETLLAQGAHQRELT  
TETELHNAQADQHSKETALSEQKASI SAETTRAQDLVEQVKTSEQNIAKLNAMISNPDAITKAAQTANDN  
TKALSSELEKAKADLENQKAKVKKQLTEELAAQKAALAEKEAELSRKSSAPSTQDSIVGNNTMKAPQGY  
PLBELKKLEASGYIGSASYNYYKEHADQIIAKASPGNQLNQYQDIPADRNR FVDPDNLTPEVQNBELAQF  
AAHMINSVRRQLGLPPVTVTAGSQEFARLLSTSYKKTHGNTRPSFVYQPGVSGHYGVGPHDKTIIEDSA  
GASGLIRNDDNMYENIGAFNDVHTVNGIKRGIYDSIKYMLFTDHLHGNTYGHAINFLRVDKHNPNAPVYL  
GFSTSNVGSLSNEHFVMPESNIAHQRFNKTPIKAVGSTKDYAQRVGTVDITAAIKGKVSSLENRLSAI  
HQEADIMAAQAKVSQLOGKLASTLKQSDSLNLQVRQLNDTKGSLRTELLAAKAKQAQLEATRDQSLAKLA  
SLKAALHQTEALAEQAAARVTALVAKKAHLQYLRDFKLNPNRLQVIRERIDNTKQDLAKTTSSLLNAQEA  
LAALQAKQSSLEATIATTEHQLTLLKTLANEKEYRHLDEDIATVPDLQVAPPLTGKPLSYSKI DTTPLV  
QEMVKETKQLLEASARLAAENTSLVAEALVGQTSSEMVASNAIVSKITSSITQPSSKTSYSGSGSSTTSNLI  
SDVDESTQRLKAGVVMLAAVGLTGFRFRKESK

**SEQ ID NO: 10**

ATGGACTTAGAACAAACGAAGCCAAACCAAGTTAAGCAGAAAATTGCTTTAACCTCAACAATTGCTTTAT  
TGAGTGCCAGTGTAGGCGTATCTCACCAAGTCAAAGCAGATGATAGAGCCTCAGGAGAAACGAAGGCGAG  
TAATACTCACGACGATAGTTTACCAAAACAGAAACAATTCAAGAGGCAAAGGCAACTATTGATGCAGTT  
GAAAAAATCTCAGTCAACAAAAGCAGAACTGACAGAGCTTGCTACCGCTCTGACAAAACTACTGCTG  
AAATCAACCACTTAAAAGAGCAGCAAGATAATGAACAAAAGCTTTAACCTCTGCACAAGAAATTTACAC  
TAATACTCTTGCAAGTAGTGAGGAGACGCTATTAGCCCAAGGAGCCGAACATCAAAGAGAGTTAACAGCT  
ACTGAAACAGAGCTTCATAATGCTCAAGCAGATCAACATTCAAAGAGAGCTGCATTGTCAGAACAAAAG  
CTAGCATTTCAGCAGAACTACTCGAGCTCAAGATTTAGTGGAACAAGTCAAACGCTCTGAACAAAATAT  
TGCTAAGCTCAATGCTATGATTAGCAATCCTGATGCTATCACTAAAGCAGCTCAAACGGCTAATGATAAT  
ACAAAAGCATTAAGCTCAGAATTGGAGAAGGCTAAAGCTGACTTAGAAAATCAAAAAGCTAAAGTTAAAA  
AGCAATTGACTGAAGAGTTGGCAGCTCAGAAAGCTGCTCTAGCAGAAAAAGAGGCAGAACTTAGTCGTCT  
TAAATCCTCAGCTCCGTCTACTCAAGATAGCATTGTGGGTAATAATACCATGAAAGCACCAGGCTAT  
CCTCTTGAAGAACTTAAAAAATTAGAAGCTAGTGGTTATATTGGATCAGCTAGTTACAATAATTATTACA  
AAGAGCATGCAGATCAAATTATTGCCAAAGCTAGTCCAGGTAATCAATTAAATCAATACCAAGATATTCC  
AGCAGATCGTAATCGCTTTGTTGATCCCGATAATTTGACACCAGAAGTGCAAAATGAGCTAGCGCAGTTT  
GCAGCTCACATGATTAATAGTGTAAGAAGACAATTAGGTCTACCACCAGTTACTGTTACAGCAGGATCAC  
AAGAATTTGCAAGATTACTTAGTACCAGCTATAAGAAAATCATGGTAATACAAGACCATCATTTGCTTA  
CGGACAGCCAGGGGTATCAGGGCATTATGGTGTGGGCCTCATGATAAACTATTATTGAAGACTCTGCC  
GGAGCGTCAGGGCTCATTGAAATGATGATAACATGTACGAGAATATCGGTGCTTTTAACGATGTGCATA  
CTGTGAATGGTATTAAACGTGGTATTTATGACAGTATCAAGTATATGCTCTTTACAGATCATTTACACGG  
AAATACATACGGCCATGCTATTAACCTTTTACGTGTAGATAAACATAACCCTAATGCGCCTGTTTACCTT  
GGATTTTCAACCAGCAATGTAGGATCTTTGAATGAACACTTTGTAATGTTTCCAGAGTCTAACATTGCTA  
ACCATCAACGCTTTAATAAGACCCCTATAAAAGCCGTTGGAAGTACAAAAGATTATGCCCAAAGAGTAGG  
CACTGTATCTGATACTATTGCAGCGATCAAAGGAAAAGTAAGCTCATTAGAAAATCGTTTGTGCGCTATT  
CATCAAGAAGCTGATATTATGGCAGCCCAAGCTAAAGTAAGTCAACTCAAGGTAAATTAGCAAGCACAC  
TTAAGCAGTCAGACAGCTTAAATCTCCAAGTGAGACAATTAAATGATACTAAAGGTTCTTTGAGAACAGA



ATTACTAGCAGCTAAAGCAAAACAAGCACAACCTCGAAGCTACTCGTGATCAATCATTAGCTAAGCTAGCA  
TCGTTGAAAGCCGCACTGCACCAGACAGAAGCCTTAGCAGAGCAAGCCGAGCCAGAGTGACAGCACTGG  
TGGCTAAAAAAGCTCATTTGCAATATCTAAGGGACTTTAAATTGAATCCTAACCGCCTTCAAGTGATACG  
TGAGCGCATTGATAATACTAAGCAAGATTTGGCTAAAACTACCTCATCTTTGTTAAATGCACAAGAAGCT  
5 TTAGCAGCCTTACAAGCTAAACAAAGCAGTCTAGAAGCTACTATTGCTACCACAGAACACCAGTTGACTT  
TGCTTAAACCTTAGCTAACGAAAAGGAATATCGCCACTTAGACGAAGATATAGCTACTGTGCCTGATT  
GCAAGTAGCTCCACCTCTTACGGGCGTAAAACCGCTATCATATAGTAAGATAGATACTACTCCGCTTGTT  
CAAGAAATGGTTAAAGAAACGAAACAACCTATTAGAAGCTTCAGCAAGATTAGCTGCTGAAAATACAAGTC  
TTGTAGCAGAAGCGCTTGTGGCCAAACCTCTGAAATGGTAGCAAGTAATGCCATTGTGTCTAAAATCAC  
10 ATCTTCGATTACTCAGCCCTCATCTAAGACATCTTATGGCTCAGGATCTTCTACAACGAGCAATCTCATT  
TCTGATGTTGATGAAAGTACTCAAAGAGCTCTTAAAGCAGGAGTCGTCATGTTGGCAGCTGTCGGCCTCA  
CAGGATTTAGGTTCCGTAAGGAATCTAAGTGA

Preferred GAS 040 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
15 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 9; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 9, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These GAS 040 proteins include variants  
(e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 9. Preferred  
20 fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 9. Other preferred fragments lack one or  
more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one  
or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ  
ID NO: 9. For example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid sequence at the N-terminus of  
SEQ ID NO: 9 is removed. As another example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid  
25 sequence at the C-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 9 is removed. Other fragments omit one or more domains  
of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane  
domain, or of an extracellular domain).

#### (6) GAS 389

GAS 389 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622996 and GI:15675772, to M3  
30 GenBank accession number GI: 21911237, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746884, and is  
also referred to as 'Spy1981' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1701' (M3), 'SpyM18\_2045' (M18) and 'relA'. GAS  
389 has also been identified as a (p)ppGpp synthetase. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of  
GAS 389 from an M1 strain are set forth below:

#### SEQ ID NO: 11

35 MRNEMAKIMNVTGEEVIALAATYMTKADVAFVAKALAYATAAHFYQVRKSGEPYIVHPIQVAGILADLHL  
DAVTVACGFLHDVVEDTDITLDEIEADFGHDARDIVDGVTKLGEVEYKSHEEQLAENHRKMLMAMSKDIR  
VILVKLADRLHNMRTLKHLRKDKQERISRETMEIYAPLAHRLGISRIKWELEDLAFRYLNETEFYKISHM  
MKEKRREREALVEAIVSKVKTYTTQQLFGDVYGRPKHIYSIYRMRDKKKRFDQIFDLIAIRCVMETQS  
DVYAMVGYIHELWRPMPGRFKDYIAAPKANGYQSIHTTVYGPKGPIEQIRTKDMHQVAEYGVAAHWAYK  
40 KGVRGKVNQAEQAVGMNWIKELEVELQDASNGDAVDFVDSVKEDIFSERIYVFTPTGAVQELPKESGPIDF  
AYAIHTQIGEKATGAKVNGRMVPLTAKLKTGDVVEIITNANSFGPSRDWVKLVKTNKARNKIRQFFKNQD  
KELSVNKGRLDLLVSFYQEQGYVANKYLDKKRIEAILPKVSVKSEESLYAAVGFGDISPISVFNKLTEKER  
REEERAKAKAEAEELVKGGEVKHENKDVVKVRSNGVVIQAGSLLMRIAKCCNPVPGDPIDGYITKGRG  
IAIHRSDCHNIKSQDGYQERLIEVEWDLNSSKDYQAEIDIYGLNRSGLLNDVLQILSNSTKSISTVNAQ  
45 PTKDMKFANIHVSFGIPNLTHLTTVVEKIKAVPDVYSVKRTNG

#### SEQ ID NO: 12

ATGAGGAACGAAATGGCAAAAATAATGAACGTAACAGGAGAAGAAGTCATTGCCTTAGCGGCCACCTATA



5 TGACCAAGGCTGATGTGGCTTTTGTGGCAAAGGCTTTAGCATATGCAACAGCGGCCCATTTCTACCAAGT  
 GAGAAAGTCAGGCGAACCCCTATATCGTCCATCCGATTCAGGTGGCGGGGATTCTGGCTGATTTGCATCTG  
 GATGCTGTGACAGTTGCTTGTGGCTTTTACATGATGTCTAGTAAGATACGGATATTACCTTAGATGAGA  
 TCGAAGCAGACTTTGGCCATGATGCTCGTGATATCGTTGATGGTGTACCAAGTTAGGTGAAGTTGAGTA  
 10 CAAATCTCATGAGGAGCAACTCGCCGAAAACCATCGCAAAATGCTGATGGCTATGTCCAAAGATATTCGC  
 GTGATTTTGGTGAAATTGGCTGACCGCCTGCATAATATGCGCACCCCTCAAACATTTGCGCAAGGACAAAC  
 AAGAGCGCATTTTCGCGCGAAACCATGGAAATCTATGCCCCCTTGGCGCATCGTTTGGGGATTAGTCGCAT  
 CAAATGGGAAC TAGAAGATTGGCTTTTCGTTACCTCAATGAAACCGAATTTTACAAAATTTCCCATATG  
 ATGAAAGAAAAACGTCGCGAGCGTGAAGCTTTGGTAGAGGCTATTGTGAGTAAGGTCAAAACCTATACGA  
 CACAACAAGGGTTGTTTGGAGATGTGTATGGCCGACCAAAACACATTTATTGATTTATCGGAAAATGCG  
 GGACAAAAAGAAACGATTGATCAGATTTTGTATCTGATTGCCATTCGTTGTGTATGGAAACGCAAAGC  
 GATGTCTATGCTATGGTTGGCTATATTCATGAGCTTTGGCGTCCCATGCCAGGCCGCTTCAAGGATTATA  
 TTGCAGCTCCTAAAGCTAATGGCTACCAGTCTATTCATACCACCGTGTATGGGCCAAAAGGACCTATTGA  
 GATTCAAATCAGAACTAAGGACATGCATCAAGTGGCTGAGTACGGGGTTGCTGCTCACTGGGCTTATAAA  
 15 AAAGGCGTGCCTGGTAAGGTCAATCAAGCTGAGCAAGCCGTTGGCATGAACTGGATCAAAGAGCTGGTAG  
 AATTGCAAGATGCCTCAAATGGCGATGCAGTGGACTTTGTGGATTGGTCAAAGAAGACATTTTCTGA  
 ACGGATTTATGTCTTTACACCGACAGGGGCCGTTTCAAGAGTTACCAAAAGAATCAGGTCCTATTGATTTT  
 GCTTATGCGATCCATACGCAAAATCGGTGAAAAAGCAACAGGTGCCAAAGTCAATGGACGTATGGTTCCTC  
 TCACTGCCAAGTTAAAAACAGGAGATGTGGTTGAAATCATACCAATGCCAATTCCTTTGGCCCTAGTCG  
 20 AGACTGGGTAAACTGGTCAAAACCAATAAGGCTCGCAACAAATTCGTGAGTTCTTTAAAAATCAAGAC  
 AAGGAATTGTCAGTGAATAAAGGCCGTGATTTGTTGGTGTCTTATTTTCAAGAGCAGGGCTACGTTGCCA  
 ATAAATACCTTGACAAAAACGCATTGAAGCCATCCTTCCAAAAGTCAGTGTGAAGAGCGAAGAATCACT  
 CTATGCAGCCGTTGGGTTTGGTGACATTAGTCTTATCAGTGTCTTTAACAAGTTAACCGAAAAAGAGCGC  
 CGTGAAGAAGAAAGGGCCAAGGCTAAAGCAGAAGCTGAAGAATTGGTTAAGGGCGGTGAGGTCAAACACG  
 25 AAAACAAAGATGTGCTCAAGGTTTCGAGTGAAAATGGAGTCATTATCCAAGGAGCATCAGGCCTCTTGAT  
 GCGGATTGCCAAGTGTGTAATCCTGTACCTGGTGATCCTATTGACGGCTACATTACCAAAGGGCGTGGC  
 ATTGCGATTACAGATCGGACTGTACATAACATTAAGAGTCAAGATGGCTACCAAGAACGCTTGATTGAGG  
 TCGAGTGGGATTTGGACAATTCGAGTAAAGATTATCAGGCTGAAATTGATATCTATGGGCTCAATCGTAG  
 TGGTCTGCTTAATGATGTGCTCCAAATTTTATCAAACCTCAACCAAGAGCATATCGACAGTCAATGCTCAG  
 30 CCGACCAAGGACATGAAGTTTGCTAATATTACGTTGAGCTTTGGCATTCCAAATCTGACGCATCTGACCA  
 CTGTTGTGCAAAAAATCAAGGCAGTTCCAGATGTTTATAGCGTGAAGCGGACCAATGGCTAA

Preferred GAS 389 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
 35 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 11; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
 consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 11, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These GAS 389 proteins include variants  
 (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 11. Preferred  
 fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 11. Other preferred fragments lack one or  
 40 more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one  
 or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ  
 ID NO: 11. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal  
 peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

#### (7) GAS 504

45 GAS 504 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622806 and GI:15675600, to M3  
 GenBank accession number GI: 21911061, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746708, and is  
 also referred to as 'Spy1751' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1525', 'SpyM18\_1823' (M18) and 'fabK'. GAS 504  
 has also been identified as a putative trans-2-enoyl-ACP reductase II. Amino acid and polynucleotide  
 sequences of GAS 504 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

50 SEQ ID NO: 13



MKTRITBLLNIDYPIFQGGMAWVADGDLGAVSNAGGLGIIGGGNAPKEVVKANIDRVKAITDRPFGVNI  
MLLSPPADDIVDLVIEGVKVVTTGAGNPGKYMERLHQAGII VVPVPSVALAKRMEKLGVDVIAEGME  
AGGHIGKLTMSLVRQVVEAVSIPVIAAGGIADGHGAAAAMFLGAEAVQIGTRFVVAKESSNAHQNFKDKI  
5 LAAKDIDTVISAQVVGHPVRSIKNKLTSAYAKAEKAFLIGQKTATDIEEMGAGSLRHAVIEGDIVVNGSVM  
AGQIAGLVRKEESCETILKDIYYGAARVIQNEAKRWQSVSIEK -

**SEQ ID NO: 14**

ATGAAAACACGTATTACAGAATTACTTAATATTGATTACCCCATTTTCAAGGAGGAATGGCTTGGGTTG  
CTGATGGTGAATTTAGCAGGTGCAGTTTCTAATGCTGGTGGTTTAGGCATTATAGGTGGTGGCAATGCTCC  
10 CAAAGAAGTCGTTAAAGCTAATATTGATCGTGTCAAAGCTATTACTGATAGACCTTTTGGGGTTAATATC  
ATGCTTTTATCTCCTTTTGCTGATGATATCGTTGATCTGGTCATTGAAGAAGGTGTTAAAGTAGTAACAA  
CAGGCGCAGGAAATCCAGGAAAGTATATGGAAGACTGCACCAGGCGGGTATAATCGTTGTTCTGTTGT  
CCCAAGCGTTGCGCTAGCCAAACGTATGGAAGCTTGGGGTAGATGCTGTTATTGCTGAGGGTATGGAA  
15 GCTGGAGGACATATTGGCAAGTTAAGCACTATGTCTTTAGTAAGACAAGTTGTTGAAGCGGTTTCGATTCT  
CTGTCATTGCGGCAGGTGGTATAGCTGATGGTGCATGGTGCAGCAGCAGCATTATGTTAGGAGCAGAGGC  
TGTTCAAATTGGAACCTCGCTTTGTTGTTGCTAAAGAATCCAATGCTCACCAAAATTTTAAAGATAAAATC  
TTAGCAGCAAAAGATATTGATACGGTGATTTCTGCGCAGGTTGTGGGCCACCCTGTCCGTTCTATTAAAA  
ATAAATTGACCTCAGCTTACGCTAAAGCAGAAAAAGCATTTTAAATTGGTCAAAAAACAGCTACTGATAT  
TGAAGAAATGGGAGCAGGATCGCTTCGACACGCTGTTATTGAAGGCGATGTAGTCAATGGATCTGTTATG  
20 GCTGGCCAAATTGCAGGGCTTGTGAGAAAAGAAGAAAGCTGTGAAACGATTTTAAAGATATTATTATG  
GTGCAGCTCGTGTTATTCAAATGAAGCTAAGCGCTGGCAATCTGTTTCAATAGAAAAGTAG

Preferred GAS 504 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
25 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 13; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 13, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These GAS 504 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic  
variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 13. Preferred fragments of (b)  
comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 13. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids  
30 (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino  
acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 13.  
Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a  
cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

**(8) GAS 509**

35 GAS 509 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622692 and GI:15675496, to M3  
GenBank accession number GI: 21910899, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746544, and is  
also referred to as 'Spy1618' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1363' (M3), 'SpyM18\_1627' (M18) and 'cysM'. GAS  
509 has also been identified as a putative O-acetylserine lyase. Amino acid and polynucleotide  
sequences of GAS 509 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

**SEQ ID NO: 15**

MTKIYKTITELVGQTPIIKLNRLIPNEADVYVKLEAFNPGSSVKDRIALSMIEAAEAEGLISPGDVIIIE  
PTSGNTGIGLAWVGAAGYRVII VMPETMSLERRQIIQAYGAELVLTPGAEGMKGAIAKAETLAIELGAW  
MPMQFNPNPANPSIHEKTTAQEILEAFKEISLDAFVSGVGTGGTSLGVSHVLKKNPETVIYAVEAEESAV  
45 LSGQEPGPHKIQGISAGFIPNTLDTKAYDQIIRVKS KDALETARLTGAKEGFLVGISSGAALYAAIEVAK  
QLGKGKHLVLTILPDNGERYLSTELYDVPVIKTK

**SEQ ID NO: 16**

ATGACTAAAATTTACAAAACATAACAGAATTAGTAGGTCAAACACCTATTATCAAACCTTAACCGTTTAA  
TTCCAAACGAAGCTGCTGACGTTTATGTAAAATTAGAAGCTTTTAAACCCAGGATCTTCTGTAAAGATCG  
50 TATTGCTTTATCGATGATTGAAGCTGCTGAAGCTGAAGGTCTGATAAGTCCTGGTGACGTTATTATCGAA



CCAACAAGTGGTAATACAGGTATTGGTCTTGTCATGGGTAGGTGCTGCTAAAGGGTATCGAGTCATTATTG  
 TTATGCCCCGAACTATGAGCTTGGAAGACGGCAAATCATTGAGGCTTATGGTGCAGAGCTTGTCTTAAC  
 ACCTGGAGCAGAAGGTATGAAAGGGGCTATTGCAAAAGCTGAACTTTAGCAATAGAACTAGGTGCTTGG  
 ATGCCATATGCAATTTAATAACCCCTGCCAATCCAAGCATCCATGAAAAACAACAGCTCAAGAAATTTTGG  
 5 AAGCTTTTAAGGAGATTTCTTTAGATGCATTCGTATCTGGTGTGGTACTGGAGGAACACTTTCTGGTGT  
 TTCACATGTCTTGAAAAAGCTAACCCTGAACTGTTATCTATGCTGTTGAAGCTGAAGAATCTGCTGTC  
 TTATCTGGTCAAGAGCCTGGACCACATAAAATTCAAGGTATATCAGCTGGATTATCCCAAACACGTTAG  
 ATACCAAAGCCTATGACCAAATTATCCGTGTTAAATCGAAAGATGCTTTAGAACTGCTCGACTAACAGG  
 AGCTAAGGAAGGCTTCCTGGTTGGGATTTCTTCTGGAGCTGCTCTTTACGCCGCTATTGAAGTCGCTAAA  
 10 CAGTTAGGAAAAGGCAAACATGTGTTAACTATTTTACCAGATAATGGCGAACGCTATTTATCGACTGAAC  
TCTATGATGTACCAGTAATTAAGACGAAATAA

Preferred GAS 509 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
 15 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 15; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
 consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 15, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, or more). These GAS 509 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic  
 variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 15. Preferred fragments of (b)  
 comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 15. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids  
 20 (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino  
 acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 15. For  
 example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid sequence at the C-terminus of SEQ ID NO:  
 15 is removed. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal  
 peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

## 25 (9) GAS 366

GAS 366 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622612, GI:15675424 and  
 GI:30315979, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21910712, to M18 GenBank accession number  
 GI: 19746474, and is also referred to as 'Spy1525' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1176' (M3), 'SpyM18\_1542'  
 (M18) and 'murD'. GAS 366 has also been identified as a UDP-N-acetylemuramoylalanine-D-  
 30 glutamate ligase or a D-glutamic acid adding enzyme. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of  
 GAS 366 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

### SEQ ID NO: 17

MKVISNPFQNKKI LILGLAKSGEAAKLLTKLGALVTVNDSPFDQNPAAQALLEEGIKVICGSHPVVELLD  
 ENFEYMVKNPGI PYDNPVVKRALAKEI PILTEVELAYFVSEAPI IGITGSNGKTTTTMIADVLNAGGQS  
 35 ALLSGNIGYPASKVVQKAIAGDTLVMELSSSFQLVGVNAFRPHIAVITNLMPTHLDYHGSFEDYVAAKWKMI  
 QAQMTESDY LILNANQEISATLAKTTKATVI PFSTQKVVDGAYLKDGI LYFKEQAI IAATDLGVPGSHNI  
 ENALATI AVAKLSGIADDIIAQCLSHFGGVKHLRQVRGQIKDITFYNSKSTNIIATQKALSGFDNSRLI  
 LIAGGLDRGNEFPDDLVPDLLGLKQMI ILGESAERMKRAANKAEVSYLEARNVAEATELAFKLAQTGDTIL  
 LSPANASWDMYPNFEVRGDEFLATFDCLRGDA

### 40 SEQ ID NO: 18

ATGAAAGTGATAAGTAATTTTCAAAACAAAAAATATTAATATTGGGGTTAGCCAAATCGGGCGAAGCAG  
 CAGCAAAATTATTGACCAAACCTTGGTGCTTTAGTGACTGTTAATGATAGTAAACCATTTGACCAAAATCC  
 AGCGGCACAAGCCTTGTGGAAGAGGGGATTAAGGTCATTTGTGGTAGCCACCCAGTAGAATTATTAGAT  
 GAGAACTTTGAGTACATGGTTAAAAACCCCTGGGATTCCTTATGATAATCCTATGGTTAAACGCGCCCTTG  
 45 CAAAGGAAATTCCCATCTTGACTGAAGTAGAATTGGCTTATTTCTGATCTGAAGCGCCTATTATCGGGAT  
 TACAGGATCAAACGGGAAGACAACCACAACGACAATGATTGCCGATGTTTTGAATGCTGGCGGGCAATCT  
 GCACTCTTATCTGGAAACATTGGTTATCCTGCTTCAAAAGTTGTTCAAAAAGCAATTGCTGGTGATACTT  
 TGGTGATGGAATTGTCCTCTTTTCAATTAGTGGGAGTGAATGCTTTTCGCCCTCATATTGCTGTCATCAC



TAATTTAATGCCGACTCACCTGGACTATCATGGCAGTTTTGAGGATTATGTTGCTGCTAAATGGATGATT  
 CAAGCTCAGATGACAGAATCAGACTACCTTATTTTAAATGCTAATCAAGAGATTTTCAGCAACTCTAGCTA  
 AGACCACCAAAGCAACAGTGATTTCCTTTTTCAACTCAAAAAGTGGTTGATGGAGCTTATCTGAAGGATGG  
 AATACTCTATTTTAAAGAACAGGCGATTATAGCTGCAACTGACTTAGGTGTCCCAGGTAGCCACAACATT  
 5 GAAAATGCCCTAGCAACTATTGCAGTTGCCAAGTTATCTGGTATTGCTGATGATATTATTGCCCAGTGCC  
 TTTCACATTTTGGAGGCGTTAAACATCGTTTGCAACGGGTGGTCAAATCAAAGATATTACCTTCTACAA  
 TGACAGTAAGTCAACCAATATTTTAGCCACTCAAAAAGCTTTATCAGGTTTGTGATAACAGTCGCTTGATT  
 TTGATTGCTGGCGGTCTAGATCGTGGCAATGAATTTGACGATTGGTGCCAGACCTTTTAGGACTTAAGC  
 AGATGATTATTTTGGGAGAATCCGCAGAGCGTATGAAGCGAGCTGCTAACAAGCAGAGGTCTCTTATCT  
 10 TGAAGCTAGAAATGTGGCAGAAGCAACAGAGCTTGCTTTTAAGCTGGCCCAAACAGGCGATACTATCTTG  
 CTTAGCCAGCCAATGCTAGCTGGGATATGTATCCTAATTTTGAGGTTTCGTGGGGATGAATTTTGGCAA  
 CCTTTGATTGTTTAAGAGGAGATGCCTAA

Preferred GAS 366 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
 15 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 17; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
 consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 17, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These GAS 366 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic  
 variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 17. Preferred fragments of (b)  
 20 comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 17. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids  
 (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino  
 acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 17. For  
 example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid sequence at the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:  
 17 is removed. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal  
 25 peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

#### (10) GAS 159

GAS 159 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622244 and GI:15675088, to M3  
 GenBank accession number GI: 21910303, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746056, and is  
 also referred to as 'Spy1105' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0767' (M3), 'SpyM18\_1067' (M18) and 'potD'. GAS  
 30 159 has also been identified as a putative spermidine/putrescine ABC transporter (a periplasmic  
 transport protein). Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 159 of an M1 strain are set  
 forth below:

#### SEQ ID NO: 19

MRKLYSFLAGVLGVIVILTSLSFILQKKSGSGSQSDKLVIYNWGDYIDPALLKKFTKETGIEVQYETFD  
 35 NEAMYTKIKQGGTTYDIAVPSDYIDKMIKENLLNKLKSLVGMNIGKEFLGKSFDPQNDYSLPYFWG  
 TVGIVYNDQLVDKAPMHWEDLWRPEYKNSIMLIDGAREMLGVGLTTFGYSVNSKNLEQLQAAERKLQQLT  
 PNVKAI VADEBMKGYMIQGDAAIGITFSGEASEMLDSNEHLHYIVPSEGSNLWFDNLVLPKTMKHEKEAYA  
 FLNFINRPENAAQNAAYIGYATPNKKAKALLPDEIKNDPAFYPTDDIIKKLEVYDNLGSRWLGIYNDLYL  
 40 QFKMYRK

#### SEQ ID NO: 20

ATGCGTAAACTTTATTCCTTTCTAGCAGGAGTTTTGGGTGTTATTGTTATTTTAAACAAGTCTTTCTTTCA  
TCTTGCAAAAAAATCGGGTTCTGGTAGTCAATCGGATAAATTAGTTATTTATAACTGGGGAGATTACAT  
 45 TGATCCAGCTTTGCTCAAAAAATTCACCAAGAAACGGGCATTGAAGTGCAGTATGAACTTTTCGATTCC  
AATGAAGCCATGTACACTAAATCAAGCAGGGCGGAACCACTTACGACATTGCTGTTCTAGTGATTACA  
CCATTGATAAAATGATCAAAGAAAACCTACTCAATAAGCTTGATAAGTCAAATTAGTTGGCATGGATAA  
TATCGGGAAAGAATTTTATAGGGAAAAGCTTTGACCCACAAAACGACTATTCTTTGCCTTATTTCTGGGGA  
ACCGTTGGGATTGTTTATAATGATCAATTAGTTGATAAGGCGCCTATGCACTGGGAAGATCTGTGGCGTC  
CAGAATATAAAAATAGTATTATGCTGATTGATGGAGCGCGTGAAATGCTAGGGGTTGGTTTAAACAATTT



TGGTTATAGTGTGAATTCTAAAAATCTAGAGCAGTTGCAGGCAGCCGAGAGAAAAGTGCAGCAGTTGACG  
CCGAATGTTAAAGCCATTGTAGCAGATGAGATGAAAGGCTACATGATTCAAGGTGACGCTGCTATTGGAA  
TTACCTTTTCTGGTGAAGCCAGTGAGATGTTAGATAGTAACGAACACCTTCACTACATCGTGCCTTCAGA  
AGGGTCTAACCTTTGGTTTGATAATTTGGTACTACCAAAAACCATGAAACACGAAAAAGAAGCTTATGCT  
5 TTTTGAACCTTTATCAATCGTCTGAAAATGCTGCGCAAATGCTGCATATATTGGTTATGCGACACCAA  
ATAAAAAAGCCAAGGCCTTACTTCCAGATGAGATAAAAAATGATCCTGCTTTTTATCCAACAGATGACAT  
TATCAAAAAATTGGAAGTTTATGACAATTTAGGGTCAAGATGGTTGGGGATTTATAATGATTTATACCTC  
CAATTTAAAATGTATCGCAAATAA

- 10 Preferred GAS 159 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 19; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 19, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These GAS 159 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 19. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 19. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 19. For example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid sequence at the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 19 is removed. In another example, the underlined amino acid sequence at the C-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 19 is removed. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

#### (11) GAS 217

- GAS 217 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622089 and GI:15674945, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21910174, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19745987, and is also referred to as 'Spy0925' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0638' (M3), and 'SpyM18\_0982' (M18). GAS 217 has also been identified as a putative oxidoreductase. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 217 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

#### SEQ ID NO: 21

- 30 MAQRIVITGASGGLAQAIKQLPKEDSLILLGRNKERLEHCYQHIDNKECLELDITNPVAIEKMQVAQIY  
QRYGRIDVLINNAGYGAFKGFEEFSAQBIADMFQVNTLASIHFAFLIGQKMAEQGQGHILINIVSMAGLIA  
SAKSSIYSATKFALIGFSNALRLELADKGVYVTTVNP GPIATKFFDQADPSGHYLESVGKFTLQPNQVAK  
RLVSIIGKNKRELNLPFLAVTHQFYTLFPKLSDY LARKVFNYK

#### SEQ ID NO: 22

- ATGGCACAAGAATCATTGTTATCACGGGAGCTTCTGGAGGACTGGCTCAGGCAATTGTTAAGCAGTTAC  
CCAAGGAAGACAGCTTGATTTTATTAGGACGTAACAAAGAACGCCTAGAACACTGTTATCAGCATATTGA  
CAACAAAGAATGCCTCGAGTTGGATATTACCAATCCAGTAGCCATTGAGAAAATGGTCGCCCAGATTTAC  
40 CAGCGCTATGGCCGTATTGATGTCTTGATTAATAATGCTGGCTACGGAGCTTTCAAAGGCTTTGAAGAGT  
TTTCTGCCCCAAGAAATAGCTGATATGTTTCAGGTTAACACCCTAGCGAGCATTCACTTTGCTTGCTTGAT  
TGGTCAGAAAATGGCAGAGCAGGGCAAGGTCACCTTATTAATATTGTGTCCATGGCAGGCTTGATTGCG  
TCAGCCAAATCGAGCATTATTTCAGCCACCAAGTTTGCCCTTATCGGATTTTCCAATGCCCTTCGCTTAG  
AATTAGCGGATAAAGGGGTTTACGTGACCACCGTGAATCCAGGTCCCATTGCCACCAAGTTTTTTGACCA  
45 AGCTGACCCGTCTGGACATTATTGGAAGCGTTGGTAAATTTACTCTCCAACCAATCAAGTGGCTAAG  
CGTTTGGTTTCTATTATCGGGAAAAATAACGAGAATTGAATTTGCCCTTTAGTTTAGCGGTGACCCATC  
AATTTTACACCCTTTTCCCTAAATTATCTGATTATCTTGCAAGAAAGGTATTTAATTATAAATGA



Preferred GAS 217 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 21; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 21, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, or more). These GAS 217 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 21. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 21. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 21. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

### (12) GAS 309

GAS 309 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13621426 and GI:15674341, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21909633, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19745363, and is also referred to as 'Spy0124' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0097' (M3), 'SpyM18\_0205' (M18), 'nra' and 'rofA'. GAS 309 has also been identified as a regulatory protein and a negative transcriptional regulator. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 309 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

#### SEQ ID NO: 23

MIKYLESSIESKCQLIVLFFKTSYLPITEVAEKTGLTFLQLNHYCEELNAFFPGSLSMITQKRMISCQF  
THPFKETYLYQLYASSNVLQLLAFLIKNGSHSRPLTDFARSHFLSNSSAYRMREALIPLLRNFELKLSKN  
KIVGEEYRIRYLIALLYSKFGIKVYDLTQQDKNTIHSFLSHSSTHLKTSPLWSEFSFYDILLALSWKRH  
QFSVTIPQTRIFQQLKLFVYDSLKKSSHDIIETCYQLNFSAGDLDYLYLIYITANNSFASLQWTPHIR  
QYCQLFEENDTFRLLLNPIITLLPNLKEQKASLVKALMFFSKSFLFNLQHFIPETNLFVSPYYKGNQKLY  
TSLKLIVEEWMAKLPGRDLNKHKHFHLFCHYVEQSLRNIQPLVVVFVASFNAHLLTDSFPRYFSDKS  
IDFHSYYLLQDNVYQIPDLKPDLVITHSQLIPFVHHELTGKIABAEISFDESILSIQELMYQVKEEFQA  
DLTKQLT

#### SEQ ID NO: 24

TTGATAGAAAAATACTTGAATCATCAATCGAATCAAAATGTCAGTTAATTGTCCTTGTTTTTTAAGACAT  
CTTATTTGCCAATAACTGAGGTAGCAGAAAAACTGGCTTAACCTTTTACAACATAACCATTATTGTGA  
GGAAGTGAATGCCTTTTTCCCTGGTAGTCTGTCTATGACCATCCAAAAAGGATGATATCTTGCCAATTT  
ACACATCCTTTTAAAGAACTTATCTTTACCAACTCTATGCATCATCTAATGTCCTTACAATTACTAGCCT  
TTTTAATAAAAAATGGTTCCCACTCTCGTCCCTTACGGATTTTGCAAGAAGTCATTTTTTATCAAACCTC  
CTCAGCTTATCGGATGCGCGAAGCATTGATTCCTTTATTAAGAACTTTGAATTAAACTCTCTAAGAAC  
AAGATTGTCGGTGAGGAATATCGCATCCGTTACCTCATCGCTCTGCTATATAGTAAGTTTGGCATTAAAG  
TTTATGACTTGACGCAGCAAGACAAAAACTATTTCATAGCTTTTTATCCCATAGTTCCACCCACCTTAA  
AACCTCTCCTTGGTTATCGGAATCGTTTTCTTTCTATGACATTTTATTAGCTTTATCGTGGAAGCGGCAT  
CAATTTTCGGTAACTATTCCCAAACCAGAATTTTCAACAATTAAAAAACTTTTTGTCTACGATTCTT  
TGAAAAAAGTAGCCATGATATTATCGAACTTACTGCCAACTAACTTTTTCAGCAGGAGATTTGGACTA  
CCTCTATTTAATTTATATCACCGCTAATAATTCTTTTTCGAGCTTACAATGGACACCTGAGCATATCAGA  
CAATATTGTCAACTTTTTGAAGAAAATGATACTTTTCGCCTGCTTTTAAATCCTATCATCACTCTTTTAC  
CTAACCTAAAAGAGCAAAAGGCTAGTTTAGTAAAGCTCTTATGTTTTTTTCAAAATCATTCTTGTTTAA  
TCTGCAACATTTTATTCCTGAGACCAACTTATTCGTTTTCTCCGTAATAAAGGAAACCAAAACTCTAT  
ACGTCCTTAAAGTTAATTGTCGAAGAGTGGATGGCCAACTTCCTGGTAAGCGTGAAGTGAACCATAGC  
ATTTTCATCTTTTTTGCCACTATGTCGAGCAAGTCTAAGAAATATCCAACCTCCTTTAGTTGTTGTTTT  
CGTAGCCAGTAATTTTATCAATGCTCATCTCCTAACGGATTCTTTTCCAAGGTATTTCTCGGATAAAAGC  
ATTGATTTTTCATTCTTATTATCTATTGCAAGATAATGTTTATCAAATTCCTGATTTAAAGCCAGATTTGG  
TCATCACTCACAGTCAACTGATTCCTTTTGTTCACCATGAACCTACAAAAGGAATTGCTGTTGCTGAAAT  
ATCTTTTGATGAATCGATTCTGTCTATCCAAGAATTGATGTATCAAGTTAAAGAGGAAAAATTTCAAGCT  
GATTTAACCAAGCAATTAACATAA



Preferred GAS 309 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 23; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 23, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, or more). These GAS 309 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 23. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 23. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 23. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

### (13) GAS 372

GAS 372 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622698 and GI:15675501, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21910905, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746500 and is also referred to as 'Spy1625' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1369' (M3), and 'SpyM18\_1634' (M18). GAS 372 has also been identified as a putative protein kinase or a putative eukaryotic-type serine/threonine kinase. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 372 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

#### SEQ ID NO: 25

MIQIGKLFAGRYRILKSIGRGMADVYLANDLILDNEDVAIKVLRNTNYQTDQVAVARFQREARAMAELNH  
PNIVAIRDIGBEDGQQPLVMEYVDGADLKRYIQNHAPLSNNEVVRIMEEVL SAMTLAHQKGI VHRDLKPQ  
NILLTKEGVVKVTD FGI AVAFAETSLTQTNSMLG SVHYLSPEQARGSKATI QSDIYAMGIMLFEMLTGHI  
PYDGDSA VTIALQH FQKPLPSIIEENHNVPQALENVVIRATAKKLS DRYGSTFEMSRDLMTALSYNRSRE  
RKIIFENVESTKPLPKVASGPTASVKLSPPTPTVLTQESRLDQTNQTDALQPPTKKKKSGRFLGTLFKIL  
FSFFIVGVALFTYLILTKPTS VKVPNVAGTSLKVAKQELYDVGLKVGKIRQIESDTVAEGNVVVRTDPKAG  
TAKRQGSSITLYVSIGNKGFDMENYKGLDYQ EAMNSLIETYGVPKSKIKIERIVTNEY PENTVISQSPSA  
GDKFNPNKGSKITLSVAVSDTITMPMVTEYSYADAVNTLTALGIDASRIKAYVPSSSSATGFVPIHSPSS  
KAIVSGQSPYYGTSLSLSDKGEISLYLYPEETHSSSSSSSSSTSSSNSSSINDSTAPGSNTELSPSETTSQ  
TP

#### SEQ ID NO: 26

ATGATT CAGATTGGCAAATTATTTGCTGGTCGTTATCGCATTCTGAAATCTATTGGCCGCGGTGGTATGG  
CGGATGTTTATTTAGCAAATGACTTGATCTTGATAATGAAGACGTTGCAATCAAGGTCTTGCGTACCAA  
TTATCAAACAGATCAGGTAGCAGTTGCGCGTTTCCAACGAGAAGCGCGGGCCATGGCTGAATTGAACCAT  
CCCAATATTGTTGCCATCCGGGATATAGGTGAAGAAGACGGACAGCAATTTT TAGTAATGGAATATGTGG  
ATGGTGCTGACCTAAAGAGATACATTCAAATCATGCTCCATTATCTAATAATGAAGTGGTTAGAATTAT  
GGAAGAAGTCCTTTCTGCTATGACTTTAGCCACCAAAGGAATTGTACACAGAGATTTAAACCTCAA  
AATATCCTACTAACTAAGGAGGGTGTGTCAAAGTAAGTATTCGGCATCGCAGTAGCCTTTGCAGAAA  
CAAGCTTGACACAACTAATTCGATGTTAGGCAGTGTTCACTTGTCTCCAGAACAGGCTCGCGGCTC  
CAAAGCGACGATTCAAAGTGATATTTATGCGATGGGGATTATGCTCTTTGAGATGTTGACAGGCCATATC  
CCTTATGACGGCGATAGTGCTGTTACGATTGCCTTGCAACATTTTCAAAGCCTCTTCCATCTATTATCG  
AGGAGAACCACAATGTGCCACAAGCTTTGGAGAATGTTGTTATTCGAGCAACAGCCAAGAAATTAAGTGA  
TCGTTACGGGTCAACCTTTGAAATGAGTCGTGACTTAATGACGGCGCTTAGTTATAATCGTAGTCGGGAG  
CGTAAGATTATCTTTGAGAATGTTGAAAGTACCAAACCCCTCCCAAAGTGGCCTCAGGTCCACCGCTT  
CTGTAAAATTGTCTCCCCCTACCCCAACAGTGTTAACACAGGAAAGTCGATTAGATCAAACATAACAAAC  
AGATGCTTTACAGCCCCCACCACAAAAGAAAAAAGTGGTCGTTTTTTAGGTACTTTATTCAAAATTCTT  
TTTTCTTTCTTTATTGTAGGTGTAGCACTCTTTACTTATCTTATACTAACTAAACCAACTTCTGTGAAAG  
TTCCTAATGTAGCAGGCACTAGTCTTAAAGTTGCCAAACAAGAACTGTATGATGTTGGGCTAAAAGTGGG  
TAAAATCAGGCAAATTGAGAGTGATACGGTTGCTGAGGGAAATGTAGTTAGAACAGATCCTAAAGCAGGA  
ACAGCTAAGAGGCAAGGCTCAAGCATTACGCTTTATGTGTCAATTGGAAACAAAGTTTTGACATGGAAA



ACTACAAAGGACTAGATTATCAAGAAGCTATGAATAGTTTGATAGAACTTATGGTGTTCACAAATCAAA  
AATCAAAATTGAGCGCATTGTAACATAATGAATATCCTGAAAATACAGTCATCAGTCAATCGCCAAGTGCG  
GGTGATAAATTTAATCCAAACGGAAAGTCTAAAATTACGCTCAGTGTGCTGTTAGTGATACGATCACTA  
TGCCTATGGTAACAGAATATAGTTATGCAGATGCAGTCAATACCTTAACAGCTTTAGGTATAGATGCATC  
5 TAGAATAAAAGCTTATGTGCCAAGCTCTAGCTCAGCAACGGGCTTTGTGCCAATTCATTCTCCTAGTTCT  
AAAGCTATTGTCAGTGGTCAATCTCCTTACTATGGAACGCTTTGAGTCTGTCTGATAAAGGAGAGATTA  
GTCTTTACCTTTATCCAGAAGAAACACACTCTTCTAGTAGCTCATCGAGTTCAACGTCAAGTTCAAACAG  
TTCTTCAATAAATGATAGTACTGCACCAGGTAGCAACACTGAATTAAGCCCATCAGAACTACTTCTCAA  
ACACCTTAA

10

Preferred GAS 372 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 25; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 25, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These GAS 372 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 25. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 25. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 25. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

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#### (14) GAS 039

GAS 039 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13621542 and GI:15674446, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21909730, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19745398 and is also referred to as 'Spy0266' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0194' (M3), and 'SpyM18\_0250' (M18). Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 039 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

25

#### SEQ ID NO: 27

MDLILFLLVLVLLGLGAYLLFKVNLQHQLAQTLEGNADNLSQMTYQLDTANKQQLLELTQLMNRQQAG  
LYQQLTDIRDVLHRSLSDSRDRSDKRLEKINQQVNQSLKNMQESNEKRLEKMRQIVEEKLEETLKNRLHA  
30 SFDSVSKQLESVNKGLGEMRSVAQDVGTNLKVLSTKTRGILGELQLGQI IEDIMTSSQYEREFVTVSGS  
SERVEYAIKLPNGQGQGYIYLPIDSKFPLEDYRLEDAYEVGDKLAI EASRKALLAAIKRFAKDIHKKYL  
NPPETTNGFVGMFLPTEGLYSEVVRNASFFDSLREENIVVAGPSTLSALLNSLSVGFKTLNIQKNADDIS  
KILGNVKLEFDKFGGLLAKAQKQMNNTANNTLDQLISTRNIAIVRALNTVETYQDQATKSLNMPLLBEEN  
35 NEN

#### SEQ ID NO: 28

ATGGACCTTATCTTGTTCCTTTTGGTCTTGGTCTCTTAGGTTTAGGGGCTTATCTGTTGTTCAAAGTCA  
ACGGCCTTCAACATCAGCTTGCCCAAACCTAGAAAGGCAACGCGGATAATTTGTCTGACCAAATGACCTA  
40 CCAGTTGGATACAGCTAACAAACAACAATTGTTAGAGCTAACACAGCTGATGAACCGACAACAAGCAGGC  
CTTTACCAACAATTAACAGATATTCGTGACGTCTTGACCGTAGTTTGTCTGATAGTAGGGACCGGTCTG  
ACAAACGCTTAGAAAAAATTAACAGCAGGTCAACCAATCGCTCAAAAATATGCAAGAATCTAACGAAAA  
ACGTTTGGAGAAAATGCGCCAGATCGTTGAAGAAAAATTGGAAGAAACCTTAAAAAATCGTCTGCACGCC  
TCTTTGATTCTGTATCCAAGCAACTAGAAAGTGTCAATAAAGGCTTGGGAGAAATGCGTAGCGTGGCTC  
45 AAGATGTGGGTACTTTAAATAAGGTTTTGTCCAATACCAAAACACGAGGCATTTTAGGCGAACTTCAACT  
AGGCCAAATCATTGAGGATATCATGACATCAAGCCAGTACGAAAGAGAATTTGTAACGGTTAGTGGTTCT  
AGTGAACGCGTAGAATATGCGATTAAGCTCCAGGAAATGGTCAAGGCGTTATATTTACCTACCGATTG  
ACTCAAAATTCCTCTTGAAGATTATTACCGATTAGAAGATGCTTACGAAGTTGGTGATAAACTGGCCAT  
CGAGGCTAGCCGAAAGCACTTCTGGCAGCTATCAAACGCTTTGCCAAAGACATTCATAAAAAGTACTTG  
50 AACCCCCAGAGACGACCAATTTTCGGAGTTATGTTCTTACCAACAGAAGGTCTTTATTGAGAAGTGGTCA  
GAAATGCGTCTTTCTTTGATAGCCTTCGTCGGGAAGAAATATTGTGGTTGCAGGCCCTTCGACCCTGTC



TGCTTTGCTGAATTCCTTATCTGTTGGTTTCAAGACCCTTAATATCCAAAAAATGCTGATGACATCAGT  
 AAAATTTTAGGCAATGTCAAGTTAGAATTCGATAAATTTGGCGGCCTGCTTGCCAAGGCTCAAAAACAAA  
 TGAATACAGCTAATAATACGCTGGATCAGCTCATTTCACAAGGACAAATGCCATTGTTTCGAGCCTTGAA  
 TACCGTTGAACTTATCAAGACCAAGCAACAAAATCTCTCTTGAACATGCCCTTATTAGAAGAGGAAAAT  
 AATGAAAATTAA

Preferred GAS 039 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 27; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
 consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 27, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, or more). These GAS 039 proteins include variants (e.g.  
 allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 27. Preferred fragments  
 of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 27. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino  
 acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more  
 amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID  
 NO: 27. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide,  
 of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

#### (15) GAS 042

GAS 042 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13621559 and GI:15674461, to M3  
 GenBank accession number GI: 21909745, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19745415, and is  
 also referred to as 'Spy0287' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0209' (M3), and 'SpyM18\_0275' (M18). Amino acid  
 and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 042 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

#### SEQ ID NO: 29

MTKEKLVAFSQAHAEPAWLQERRLAALAEIIPNLELPTIERVKFHRWNLGDGTLTENESLASVPDFIAIGD  
 NPKLVQVGTQTVLEQLPMALIDKGVVFSDFYTALEEIPEVIEAHFGQALAFDEDKLAAYHTAYFNAAVL  
 YVPDHLEITTPIEAIFLQSDSDVPFNKHVLVIAGKESKFTYLERFESIGNATQKISANISVEVIAQAGS  
 QIKFSAIDRLGPSVTYISRRGRLEKDANIDWALAVMNEGNVIAFDSDLIQGSQADLKVVAASSGRQV  
 QGIDTRVTNYGQRTVGHILQHGVILERGTLTFNGIGHILKDAKGADAQQESRVLMLSDQARADANPILLI  
 DENEVTAGHAASIGQVDPEDMYLMSRGLDQETAERLVIRGFLGAVIAEIPISVRQEI IKVLDEKLLNR

#### SEQ ID NO: 30

ATGACAAAAGAAAACTAGTGGCTTTTTCGCAAGCCCACGCTGAGCCTGCTTGGCTGCAAGAACGGCGTT  
 TAGCGGCATTAGAAGCCATTCCAAATTTGGAATTACCAACCATCGAAAGGGTTAAATTTACCGTTGGAA  
 TCTAGGAGATGGTACCTTAACAGAAAATGAAAGTCTAGCTAGTGTTCCAGATTTTATAGCTATTGGAGAT  
 AACCCAAAGCTTGTTTCAGGTAGGCACGCAACAGTCTTAGAACAGTTACCAATGGCGTTAATTGACAAGG  
 GAGTTGTTTTCAGTGATTTTATACGGCGCTTGAGGAAATCCCAGAAGTAATTGAAGCTCATTTTGGTCA  
 GGCATTAGCTTTTGATGAAGACAACTAGCTGCCTACCACACTGCTTATTTTAATAGCGCAGCCGTGCTC  
 TACGTTCCCTGATCACTTGGAATCACAACCTCTATTGAAGCTATTTTCTTACAAGATAGTGACAGTGACG  
 TTCCTTTTAACAAGCATGTTCTAGTGATTGCAGGAAAAGAAAGTAAGTTCACCTATTAGAGCGTTTGA  
 ATCTATTGGCAATGCCACTCAAAGATCAGCGCTAATATCAGTGTAGAAGTGATTGCTCAAGCAGGCAGC  
 CAGATTAAATTCTCGGCTATCGACCGCTTAGGTCTTCAGTGACAACCTATATTAGCCGTCGAGGACGTT  
 TAGAGAAGGATGCCAACATTGATTGGGCCTTAGCTGTGATGAATGAAGGCAATGTCATTGCTGATTTTGA  
 CAGTGATTTGATTGGTCAGGGCTCACAAGCTGATTTGAAAGTTGTTGCAGCCTCAAGTGGTCGTCAGGTA  
 CAAGGTATTGACACGCGGTGACCAACTATGGTCAACGTACGGTCGGTCATATTTACAGCATGGTGTGA  
 TTTTGGAACGTGGCACCTTAACGTTTAACGGGATTGGTCATATTTCTAAAAGACGCTAAGGGAGCTGATGC  
 TCAACAAGAAAGCCGTGTTTGTATGCTTTCTGACCAAGCAAGAGCCGATGCCAATCCAATCCTCTTAATT  
 GATGAAAATGAAGTAACAGCAGGTCTATCGGTCAGGTTGACCCTGAAGATATGTATTACT  
 TGATGAGTCGAGGACTGGATCAAGAAACAGCAGAACGATTGGTTATTAGAGGATTCTTAGGAGCGGTTAT  
 CGCTGAAATTCCTATTCCATCAGTCCGCCAAGAGATTATTAAGGTTTATAGATGAGAAATTGCTTAATCGT  
 TAA



Preferred GAS 042 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 29; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 29, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, or more). These GAS 042 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 29. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 29. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 29. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

#### (16) GAS 058

GAS 058 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13621663 and GI:15674556, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21909841, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19745567 and is also referred to as 'Spy0430' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0305' (M3), and 'SpyM18\_0477' (M18). Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 058 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

#### SEQ ID NO: 31

MKWSGFMKTKSKRFLNLTCLALLGTTLLMAHPVQAEVISKRDYMTFRFGLGDLEDDSANYPNLEARYK  
 GYLEGYBKGLKGDDI PERPKIQVPEDVQPSDHGDYRDGYEEGFGEQHKRDPLETEABDDSQGGRQEGRQ  
 GHQEGADSSDLNVEESDGLSVIDEVVGVIYQAFSTIWTYLSGLF

#### SEQ ID NO: 32

ATGAAATGGAGTGGTTTTATGAAAACAAAATCAAAACGCTTTTAAACCTAGCAACCCTTTGCTTGGCCC  
TACTAGGAACAACCTTTGCTAATGGCACATCCCGTACAGGCGGAGGTGATATCAAAAAGAGACTATATGAC  
 TCGCTTCGGGTTAGGCGATTTAGAAGATGATTGAGCTAATCTTCAAATTTAGAAGCTAGATATAAA  
 GGATATTTAGAGGGATATGAAAAAGGCTTAAAGGAGATGATATACCCGAACGGCCCAAGATTCAGGTTT  
 CTGAGGATGTTTCAAGCATCTGACCATGGCGACTATAGAGATGGTTATGAGGAAGGATTGAGGAAGGACA  
 ACATAAACGTGATCCATTAGAAACAGAGCAGAGATGATTCTCAAGGAGGACGTCAAGAAGGACGTCAA  
 GGACATCAAGAAGGAGCAGATTCTAGTGATTTGAACGTTGAAGAAAGCGACGGTTTGTCTGTTATTGATG  
 AAGTAGTTGGAGTAATTTATCAAGCATTTAGTACTATTTGGACATACTTAAGCGGTTTGTCTCTAA

Preferred GAS 058 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 31; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 31, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, or more). These GAS 058 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 31. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 31. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 31. For example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid sequence at the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 31 is removed. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).



**(17) GAS 290**

GAS 290 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622978 and GI:15675757, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21911221, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746869 and is also referred to as 'Spy1959' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1685' (M3), and 'SpyM18\_2026' (M18). Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 290 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

**SEQ ID NO: 33**

MKHILFIVGSLREGSFNHQLAAQAQKALEHQAVVSYNWVDVPLNQDIEANAPLPVVDARQAVQSADAI  
WIFTPVYNFSIPGSVKNLLDWLSRALDLSIPTGSAIGGKVTVSSVANGGHDQVFDQFKALLPFIRTSV  
AGEFTKATVNPDAWGTGRLEISKETKANLLSQAEALLAAI

**SEQ ID NO: 34**

ATGAAACATATTTTATTATTGTTGGCTCGCTTCGTGAAGGGTCTTTTAACCATCAATTAGCGGCTCAAG  
CACAAAAGCTCTGGAACATCAAGCAGTTGTATCTTACTTAAATTGGAAAGACGTTCTGTTTGAATCA  
AGATATCGAAGCTAATGCACCTTTACCAGTTGTTGACGCTCGTCAAGCTGTTTCAGTCAGCGGATGCTATC  
TGGATTTTACACCAGTTTACAACCTTCTCTATTCCAGGTTCTGTTAAAAACCTGCTAGACTGGTTGTCTC  
GTGCTCTTGATTTGTCTGATCCGACGGGCCCATCTGCTATTGGCGGTAAGGTGGTTACGGTCTCTTCAGT  
TGCAAATGGCGGGCATGATCAAGTATTTGATCAGTTTAAAGCACTATTGCCGTTTATCCGAACCTCAGTA  
GCAGGAGAGTTTACAAAAGCAACTGTGAATCCTGATGCCTGGGGAACAGGAAGGCTTGAGATTTCAAAG  
AGACAAAAGCAAACTTGCTATCTCAGGCAGAGGCTCTTTTAGCGGCTATTTAG

Preferred GAS 290 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 33; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 33, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These GAS 290 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralog, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 33. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 33. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 33. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

**(18) GAS 511**

GAS 511 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622798 and GI:15675592, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21911053, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746700 and is also referred to as 'Spy1743' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1517' (M3), 'SpyM18\_1815' (M18) and 'accA'. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 511 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

**SEQ ID NO: 35**

MTDVSRI LKEARDQGRLLTLDYANLI FDDFMELHGDRHFSDDGAIVGGLAYLAGQPVTVIGIQKGKNLQD  
NLARNFGQPNPEGYRKALRLMKQAEKFRPVVTFINTAGAYPGVGAEBRGQGEAIAKNLMEMSDLKVPII  
AIIIGEGGSGGALALAVADQVWMLNTMYAVLSPEGFASILWKDGSRAEAEMLKITAGELYKMGIVDR  
IIPHEGYFSSEIVDIIKANLIEQITSLQAKPLDQLLDERYQFRKY

**SEQ ID NO: 36**

ATGACAGATGTATCAAGAATTTTAAAAGAAGCGCGTGATCAAGGGCGTTTAAACAACCTTTGGATTACGCCA  
ACCTTATTTTCGATGACTTTATGGAAGTGCATGGCGATCGCCATTTTTCAGATGATGGTGCCATTGTAGG  
TGGCCTAGCTTATTTGGCGGGACAACCTGTTACGGTCATTGGTATTCAAAAAGGTAAGAATTTACAGGAT  
AATTTGGCAAGGAATTTTGGCCAGCCCAATCCAGAAGGTTATCGTAAAGCTTTGCGCCTTATGAAACAGG



CAGAAAAATTTGGACGACCAGTTGTTACGTTTATCAATACTGCAGGAGCCTATCCAGGTGTCGGTGCGGA  
AGAACGAGGACAGGGTGAGGCCATTGCTAAAAATTTGATGGAAATGAGTGATCTCAAGGTTCCCATTATC  
GCCATCATTATTGGTGAAGGAGGCTCTGGTGGTGCATTAGCCTTAGCGGTTGCCGATCAGGTCTGGATGC  
TTGAAAATACTATGTATGCGGTTCTTAGCCCAGAAGGCTTTGCTTCTATTTTATGGAAGGATGGTTCAAG  
5 GCGGACCGAGGCCGCTGAATTGATGAAAATCACAGCGGGTGAACCTACAAAATGGGAATAGTAGACCGT  
ATTATTCCAGAACATGGTTATTTTCAAGTGAAATCGTTGACATCATCAAAGCTAACCTCATCGAACAAA  
TAACCAGTTTGCAAGCTAAGCCATTAGACCAATTATTAGATGAGCGCTACCAACGCTTTCGTAAATATTA  
A

- 10 Preferred GAS 511 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 35; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 35, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These GAS 511 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 35. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 35. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 35. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).
- 15
- 20

#### (19) GAS 533

GAS 533 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622912 and GI:15675696, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21911157, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746804 and is also referred to as 'Spy1877' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1621' (M3), 'SpyM18\_1942' (M18) and 'glnA'. GAS 533 has also been identified as a putative glutamine synthetase. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 533 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

25

#### SEQ ID NO: 37

MAITVADIRREVKEKNVTFLRLMFTDIMGVMKNVEIPATKEQLDKVLSNKVMFDGSSIEGFVRINESDMY  
LYPDLDTWIVFPWGDENGAVAGLICDIYTAEGKPFAGDPRGNLKRALKHMNEIGYKSFNLGPEPEFFLFK  
30 MDDKGNPTLEVNDNGGYFDLAPIDLADNTRREIVNILTKMGFEVEASHHEVAVGQHEIDFKYADVLKACD  
NIQIFKLVVKTIAREHGLYATFMAKPKFGIAGSGMHCNMSLFDNQGNNAFYDEADKRGMLSEDAYYFLG  
GLMKHAYNYTAITNPTVNSYKRLVPGYEAPVYVAWAGSNRSPLIRVPASRGMGTRLELRSDPTANPYLA  
LAVLLEAGLDGIINKIEAPEPVEANIYTMTEERNEAGIIDLPSTLHNALKALQKDDVVQKALGYHIYTN  
FLEAKRIEWSSYATFVSQWEIDHYIHNY

35

#### SEQ ID NO: 38

ATGGCAATAACAGTAGCTGACATTCGTCGTGAAGTCAAAGAAAAAATGTAACGTTTCTTCGCTTGATGT  
TCACTGATATCATGGGCGTTATGAAAAATGTGGAGATTCCTGCAACTAAAGAACAGTTAGACAAAGTATT  
GTCTAACAAGGTTATGTTTGATGGTTCATCTATCGAAGGTTTGTACGGATCAATGAGTCAGATATGTAC  
40 CTTTACCCCGATTAGACACTTGGATTGTTTTTCCCTGGGGAGATGAAAATGGAGCAGTTGCAGGTTTAA  
TTTGTGATATTTATACAGCAGAAGGAAAGCCTTTTGCAGGAGATCCTAGAGGAAATTTAAAAAGAGCCCT  
GAAACACATGAACGAGATCGGCTACAAATCATTTAATCTTGGACCAGAACCAAGATTTTTCCTTTTAAAG  
ATGGATGATAAAGGTAATCCGACACTTGAAGTTAACGATAATGGTGGTTATTTTGATTAGCGCCAATTG  
ACTTAGCAGACAACACGCGCGCTGAAATTGTGAATATTTTAACGAAAATGGGTTTGAAGTGAAGCTAG  
45 TCATCATGAAGTGGCTGTTGGTCAACATGAGATTGATTTTAAATATGCAGATGTTTTGAAAGCTTGTGAT  
AATATTCAAATTTTAAAGCTAGTTGTAAAACGATTGCCCGTGAACATGGACTTTATGCTACTTTCATGG  
CTAAACCAAAATTTGGAATAGCTGGATCAGGGATGCACTGTAACATGTCTTTGTTTGATAACCAAGGTAA  
TAATGCTTTTATGATGAAGCTGATAAGCGAGGGATGCAGTTATCAGAAGATGCTTATTATTTCTTGGGA  
GGACTAATGAAGCATGCTTATAACTACACTGCTATCACTAACCCCTACAGTGAATCTTATAAACGATTAG  
50 TTCCAGGTTATGAGGCACCTGTTTATGTCGCTTGGGCTGGAAGTAATCGTTACCGCTTATCCGTGTTCC



AGCATCACGTGGTATGGGAACGCGTTTGGAGTTACGTTTCGGTTGATCCGACAGCTAATCCTTATTTAGCC  
TTGGCTGTTCTCTTGAAGCTGGATTAGATGGTATCATTAACAAAATTGAAGCTCCAGAACCCGTTGAAG  
CTAACATTTATACCATGACAATGGAAGAACGAAATGAAGCAGGCATTATTGATTTGCCATCAACGCTTCA  
TAATGCCTTAAAAGCTCTTCAAAAAGATGATGTGGTACAAAAGGCACTAGGTTACCATATCTACACTAAT  
5 TTCTTAGAAGCAAAACGAATTGAATGGTCTTCCTATGCAACTTTTGTCTCAATGGGAAATTGACCATT  
ATATTCATAATTATTAG

Preferred GAS 533 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
10 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 37; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 37, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 533 proteins include variants (e.g.  
allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 37. Preferred fragments  
of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 37. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino  
15 acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more  
amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID  
NO: 37. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide,  
of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

#### (20) GAS 527

20 GAS 527 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622332, GI:15675169, and  
GI:24211764, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21910381, to M18 GenBank accession number  
GI: 19746136, and is also referred to as 'Spy1204' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0845' (M3), 'SpyM18\_1155'  
(M18) and 'guaA'. GAS 527 has also been identified as a putative GMP synthetase (glutamate  
hydrolyzing) (glutamate amidotransferase). Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 527 of  
25 an M1 strain are set forth below:

#### SEQ ID NO: 39

MTEISILNDVQKIIIVLDYGSQYNQLIARRIREFGVFSELKSHKITAQELREINPIGIVLSGGPNSVYADN  
AFGIDPEIFELGIPILGICYGMQLITHKLGGKVVPAGQAGNREYQSTLHLRETSKLFSGTPQEQLVLM  
30 HGDAVTEIPEGFHLVGDSNDCPYAAIENTEKNLYGIQFHPVRHSVYGNLILKNFAISICGARGDWSMDN  
FIDMEIAKIRETVGDRKVLGLSGGVDSSVGVLLQKAIGDQLTCIFVDHGLLRKDEGDQVMGMLGGKFG  
LNIIRVDASKRFLDLLADVEDPEKKRKIIIGNEFVYVFDDEASKLKGVDFLAQGTLYTDIIESGTETAQTI  
KSHHNVGGLPEDMQFELIEPLNTLFKDEVRLGIALGMPEEIVWRQFPFGPLAIRVMGAITEEKLETVR  
ESDAILRBEIAKAGLDRDVWQYFTVNTGVRVSGVMGDGRITYDYTIAIRAITSIDGMTADFAQLPWDVLKK  
35 ISTRIVNEVDHVNRIYDITSKPPATVEWE

#### SEQ ID NO: 40

ATGACTGAAATTTCAATTTTGAATGATGTTCAAAAATTATCGTTCTTGATTATGGTAGCCAGTACAATC  
AGCTTATTGCTAGACGTATTTCGAGAGTTTGGTGTCTTCTCCGAACATAAAAGCCATAAAATCACCGCTCA  
AGAACTTCGTGAGATCAATCCCATAGGTATCGTTTTATCAGGAGGGCCTAACTCTGTTTACGCTGATAAC  
40 GCCTTTGGCATTGACCCTGAAATCTTTGAACTAGGGATTCCGATTCTTGGTATCTGTTACGGTATGCAAT  
TAATCACCCATAAATTAGGTGGTAAAGTTGTTCTGCTGGACAAGCTGGTAATCGTGAATACGGTCAGTC  
AACCCTTCATCTTCGTGAAACGTCAAAATTATTTTCAGGCACACCTCAAGAACAACTCGTTTTGATGAGC  
CATGGTGTGCTGTTACTGAAATTCAGAAGGTTTCCACCTTGTGAGACTCAAATGACTGTCCCTATG  
CAGCTATTGAAAATACTGAGAAAAACCTTTACGGTATTTCAGTTCCACCCAGAAGTGAGACACTCTGTTTA  
45 TGGAATGACATTCTTAAAACTTTGCTATATCAATTTGTGGCGCGCGTGGTGATTGGTCAATGGATAAT  
TTTATTGACATGGAAATTGCTAAAATTCGTGAACTGTAGGCGATCGTAAAGTTCTTCTAGGTCTTTCTG  
GTGGAGTTGATTCTTCAGTTGTTGGTGTCTACTTCAAAAAGCTATCGGTGACCAATTAACCTGTATTTT  
CGTTGATCACGGTCTTCTTCGTAAAGACGAGGCGATCAAGTTATGGGAATGCTTGGGGGCAAAATTTGGC  
CTAAATATTATCCGTGTGGATGCTTCAAAACGTTTCTTAGACCTTCTTGACAGCGTTGAAGATCCTGAGA



AAAAACGTAAATTATTGGTAATGAATTTGTCTATGTTTTTGATGATGAAGCCAGCAAATTAAAAGGTGT  
TGACTTCCTTGCCCAAGGAACACTTTATACTGATATCATTGAGTCAGGAACAGAACTGCTCAAACCATC  
AAATCACATCACAATGTGGGTGGTCTCCCCGAAGACATGCAGTTTGAATTGATTGAGCCCTTAAACACTC  
TTTTCAAAGATGAAGTTCGAGCGCTTGAATCGCTCTTGAATGCCTGAAGAAATTGTTTGGCGCCAACC  
5 ATTTCCAGGTCCTGGACTTGCTATCCGTGTCATGGGAGCAATTACTGAAGAAAACTTGAAACCGTTCGC  
GAATCAGACGCTATCCTTCGTGAAGAAATTGCTAAGGCTGGACTTGATCGTGACGTGTGGCAATACTTTA  
CAGTTAACACAGGTGTCCGTTCTGTAGGCGTCATGGGAGATGGTCGACTTATGATTATAACCATCGCCAT  
TCGTGCTATTACGTCTATTGATGGTATGACAGCTGACTTTGCTCAACTTCCTTGGGATGTCTTGAAAAA  
10 ATCTCAACACGTATCGTAAATGAAGTTGACCACGTTAACCGTATCGTCTACGACATCACAAGTAAACCAC  
CCGCAACAGTTGAATGGGAATAA

Preferred GAS 527 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 39; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
15 consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 39, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 527 proteins include variants (e.g.  
allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 39. Preferred fragments  
of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 39. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino  
acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more  
20 amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID  
NO: 39. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide,  
of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

#### (21) GAS 294

GAS 294 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622306, GI:15675145, and  
25 GI:26006773, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21910357, to M18 GenBank accession number  
GI: 19746111 and is also referred to as 'Spy1173' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0821' (M3), 'SpyM18\_1125'  
(M18) and 'gid'. GAS 294 has also been identified as a putative glucose-inhibited division protein.  
Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 294 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

#### SEQ ID NO: 41

30 MSQSTATYINVIGAGLAGSEAAYQIAKRGI PVKLYEMRGVKATPQHKTTFNFAELVCSNSFRGDSLTVNAV  
LLKEEMRRRLDSIIMRNGEANRVPAGGAMAVDREGYAESVTAELENHPLIEVIRGEITEIPDDAITVIATG  
PLTSDALAEKIHALNGGDGFYFYDAAPIIDKSTIDMSKVYLKSRYDKGEAYLNCMPMTKEEFMAFHEAL  
TTABEAPLNAFEKEKYFEGCMPIEVMAKRGIKTMLYGPMKPVGLEYPDDYTGPDRDGEFKTPYAVVQLRQD  
35 NAAGSLYNI VGFQTHLKWGEQKRVFQMI PGLNNAEFVRYGVMRNSYMDSPNLLTETFQSRSPNLF FAG  
QMTGVEGYVESAAAGLVAGINAARLFKREEALIFPQTTAIGSLPHYVTHADSKHFQPMNVNFGI I KELEG  
PRI RDKKERYEAIASRALADLDTCLASL

#### SEQ ID NO: 42

40 TTGTCTCAATCAACTGCAACTTATATTAATGTTATTGGAGCTGGGCTAGCTGGTTCTGAAGCTGCCTATC  
AGATTGCTAAGCGCGGTATCCCCGTAAATTGTATGAAATGCGTGGTGTCAAAGCAACACCGCAACATAA  
AACCCTAATTTTGCCGAATTGGTCTGTTCCAATCATTTCTGTTGATAGCTTAACCAATGCAGTCGGT  
CTTCTCAAAGAAGAAATGCGGCGATTAGACTCCATTATTATGCGTAATGGTGAAGCTAACCGCGTACCTG  
CTGGGGGAGCAATGGCTGTTGACCGTGAGGGGTATGCAGAGAGTGTCACTGCAGAGTTGGAAATCATCC  
TCTCATTGAGGTCATTCTGTTGAAATTACAGAAATCCCTGACGATGCTATCACGGTTATCGCGACGGGA  
45 CCGCTGACTTCGGATGCCCTGGCAGAAAAATTCACGCGCTAAATGGTGGCGACGGATTCTATTTTACG  
ATGCAGCAGCGCCTATCATTGATAAATCTACCATGATATGAGCAAGGTTTACCTTAAATCTCGCTACGA  
TAAAGGCGAAGCTGCTTACCTCAACTGCCCTATGACCAAAGAAGAAATTCATGGCTTTCCATGAAGCTCTG  
ACAACCGCAGAAGAAGCCCCGCTGAATGCCTTTGAAAAAGAAAGTATTTGAAGGCTGTATGCCGATTG  
AAGTTATGGCTAAACGTGGCATTAAAACCATGCTTTATGGACCTATGAAACCGGTTGGATTGGAATATCC  
50 AGATGACTATACAGGTCCTCGCGATGGAGAATTTAAACGCCATATGCCGTCGTGCAATTGCGTCAAGAT



AATGCAGCTGGAAGCCTTTATAATATCGTTGGTTTCCAAACCCATCTCAAATGGGGTGAGCAAAAACGCG  
TTTTCCAAATGATTCCAGGGCTTGAAAATGCTGAGTTTGTCCGCTACGGCGTCATGCATCGCAATTCCTA  
TATGGATTACCAAATCTTTTAACCGAAACCTTCCAATCTCGGAGCAATCCAAACCTTTTCTTTGCAGGT  
CAGATGACTGGAGTTGAAGGTTATGTCGAATCAGCTGCTTCAGGTTTAGTAGCAGGAATCAATGCTGCTC  
5 GTTTGTTCAAAAGAGAAGAAGCACTTATTTTTCTCAGACAACAGCTATTGGGAGTTTGCCTCATTATGT  
GACTCATGCCGACAGTAAGCATTTCACCAATGAACGTCAACTTTGGCATCATCAAAGAGTTAGAAGGC  
CCACGCATTTCGTGACAAAAAAGAACGTTATGAAGCTATTGCTAGTCGTGCTTTGGCAGATTTAGACACCT  
GCTTAGCGTCGCTTTAA

- 10 Preferred GAS 294 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 41; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 41, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 294 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralog, mutants, *etc.*) of SEQ ID NO: 41. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 41. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 41. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

## (22) GAS 253

GAS 253 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622611, GI:15675423, and GI:21362716, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21910711, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746473 and is also referred to as 'Spy1524' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1175' (M3), 'SpyM18\_1541' (M18) and 'murG'. GAS 253 has also been identified as a putative undecaprenyl-PP-MurNAc-pentapeptide-UDPGlcNAc GlcNAc transferase. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 253 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

### SEQ ID NO: 43

MPKKILFTGGGTGVHVTNLILIPKFIKDGWEVHYIGDKNGIEHTEIEKSGLDVTFHAIATGKLRRYFSW  
QNLADVFKVALGLLQSLFIVAKLRPQALFSKGGFVSVPVVAAKLLGKPVFIHESDRSMGLANKIAYKFA  
TMYTTFEQBDQLSKVKHLGAVTKVFKDANQMPESTQLEAVKEYFSRDLKTLFIGGSAGAHVFNQFISD  
HPELKQRYNIINITGDPHLNELSSHLRYVDYVTDLYQPLMAMADLVVTRGGSNTLPELLAMAKLHLIVPL  
GKEASRGDQLENATYFEKRGYAKQLQEPDLTLHNFQAMADLFEHQADYEATMLATKEIQSPDFFYDLLR  
ADISSAIKEK

### SEQ ID NO: 44

ATGCCTAAGAAGATTTTATTTACAGGTGGTGGAACTGTAGGTCATGTCACCTTGAACCTCATTCTCATAC  
CAAAATTTATCAAGGACGGTTGGGAAGTACATTATTTGGTGATAAAAATGGCATTGAACATACAGAAAT  
TGAAAAGTCAGGCCTTGACGTGACCTTTCATGCTATCGCGACAGGCAAGCTTAGACGCTATTTTTCATGG  
40 CAAAATCTAGCTGATGTTTTTAAGGTGCACTTGGCCTCCTACAGTCTCTCTTATTGTTGCCAAGCTTC  
GCCCTCAAGCCCTTTTTTCCAAAGGTGGTGTGCTCAGTACCGCCAGTTGTGGCTGCTAAATTGCTTGG  
TAAACCAGTCTTTATTCATGAATCAGATCGGTCAATGGGACTAGCAAACAAGATTGCCTACAAATTTGCA  
ACTACCATGTATACCACCTTTTGAGCAGGAAGACCAGTTGTCTAAAGTTAAACACCTTGGAGCGGTGACAA  
AGGTTTTCAAAGATGCCAACCAATGCCTGAATCAACTCAGTTAGAGGCGGTGAAAGAGTATTTTAGTAG  
45 AGACCTAAAAACCCTCTTGTATTGTTGGTGGTTCGGCAGGGCGCATGTGTTTAATCAGTTTATTAGTGAT  
CATCCAGAATTGAAGCAACGTTATAATATCATCAATATTACAGGAGACCCTCACCTTAATGAATTGAGTT  
CTCATCTGTATCGAGTAGATTATGTTACCGATCTCTACCAACCTTTGATGGCGATGGCTGACCTTGTAGT  
GACAAGAGGGGGCTCTAATACACTTTTGTAGCTACTGGCAATGGCTAAGCTACACCTCATCGTTCCTCTT  
GGTAAAGAAGCTAGCCGTGGCGATCAGTTAGAAAATGCCACTTATTTGAGAAGAGGGGCTACGCTAAAC



AATTACAGGAACCTGATTTAACCTTGCATAATTTTGATCAGGCAATGGCTGATTTGTTTGAACATCAGGC  
TGATTATGAGGCTACTATGTTGGCAACTAAGGAGATTCAGTCACCGGACTTCTTTTATGACCTTTGAGA  
GCTGATATTAGCTCCGCGATTAAGGAGAAGTAA

- 5 Preferred GAS 253 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 43; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 43, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 253 proteins include variants (e.g. 10 allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralog, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 43. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 43. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 43. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, 15 of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

### (23) GAS 529

- GAS 529 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622403, GI:15675233, and GI:21759132, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21910446, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746203 and is also referred to as 'Spy1280' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0910' (M3), 'SpyM18\_1228' (M18) and 'glmS'. GAS 529 has also been identified as a putative L-glutamine-D-fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase (Glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase). Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 529 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

### SEQ ID NO: 45

- 25 MCGIVGVVGNRNATDILMQGLEKLEYRGYDSAGIFVANANQTNLIKSVGRIADLRKIGIDVAGSTGIGH  
TRWATHGQSTEDNAHPHTSQTGRFVLVHNGVIENYLHIKTEFLAGHDFKGQTDTEIAVHLIGKFVEEDKL  
SVLEAFKKSLSIIEGSYAFALMDSQATDTIYVAKNKSPLLIGLEGYNMVCSDAMAMIRETSEFMEIHDK  
ELVILTCKDKVTVDYDGKELIRDSYTAELDLSDIGKGTYPFYMLKEIDEQPTVMRQLISTYADETGNVQV  
DPAIITSIQEADRLYILAAGTSYHAGFATKNMLEQLTDPVELGVASEWGYHMPLLSKKPMFILLSQS  
TADSRQVLVKANAMGIPSLTVTNVPGSTLSREATYTMLIHAGPEIAVASTKAYTAQIAALAFKAVGEA  
30 NGKQEALDFNLVHELVLVAQSI EATLSEKDLVAEKVQALLATTRNAFYIGRGNDYYVAMEAALKLKEISY  
IQCEGFAAGELKHGTISLIEEDTPVIALISSQLVASHTRGNIQEVAAARGAHVLTVVEEGLDREGDDIIV  
NKVHPFLAPIAMVIPTQLIAYYASLQRLDVKPRNLAKAVTVE

### SEQ ID NO: 46

- 35 ATGTGTGGAATTGTTGGAGTTGTTGGAAATCGCAATGCAACGGATATTTTAATGCAAGGCCTTGAAAAGC  
TTGAATACCGGGGTTATGATTCAGCAGGAATTTTGTGGCTAATGCCAATCAAACAACTTGATTAAATC  
AGTGGGGCGGATTGCTGATTTGCGTGCCAAGATTGGCATTGATGTTGCTGGTTCAACAGGGATTGGTCAC  
ACCCGTTGGGCAACGCATGGCCAATCAACAGAGGATAATGCCCATCCTCACACGTCACAACTGGACGTT  
TTGTACTTGTTCATAATGGTGTGATTGAAAATTACCTTCACATTAAACAGAGTTCCTAGCTGGACATGA  
40 TTTTAAGGGGCAGACAGATACTGAGATTGCAGTACACTTGATTGGAAAATTTGTGGAAGAAGACAAGTTG  
TCAGTACTGGAAGCTTTTAAAAAATCTTTAAGCATTATTGAAGGTTCTACGCCTTTGCATTAATGGATA  
GCCAAGCAACTGATACTATTTATGTGGCTAAAAACAAGTCTCCATTGTTGATTGGACTTGGTGAAGGTTA  
CAACATGGTTTGTTCAGATGCCATGGCCATGATTCGTGAAACCAGTGAATTTATGGAAATTCATGATAAG  
GAGCTAGTTATTTTAACCAAGATAAGGTAAGTGTACAGACTACGATGGTAAAGAGCTGATACGAGATT  
45 CCTACACTGCTGAATTAGACTTATCTGATATTGGCAAAGGGACTTATCCTTTCTATATGCTGAAAGAAAT  
TGATGAGCAACCAACCGTAATGCGTCAATTAATTTCAACTTATGCAGATGAACTGGTAACGTACAGGTT  
GATCCGGCTATCATTACCTCTATCCAAGAGGCTGACCGTCTTTATATTTTAGCGGCAGGGACTTCCTACC  
ATGCTGGTTTTCACAAAAAATATGCTTGAGCAATTGACAGATACACCAGTTGAGTTGGGCGTGGCTTC  
TGAGTGGGGTTACCACATGCCTCTGCTTAGCAAGAAACCAATGTTTATTCTACTAAGCCAATCAGGAGAA



ACCGCAGATAGTCGTCAAGTTTTAGTAAAGGCAAATGCTATGGGCATTCCGAGTTTGACAGTAACTAACG  
 TTCCAGGATCAACCTTATCACGTGAAGCAACATACACCATGTTGATTGCTGGACCTGAAATTGCTGT  
 TGGCTCTACAAAAGCTTACACTGCACAAATTGCTGCCCTTGCCTTTTGGCTAAGGCAGTTGGTGAGGCA  
 AATGGTAAGCAAGAAGCTCTTGACTTTAACTTGGTACATGAGTTGTCATTGGTTGCCCAATCTATTGAGG  
 5 CGACTTTGTCTGAAAAAGATCTCGTGGCAGAAAAGGTTCAAGCTTTGCTAGCTACTACTCGTAATGCTTT  
 TTACATCGGGCGTGGCAATGATTATTACGTTGCGATGGAAGCTGCTTTGAAATTAAAAGAGATTTCTTAT  
 ATTCATGCGAAGGCTTTGCGGCTGGTGAATTGAAACATGGAACCATTTTATTAATTGAGGAGGACACGC  
 CAGTAATCGCTTTAATATCGTCTAGTCAGTTGGTTGCCTCTCATACGCGTGGTAATATTCAAGAAGTTGC  
 10 TGCCCGTGGGGCTCATGTTTAAACAGTTGTGGAAGAAGGGCTTGACCGTGAGGGAGATGACATTATTGTC  
 AATAAGGTTTCATCTTCTAGCCCCGATTGCTATGGTCATTCCAACCTCAACTGATTGCTTACTACGCTT  
 CATTACAACGTGGACTTGATGTTGATAAGCCACGTAATTTGGCTAAAGCTGTAACAGTAGAATAA

Preferred GAS 529 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
 15 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 45; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
 consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 45, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 529 proteins include variants (e.g.  
 allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 45. Preferred fragments  
 of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 45. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino  
 20 acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more  
 amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID  
 NO: 45. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide,  
 of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

#### (24) GAS 045

25 GAS 117 corresponds to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21909751, M18 GenBank accession  
 number GI: 19745421 and is referred to as 'SpyM3\_0215' (M3), 'SpyM18\_oppA' (M18) and 'oppA'.  
 GAS 045 has been identified as an oligopeptide permease. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences  
 of GAS 045 from an M1 strain are set forth below:

#### SEQ ID NO: 47

30 VTFMKKSKWLAASVAILSVSALAACGNKNASGGSEATKTYKYVFVNDPKSLDYILTNGG  
 GTTDVITQMVDGLLENDEYGNLVPISLAKDWKVS KDGLTYTYTLRDGVSWYTADGEEYAPV  
 TAEDFVTGLKHAVDDKSDALYVVEDSIKNLKAYQNGEVDFKEVGVKALDDKTQYTLNKP  
 ESYWNSKTTYSVLPFNKFLKSKGKDFGTTDPSSILVNGAYFLSAPTSKSSMEFHKNEN  
 YWDAKNVGIESVKLTYS DGS DPGSFYKFNFDKGEFSVARLYPNDPTYKSAKNYADNITYG  
 35 MLTGDIRHLTNLNRTSFKNTKKDPAQQDAGKKALNNKDFRQAIQFAFDRASFQAQTAGQ  
 DAKTKALRNMLVPPTFVTIGESDFGSEVEKEMAKLGDEWKDVNLADAQDGFYNPEKAKAE  
 FAKAKEALTAEGVTFPVQLDYPVDQANAATVQEAQSFQKQSVESLKGKENVIVNVLETETS  
 THEAQGFYAETPEQQDYDIISWWGPDYQDPRTYLDIMSPVGGGSVIQKLGKAGQNKDV  
 40 VAAAGLDYQTLLEAAAITDDNDARYKAYAKAQAYLTDNAVDIPVVALGGT'PRVTKAVP  
 FSGGFSWAGSKGPLAYKGMKLQDKPVTVKQYKAKAKWKAKAKSNAKYAEKLADHVEK

#### SEQ ID NO: 48

GTGACTTTTATGAAGAAAAGTAAATGGTTGGCAGCTGTAAGTGTGCGATCTTGTCAGTA  
 TCCGCTTTGGCAGCTTGTGGTAATAAAAATGCTTCAGGTGGCTCAGAAGCTACAAAAACC  
 45 TACAAGTACGTTTTTGTTAACGATCCAAAATCATTTGATTATATTTTGACTAATGGCGGT  
 GGAACGACTGATGTGATAACACAAATGGTTGATGGTCTTTTGGAAAACGATGAGTATGGT  
 AATTTAGTACCATCACTTGCTAAAGATTGGAAGGTTTCAAAGACGGTCTGACTTATACT  
 TATACTCTTCGCGATGGTGTCTCTTGGTATACGGCTGATGGTGAAGAATATGCCCCAGTA  
 ACAGCAGAAGATTTTGTGACTGGTTTGAAGCACGCGGTTGACGATAAATCAGATGCTCTT  
 50 TACGTTGTTGAAGATTCAATAAAAACTTAAAGGCTTACCAAATGGTGAAGTAGATTTT  
 AAAGAAGTTGGTGTCAAAGCCCTTGACGATAAACTGTTTCAGTATACTTTGAACAAGCCT



GAAAGCTACTGGAATTCAAAAACAACCTTATAGTGTGCTTTTCCCAGTTAATGCGAAATTT  
 TTGAAGTCAAAGGTAAAGATTTTGGTACAACCGATCCATCATCAATCCTTGTTAATGGT  
 GCTTACTTCTTGAGCGCCTTCACCTCAAATCATCTATGGAATTCATAAAAAATGAAAAC  
 TACTGGGATGCTAAGAATGTTGGGATAGAATCTGTTAAATTGACTTACTCAGATGGTTCA  
 5 GACCCAGGTTTCGTTCTACAAGAACTTTGACAAGGGTGAGTTCAGCGTTGCACGACTTTAC  
 CCAAATGACCCTACCTACAAATCAGCTAAGAAAACTATGCTGATAACATTACTTACGGA  
 ATGTTGACTGGAGATATCCGTCATTTAACATGGAATTTGAACCGTACTTCTTTCAAAAAC  
 ACTAAGAAAGACCCTGCACAACAAGATGCCGGTAAGAAAGCTCTTAACAACAAGGATTTT  
 10 CGTCAAGCTATTTCAGTTTGCTTTTGACCGAGCGTCATTCCAAGCACAACTGCAGGTCAA  
 GATGCCAAAACAAAAGCCTTACGTAACATGCTTGTCCCACCAACATTTGTGACCATTGGA  
 GAAAGTGATTTTGGTTCAGAAGTTGAAAAGGAAATGGCAAACTTGGTGATGAATGGAAA  
 GACGTAACTTAGCTGATGCTCAAGATGGTTTCTATAATCCTGAAAAAGCAAAAGCTGAG  
 TTTGCAAAAGCCAAAGAAGCTTTAACAGCTGAAGGTGTAACCTTCCCAGTTCAATTAGAT  
 TACCCTGTTGACCAAGCAAACGCAGCAACTGTTTCAGGAAGCCCAGTCTTTCAAACAATCT  
 15 GTTGAAGCATCTCTTGGTAAAGAGAATGTCAATGTTCTTGAAACAGAAACATCA  
 ACTCACGAAGCCCAAGGCTTCTATGCTGAGACCCCAGAACACAAGACTACGATATCATT  
 TCATCATGGTGGGACCAGACTATCAAGATCCACGGACCTACCTTGACATCATGAGTCCA  
 GTAGGTGGTGGATCTGTTATCCAAAACCTTGAATCAAAGCAGGTCAAATAAGGATGTT  
 GTGGCAGCTGCAGGCCTTGATACCTACCAAACCTTCTTGTGATGAAGCAGCAGCAATTACA  
 20 GACGACAACGATGCGCGCTATAAAGCTTACGCAAAAGCACAAGCCTACCTTACAGATAAT  
 GCCGTAGATATTCAGTTGTGGCATTGGGTGGCACTCCACGAGTTACTAAAGCCGTTCCA  
 TTTAGCGGGGGCTTCTCTTGGGCAGGGTCTAAAGGTCCTCTAGCATATAAAGGAATGAAA  
 CTTCAAGACAAACCTGTCACAGTAAACAATACGAAAAAGCAAAAGAAAAATGGATGAAA  
 GCAAAGGCTAAGTCAAATGCAAAATATGCTGAGAAGTTAGCTGATCACGTTGAAAAA

25 Preferred GAS 045 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 47; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
 consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 47, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
 30 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 045 proteins include variants (e.g.  
 allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, *etc.*) of SEQ ID NO: 47. Preferred fragments  
 of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 47. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino  
 acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more  
 amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID  
 35 NO: 47. For example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid sequence at the N-terminus of  
 SEQ ID NO: 47 is removed. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission  
 of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular  
 domain).

#### (25) GAS 095

40 GAS 095 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622787 and GI:15675582, to M3  
 GenBank accession number GI: 21911042, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746634 and is  
 also referred to as 'Spy1733' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1506' (M3), 'SpyM18\_1741' (M18). GAS 095 has also  
 been identified as a putative transcription regulator. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of  
 GAS 095 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

#### 45 SEQ ID NO: 49

MKIGKKIVLMFTAIVLTTVLALGVYLTSAYTFSTGELSKTFKDFSTSSNKSDAIKQTRAFSILLMGVDTG  
 SSERASKWEGNSDSMILVTNPNKTKKTTMTSLERDTLTTLSGPKNNEMNGVEAKLNAAYAAGGAQMAIMT  
 VQDLLNITIDNYVQINMQGLIDLVAVGGITVTNEFDFFPISIAENEPEYQATVAPGTHKINGEQALVYAR  
 MRYDDPEGDYGRQKRQREVIQKVLKKILALDSISSYRKILSAVSSNMQTNIEISSRTIPSLGYPDALRT



IKTYQLKGEDATLSDGGSYQIVTSNHLLEIQNRIRTELGLHKVNQLKTNATVYENLYGSTKSQTVNNNYD  
SSGQAPSYSDSHSSYANYSSGVDTGQSASTDQDSTASSHRPATPSSSSDALADESSSSSGSGSLVPPANI  
NPQT

5 **SEQ ID NO: 50**

ATGAAAATTGGAAAAAATAGTTTAAATGTTACAGCTATTGTGTTAACAACCTGTCTTGCCATTAGGTG  
TCTATCTAACTAGTGCTTATACCTTCTCAACAGGAGAATTATCAAAGACCTTTAAAGATTTTTCGACATC  
TTCAAACAAAAGTGATGCCATTAAACAAACAAGAGCTTTTTCTATCTTGTTGATGGGTGTTGATACAGGC  
TCTTCAGAGCGTGCCCTCCAAGTGGGAAGGAAACAGTGATTGATGATTTTGGTTACGGTTAATCCAAAGA  
10 CCAAGAAAACAACCTATGACTAGTTTAGAACGAGATACCTTAACCACGTTATCTGGACCCAAAAATAATGA  
AATGAATGGTGTTGAAGCTAAGCTTAACGCTGCTTATGCAGCAGGTGGCGCTCAGATGGCTATTATGACC  
GTGCAAGATCTTTTGAATATCACCATTGATACTATGTTCAAATTAATATGCAAGGCCTTATTGATCTTG  
TGAATGCAGTTGGAGGGATTACAGTTACAAATGAGTTTGATTTTCCTATCTCGATTGCTGAAAACGAACC  
TGAATATCAAGCTACTGTTGCGCCTGGAACACACAAAATTAACGGTGAACAAGCTTTGGTTTATGCTCGT  
15 ATGCGTTATGATGATCCTGAGGGAGATTATGGTCGACAAAAGCGTCAACGTGAAGTCATTCAAAGGTAT  
TGAAAAAATCCTTGCTCTTGATAGCATTAGCTCTTATCGGAAGATTTTATCTGCTGTAAGTAGTAATAT  
GCAAACGAATATCGAAATCTTCTCGCACTATCCCTAGTCTATTAGGTTATCGTGACGCACTTAGAACT  
ATTAAGACTTATCAACTAAAGGAGAAGATGCCACTTTATCAGATGGTGGATCATACCAAATTGTTACCT  
CTAATCATTGTGTTAGAAATCCAAATCGTATCCGAACAGAATTAGGACTTCATAAGGTAAATCAATTAAA  
20 AACAAATGCTACTGTTTATGAAAATTTGTATGGGTCAACTAAGTCTCAGACAGTAAACAACAACCTATGAC  
TCTTCAGGCCAGGCTCCATCTTATTCTGATAGTCATAGCTCTTACGCTAATTATTCAAGTGGAGTAGATA  
CCGCCAGAGTGCTAGTACAGACCAGGACTCTACTGCTTCAAGCCATAGGCCAGCTACGCCGCTTCTTTC  
ATCAGATGCTTTAGCAGCTGATGAGTCTAGCTCATCAGGGTCTGGATCATTAGTTCCTCCTGCTAATATC  
AACCCTCAGACCTAA

25 Preferred GAS 095 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 49; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least *n*  
consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 49, wherein *n* is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
30 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 095 proteins include variants (e.g.  
allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 49. Preferred fragments  
of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 49. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino  
acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more  
amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID  
35 NO: 49. For example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid sequence at the N-terminus of  
SEQ ID NO: 49 is removed. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission  
of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular  
domain).

(26) **GAS 193**

40 GAS 193 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13623029 and GI:15675802, to M3  
GenBank accession number GI: 21911267, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746914 and is  
also referred to as 'Spy2025' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1731' (M3), 'SpyM18\_2082' (M18) and 'isp'. GAS 193  
has also been identified as an immunogenic secreted protein precursor. Amino acid and  
polynucleotide sequences of GAS 193 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

45 **SEQ ID NO: 51**

MKKRKLAVTLLSTILLNSAVPLVVADTSLRNSTSSDQPTTADTDDESETPKKDKKSKETASQHDTQ  
KDHKPSHTHTPPSNDTKQTDQASSEATDKPNKDKNDTKQPDSSDQSTPSPKDQSSQKESQNKDGRPTPS  
PDQKQDQTPDKTPEKSADKTPEKGPEKATDKTPEPNRDAPKPIQPPLAAAPVFI PWRESKDLSKLKPSS  
RSSAAYVRHWTGDSAYTHNLLSRRYGITAEQLDGLNSLGIHYDKERLNGKRLLEWEKLTGLDVRAIVAI



AMAESSLGTOGVAKEKGANMFGYGAFDFNPNNAKKYSDEVAIRHMVEDTIIANKNQTFRQDLKAKKWSL  
GQLDTLIDGGVYFTDTS GSGQRRADIMTKLDQWIDDHGSTPEIPEHLKITSGTQFSEVPVGYKRSQPQNV  
LTYKSETYSFGQCTWYAYNRVKELGYQVDRYMGNGGDWQRKPGFVTTHKPKVGYVVSFAPGQAGADATYG  
HVAVVEQIKEDGSILISESNVMGLGTISYRTFTAQASLLTYVVGDKLPRP

**SEQ ID NO: 52**

ATGAAGAAAAGGAAATTGTTAGCAGTAACACTATTAAGTACCATACTCTTAAACAGTGCAGTGCCATTAG  
TTGTTGCTGATACCTCCTTGCGTAATAGCACATCATCCACTGATCAGCCTACTACAGCAGATACTGATAC  
GGATGACGAGAGTGAAACACCAAAAAAGACAAAAAAGCAAGGAAACAGCGTCGCAGCACGACACCCAA  
AAAGACCATAAGCCATCACACACTACCCCAACCCCCCTTCAAATGATACTAAGCAGACCGATCAGGCAT  
CATCTGAAGCTACTGACAAACCAATAAAGACAAAAACGACACCAAGCAACCAGACAGCAGTGATCAATC  
CACCCCATCTCCCAAAGACCAGTCGTCTCAAAAAGAGTCACAAACAAAGACGGCCGACCTACCCCATCA  
CCTGATCAGCAAAAAGATCAGACACCTGATAAAACACCAGAAAAATCAGCTGATAAAACCCCTGAAAAAG  
GACCAGAAAAAGCAACTGATAAAACACCAGAGCCAAATCGTGACGCTCCAAAACCCATCCAACCTCCTTT  
AGCAGCTGCTCCTGTCTTTATACCTTGGAGAGAAAGTGACAAAGACCTGAGCAAGCTAAAACCAAGCAGT  
CGCTCATCAGCGGCTTACGTGAGACACTGGACAGGTGACTCTGCCTACACTCACAACCTGTTGTACGCC  
GTTATGGGATTACTGCTGAACAGCTAGATGGTTTTTTGAACAGTCTAGGTATTCATATGATAAAGAACG  
CTTAAACGGAAAGCGTTTTATTAGAATGGGAAAACTAACAGGACTAGACGTTGAGCTATCGTAGCTATT  
GCAATGGCAGAAAGCTCACTAGGTACTCAGGGAGTTGCTAAAGAAAAAGGAGCCAATATGTTTGGTTATG  
GCGCCTTTGACTTCAACCCAAACAATGCCAAAAAATACAGCGATGAGGTTGCTATTCGTCACATGGTAGA  
AGACACCATCATTGCCAACAAAAACCAACCTTTGAAAGACAAGACCTCAAAGCAAAAAAATGGTCACTA  
GGCCAGTTGGATACCTTGATTGATGGTGGGGTTTACTTTACAGATACAAGTGGCAGTGGGCAAAGACGAG  
CAGATATCATGACCAAACTAGACCAATGGATAGATGATCATGGAAGCACACCTGAGATTCCAGAACATCT  
CAAGATAACTTCCGGGACACAATTTAGCGAAGTGCCCGTAGGTTATAAAGAAGTCAGCCACAAAACGTT  
TTGACCTACAAGTCAGAGACCTACAGCTTTGGCCAATGCACTTTGGTACGCCTATAATCGTGTCAAAGAGC  
TAGGTTATCAAGTCGACAGGTACATGGGTAACGGTGGCGACTGGCAGCGCAAGCCAGGTTTTGTGACCAC  
CCATAAACCTAAAGTGGGCTATGTCTCTCATTTGCACCAGGCCAAGCAGGAGCAGATGCAACCTATGGT  
CACGTTGCTGTTGTAGAGCAAATCAAAGAAGATGGTTCTATCTTAATTTAGAGTCAAATGTTATGGGAC  
TAGGCACCATTTCTATCGGACGTTACAGCTGAGCAGGCTAGTTTGTGACCTATGTCGTAGGGGACAA  
ACTCCCAAGACCATAA

Preferred GAS 193 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 51; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 51, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 193 proteins include variants (e.g.  
allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralog, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 51. Preferred fragments  
of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 51. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino  
acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more  
amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID  
NO: 51. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide,  
of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

**(27) GAS 137**

GAS 137 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13621842, GI:15674720 and  
GI:30173478, to M3 GenBank accession number GI:21909998, to M18 GenBank accession number  
GI: 19745749 and is also referred to as 'Spy0652' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0462', and 'SpyM18\_0713' (M18).  
Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 137 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

**SEQ ID NO: 53**

MSDKHINLVIIVTGMMSGAGKTVAIQSFEDLGYFTIDNMPPALVPKFLELIEQTNENRRVALVDMRSRLFF  
KEINSTLDSIESNPSIDFRILFLDATDGELVSRYKETRRSHPLAADGRVLDGIRLERELLSPLKSMSQHV  
VDTTKLTPRQLRKTISDQFSEGSNQASFRIEVMISFGFKYGLPLDADLVFDVRFLPNPYQVELREKTGLD



EDVFNYVMSPHESEVIFYKHLNLIVPILPAYQKEGKSVLTVAIGCTGGQHRVAFHCLAESLATDWSVN  
ESHRDQNRKRTVNRS

**SEQ ID NO: 54**

5 ATGTCAGACAAACACATTAATTTAGTTATTGTGACAGGAATGAGCGGCGCTGGAAAAACAGTTGCCATTTC  
AGTCTTTTGAGGATCTAGGCTACTTTACCATTGATAATATGCCCCAGCCTTGGTTCCAAAATTTTGA  
ATTAATTGAACAAACCAATGAAAATCGTAGGGTGGCTTTGGTTGTGATATGAGAAGTCGTTTGTTTTC  
AAGGAAATTAATTTACCTTAGATAGTATTGAAAGCAATCCTAGCATTGATTTTCGGATTCTTTTGG  
10 ATGCAACGGATGGAGAATTGGTGTACGCTATAAAGAAACAGACGGAGCCACCCTTTGGCTGCGGACGG  
TCGTGTGCTTGATGGTATTCGATTGGAAAGAGAACTCCTATCTCCTTTGAAAAGCATGAGCCAACATGTG  
GTGGATACAACAAAATTGACCCCTAGACAATTGCGTAAAACCATTTTCAGACCAGTTTCTGAAGGGTCTA  
ATCAAGCCTCTTTCCGTATTGAAGTGATGAGCTTTGGGTCAAATATGGTCTTCCTTTGGATGCGGATT  
GGTTTTTGATGTGCGTTTTCTACCCAATCCTTATTATCAGGTAGAGCTTCGTGAAAAACAGGACTAGAT  
15 GAGGACGTTTTTAATTATGTGATGTCTCACCAGAATCAGAGGTGTTTTACAAGCATTTGTTAAACCTTA  
TTGTCCCTATCTTACCGGCTTACCAAAAAGAAGGGAAGTCTGTCTTGACGGTGGCTATTGGCTGCACAGG  
AGGCCAACACCGCAGCGTTGCCCTTTGCCATTGCTTGGCAGAAAGTCTGGCAACAGATTGGTTCGGTTAAT  
GAAAGCCATCGTGATCAAAATCGTCGTAAGGAAACGGTGAATCGTTCATGA

Preferred GAS 137 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
20 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 53; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least *n*  
consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 53, wherein *n* is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 137 proteins include variants (e.g.  
allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 53. Preferred fragments  
25 of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 53. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino  
acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more  
amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID  
NO: 53. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide,  
of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

30 **(28) GAS 084**

GAS 084 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622398 and GI:15675229, to M3  
GenBank accession number GI: 21910442, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746199 and is  
also referred to as 'Spy1274' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0906' and 'SpyM18\_1223' (M18). GAS 084 has also  
been identified as a putative amino acid ABC transporter/periplasmic amino acid binding protein.

35 Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 084 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

**SEQ ID NO: 55**

40 MIKKRTVAILAIASSFFLVACQATKSLKSGDAWGVYQKQKSITVGFNTFVPMGYKDESGRCKGFDIDL  
AKEVFHQYGLKVNFOAINWDMKEAELNNGKIDVIWNGYSITKERQDKVAFTDSYMRNEQIIIVKKRSDIK  
TISDMKHKVLGAQSASSGYDSLRLTPKLLKDFIKNKDANQYETFTQAFIDLKSDRIDGILIDKVYANYYL  
AKEGQLENYRMIPTTFENEAFSVGLRKEDKTLQAKINRAFRVLYQNGKFQAISEKWFGDDVATANIKS

**SEQ ID NO: 55**

45 ATGATTATAAAAAAAGAACCGTAGCAATTTAGCCATAGCTAGTAGCTTTTTCTTGGTAGCTTGTCAAG  
CTACTAAAAGTCTTAAATCAGGAGATGCTTGGGGAGTTTACCAAAGCAAAAAGTATTACAGTTGGTTT  
TGACAATACGTTTGTCTTATGGGCTATAAGGATGAAAGCGGCAGATGCAAAGGTTTGTATTTGATTG  
GCTAAAGAAGTTTTACCAATATGGACTCAAGGTTAACTTTCAAGCTATTAATTGGGACATGAAAGAAG  
CAGAACTAAACAATGGTAAATTTGATGTAATCTGGAATGGTTATTCAATAACTAAGGAGCGTCAGGATAA  
GGTTGCCCTTTACTGATTCTTACATGAGAAATGAACAAATTATTGTTGTCAAAAAAGATCTGATATTAAA  
ACAATATCAGATATGAAACATAAAGTGTTAGGAGCACAATCAGCTTCATCAGGTTATGACTCCTTGTTAA  
50 GAACTCCTAAACTGCTGAAAGATTTTATTAAAAATAAAGACGCTAATCAATATGAAACCTTTACACAAGC



TTTTATTGATTAAATCAGATCGTATCGATGGAATATTGATTGACAAAGTATATGCCAATTACTATTTA  
GCAAAAGAAGGGCAATTAGAGAATTATCGGATGATCCCAACGACCTTTGAAAATGAAGCATTTTCGGTTG  
GACTTAGAAAAGAAGACAAAACGTTGCAAGCAAAAATTAATCGTGCTTTCAGGGTGCTTTATCAAAATGG  
CAAATTTCAAGCTATTTCTGAGAAATGGTTTGGAGATGATGTTGCCACTGCCAATATTAAATCTTAA

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Preferred GAS 084 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 55; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 55, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 084 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 55. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 55. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 55. For example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid sequence at the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 55 is removed. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

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#### (29) GAS 384

GAS 384 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622908 and GI:15675693, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21911154, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746801 and is also referred to as 'Spy1874' (M1), 'SpyM3\_1618' (M3), and 'SpyM18\_1939' (M18). GAS 384 has also been identified as a putative glycoprotein endopeptidase. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 384 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

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#### SEQ ID NO: 57

MKTLAFDTSNKTLSLAILDDETLADMTLNIQKKHSVSLMPAIDFLMTCTDLKPQDLERIVVAKGPGSYT  
GLRVAVATAKTLAYSLNIALVGISSLYALAASTCKQYPNTLVVPLIDARRQNAYVGYRQKSVMPQAHA  
SLEVIIEQLVEEGQLIFVGETAPFAEKIQKKLPQAILLPTLPSAYECGLLGQSLAPENVDAFVPQYLKRV  
EAEENWLKDNEIKDDSHYVKRI

25

#### SEQ ID NO: 58

ATGAAGACACTTGCAATTTGATACCTCAAATAAAACCTTGTCCCTTGCTATACTTGATGATGAGACACTTC  
TAGCAGATATGACCCTTAACATTCAGAAAAACATAGTGTTAGCCTTATGCCTGCTATTGATTTTTTGAT  
GACTTGTAAGTATCTTAAACCTCAAGATTTAGAAAAGATAGTGTTGCAAAAGGCCCTGGATCTTACACA  
GGTTTACGAGTGGCAGTTGCTACTGCAAAAACGTTAGCGTACAGTTTAAATATTGCATTGGTCGGGATTT  
CGAGTCTATATGCTTTGGCTGCGTCTACTTGTAACAGTATCCAAATACTTTGGTGGTGCCATTGATTGA  
TGCTAGAAGGCAAAATGCGTATGTAGGTTATTATCGGCAAGGAAATCAGTGATGCCACAAGCCCATGCT  
TCACTAGAAGTTATTATAGAACAATTAGTAGAAGAAGGACAGCTGATTTTGTGGGGAGACTGCTCCTT  
TTGCTGAGAAAATTCAAAGAACTACCTCAGGCGATACTACTTCCAACCCTTCCTTCTGCTTACGAATG  
TGGTCTTTTGGGGCAAAGTTTGGCACCAGAAAATGTAGACGCCTTTGTCCCTCAATATCTCAAGAGAGTG  
GAAGCTGAAGAAAATGGCTCAAAGATAATGAGATAAAAGATGATAGTCACTACGTTAAGCGAATCTAA

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Preferred GAS 384 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 57; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 57, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 384 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 57. Preferred fragments

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of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 57. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 57. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

**(30) GAS 202**

GAS 202 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13622431 and GI:15675258, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21910527, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19746290 and is also referred to as 'Spy1309' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0991' (M3), 'SpyM18\_1321' (M18) and 'dltD'. GAS 202 has also been identified as a putative extramembranal protein. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 202 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

**SEQ ID NO: 59**

MLKRLWLILGPLLIAFVLVVITIFSFPTQLDHSIAQEKANAVAITDSSFKNGLIKRQALSDETCRFVPPF  
GSSEWSRMDSMHPSVLAERYKRSYRPFLLIGKRGASLSHYIGIQQITNEMQKKKAI FVVSPQWFTAQGIN  
PSAVQMYLSNTQVIEFLLKARTDKESQFAAKRLLELNPVSKSNLLKKVSKGKSLSRDLRAILKCQHQVA  
LREESLFSFLGKSTNYEKRLPRVKGLPKVFSYKQLNALATKRGQLATTNNRFGIKNTFYRKRIAPKYNL  
YKNFQVNYSYLASPEYNDFQLLLSEFAKRKTDVLFVITPVNKAWADYTGLNQDKYQAAVRKIKFQLKSQG  
FHRIADFSKDGESYFMQDTIHLGWNGWLAFDKKVQPFLETKQVPVNYKMPYFYSKIWANRKDLQ

**SEQ ID NO: 60**

ATGCTTAAGAGACTCTGGTTAATTCTAGGTCCTCTTCTTATTGCCTTTGTTTTAGTAGTGATTACTATTT  
TTAGTTTTCTACACAACCTTGATCATTCCATAGCTCAGGAAAAAGCAAATGCCGTTGCGATCACAGATAG  
TTCTTTTAAAAATGGTTTGATTAAAAGACAAGCTTTATCAGATGAGACTTGTCGTTTTGTGCCTTTTTTT  
GGTTCTAGCGAATGGAGTCGAATGGATAGTATGCACCCTTCGGTGCTTGCAAGCGCTACAAGCGGAGCT  
ATAGACCATTTTTAATTGGTAAGAGAGGATCAGCATCTTTGTGCGATTATTATGGTATACAACAAATTAC  
CAATGAAATGCAAAAGAAAAAGCCATCTTTGTAGTATCTCCTCAATGGTTTACTGCTCAAGGGATTAAT  
CCTAGTGCGGTTTCAGATGTACTTGTCTAACACTCAAGTGATTGAATTTTACTAAAAGCTAGAACTGATA  
AAGAATCACAGTTTGCAGCAAAGCGTTTGTCTGAGCTTAACCCTGGTGTGTCTAAATCAAACCTATTGAA  
AAAAGTAAGTAAGGGTAAGTCTCTTAGTTCGGTTAGACAGAGCTATTTTGAAATGTCAACATCAAGTAGCA  
TTGAGAGAAGAGTCCCTTTTTAGTTTTTTAGGCAAATCTACTAACTATGAAAAAGAAATTTGCCTCGCG  
TTAAGGGATTACCTAAAGTATTTTCGTATAACAATTGAATGCATTAGCAACTAAGAGAGGCCAATTAGC  
AACAACCAACAACCGTTTTGGGATTAAAAATACATTTTATCGTAAACGAATAGCACCTAAATACAATCTT  
TATAAGAATTTCCAAGTTAATTATAGTTACCTGGCGTCACCAGAATACAATGATTTTCAGCTTTTATTAT  
CAGAATTTGCTAAACGAAAAACAGATGTACTCTTGTATAACTCCTGTATAAAGCTTGGGCGGATTA  
TACCGGCTTAAATCAAGATAAGTATCAAGCGGCAGTTTCGTAAATAAAATTCAGTTAAAGTCACAAGGA  
TTTCATCGCATTGCTGACTTCTCAAAGATGGTGGTGAGTCTTCTTATGCAAGATACCATCCATCTCG  
GTTGGAATGGCTGGTTAGCTTTTGATAAGAAAGTGCAACCATTTCTAGAAACGAAGCAGCCAGTGCCCAA  
CTATAAATGAACCCTTATTTTTATAGTAAATTTGGGCAAATAGGAAAGACTTGCAATAG

Preferred GAS 202 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 59; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 59, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 202 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 59. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 59. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID



NO: 59. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

**(31) GAS 057**

GAS 057 corresponds to M1 GenBank accession numbers GI:13621655 and GI:15674549, to M3 GenBank accession number GI: 21909834, to M18 GenBank accession number GI: 19745560 and is also referred to as 'Spy0416' (M1), 'SpyM3\_0298' (M3), 'SpyM18\_0464' (M18) and 'prtS'. GAS 057 has also been identified as a putative cell envelope proteinase. Amino acid and polynucleotide sequences of GAS 057 of an M1 strain are set forth below:

**SEQ ID NO: 61**

MEKKQRFSLRKYKSGTFSVLIGSVFLVMTTVADELSTMSEPTITNHAQQQAQHLTNTELSSAESKSQD  
TSQITLKTNREKEQSQDLVSEPTTTELADTDAASMAN TGSDATQKSASLPPVNTDVHDWVKTKGAWDKGY  
KGQKGKVVAVIDTGIDPAHQSMRISDVSTAKVKSKEMLARQKAAGINYGSWINDKVVFAHNYVENS DN I K  
ENQFEDFDEWENFBDFAEAPKAIKKHKIYRPQSTQAPKETVIKTEETDGSHDIDWTQTD DDTKYESHG  
MHVTGI VAGNSKEAAATGERFLGIAPEAQVMFMRV FANDIMGSAESLFKAI EDAVALGADV INLSLGTA  
15 NGAQLSGSKPLMEAIEKAKKAGVSVVVAAGNERVYGS DHDDPLATNP DYGLV GSPSTGRTP TSVAAINS K  
WVIQRLMTVKELN RADLNHGKAIYSESVD FKDI KDSLGYDKSHQFAYVKEST DAGYNAQDVKGKIALIE  
RDPNKTYDEMIALAKKHGALGVLI FNNKPGQSNRSMRLTANGMGI PSAFISHEFGKAMS QLNNGTGSLE  
FDSVVS KAPSQKGNEMNHFSNWGLTSDGYLKPDI TAPGGDIYSTYNDNHYGSQTGTSMAS PQIAGASLLV  
20 KQYLEKTQPNLPKEKIADIVKNLLMSNAQIHVNPETKTTTSPRQQAGLLNIDGAVTSGLYVTGK DNYGS  
ISLGNITDTMTFDVTVHNLSNKDKTLRYDTELLTDHVPQKGRFTLTSHSLKTYQGGEVTV PANGKVTVR  
VTMDVSQFTKELTKQMPNGYYLEGFVRFRDSQDDQLNRVNI PFVGFKGQFENLAVAEESIYRLKSQGKTG  
FYFDESGPKDDIYVGKHFTGLVTLGSETNVSTKTISDNGLHTLGT FKNADGKF ILEKNAQGNPVLAI SPN  
GDNNQDFAAFKGVFLRKYQGLKASVYHASDKEHKNPLWVSPESFKGDKNFNSDIRFAKSTTLLGTAFSGK  
SLTGAE LPDGHYHYVVSYPDVVGAKRQEMTFDMILDRQKPVLSQATFDPETNRFKPEPLKDRGLAGVRK  
25 DSVFYLERKDNKPYTVTINDSYKYVSVEDNKT FVERQADGSFILPLDKAKLGDFYVMVEDFAGNVAIAKL  
GDHLPQTLGKTPIK LKLTGDN YQTKETLKNLEMTQSDTGLVTNQAQLAVVHRNQPSQLTKMNQDFFIS  
PNEDGNKDFVAFKGLKNNVYNDLTVNVYAKDDHQKQTPIWSSQAGASVSAIESTAWYGITARGSKVMPGD  
YQYVVTYRDEHGKEHQYTI SVNDKKPMITQGRFD TINGVDHFTPDKTKALDSSGIVREEVFYLAKKNG  
RKFDVTEGKDGITVSDNKVYIPKNPDGSYTI SKRDGVTLSDY YLVEDRAGNVSFATLRDLKAVGKDKAV  
30 VNFGLDLPVPEDKQIVNF TYLV RDADGKPIENLEYNNSGNSLILPYGKYTVELLTYDTNAAKLES DKIV  
SFTLSADNNFQQVTFKITMLATSQITAHFDHLLPEGSRVSLKTAQDQLI PLEQSLYVPKAYGKTVQEGTY  
EVVVS LPKGYRIEGNTKVNTLPNEVHEL SLRLVKVG DASDSTGDHKVMSKNNSQALTASATPTKSTTSAT  
AKALPSTGEXMGLKLRI VGLVLLGLTCVFSRKKSTKD

**SEQ ID NO: 62**

GTGGAGAAAAAGCAACGTTTTTCCCTTAGAAAATACAAATCAGGAACGTTTTTCGGTCTTAATAGGAAGCG  
TTTTCTTGGTGATGACAACAACAGTAGCAGATGAGCTAAGCACAATGAGCGAACCAACAATCACGAA  
TCACGCTCAACAACAAGCGCAACATCTCACC AATACAGAGTTGAGCTCAGCTGAATCAAATCTCAAGAC  
ACATCACA AATCACTCTCAAGACAAATCGTGAAAAAGAGCAATCACAAGATCTAGTCTCTGAGCCAACCA  
40 CAACTGAGCTAGCTGACACAGATGCAGCATCAATGGCTAATACAGGTTCTGATGCGACTCAAAAAGCGC  
TTCTTTACCGCCAGTCAATACAGATGTTACGATTGGGTAAAAACCAAAGGAGCTTGGGACAAGGGATAC  
AAAGGACAAGGCAAGGTTGTGCGCAGTTATTGACACAGGGATCGATCCGCCCCATCAAAGCATGCGCATCA  
GTGATGTATCAACTGCTAAAGTAAATCAAAGAAGACATGCTAGCACGCCAAAAAGCCGCGGTATTAA  
TTATGGGAGTTGGATAAATGATAAAGTTGTTTTTGACATAATTATGTGGAAAAATAGCGATAATATCAA  
45 GAAATCAATTCGAGGATTTTGATGAGGACTGGGAAAAC TTTGAGTTTGATGCAGAGGCAGAGCCAAAAG  
CCATCAAAAAACACAAGATCTATCGTCCCCAATCAACCCAGGCACCGAAAGAACTGTTATCAAAACAGA  
AGAAACAGATGGTTCACATGATATTGACTGGACACAAACAGACGATGACACCAAATACGAGTCACACGGT  
ATGCATGTGACAGGTATTGTAGCCGGTAATAGCAAAGAAGCCGCTGCTACTGGAGAACGCTTTTTAGGAA  
TTGCACCAGAGGCCCAAGTCATGTTTATGCGTGT TTTTGCCAACGACATCATGGGATCAGCTGAATCACT  
50 CTTTATCAAAGCTATCGAAGATGCCGTGGCTTTAGGAGCAGATGTGATCAACCTGAGTCTTGGAACCGCT  
AATGGGGCACAGCTTAGTGACAGCAAGCCTCTAATGGAAGCAATTGAAAAAGCTAAAAAGCCGGTGTAT  
CAGTTGTTGTAGCAGCAGGAAATGAGCGCTCTATGGATCTGACCATGATGATCCATTGGCGACAAATCC  
AGACTATGGTTTGGTCGGTCTCCCTCAACAGGTCGAACACCAACATCAGTGGCAGCTATAAACAGTAAG  
TGGGTGATTCAACGCTAATGACGGTCAAAGAATTAGAAAACCGTGCCGATTAAACCATGGTAAAGCCA  
55 TCTATT CAGAGTCTGTGACTTTAAAGACATAAAAGATAGCCTAGGTTATGATAAATCGCATCAATTTGC



TTATGTCAAAGAGTCAACTGATGCGGGTTATAACGCACAAGACGTTAAAGGTAAAATTGCTTTAATTGAA  
 CGTGATCCCAATAAAACCTATGACGAAATGATTGCTTTGGCTAAGAAACATGGAGCTCTGGGAGTACTTA  
 TTTTAAATAACAAGCCTGGTCAATCAAACCGCTCAATGCGTCTAACAGCTAATGGGATGGGGATACCATC  
 TGCTTTCATATCGCACGAATTTGGTAAGGCCATGTCCCAATTAAATGGCAATGGTACAGGAAGTTTAGAG  
 5 TTTGACAGTGTGGTCTCAAAGCACCGAGTCAAAAAGGCAATGAAATGAATCATTTTTCAAATTGGGGCC  
 TAACTTCTGATGGCTATTTAAACCTGACATTACTGCACCAGGTGGCGATATCTATTCTACCTATAACGA  
 TAACCACTATGGTAGCCAAACAGGAACAAGTATGGCCTCTCCTCAGATTGCTGGCGCCAGCCTTTTGGTC  
 AAACAATACCTAGAAAAGACTCAGCCAAACTTGCCAAAAGAAAAAATTGCTGATATCGTTAAGAACCTAT  
 TGATGAGCAATGCTCAAATTCATGTTAATCCAGAGACAAAACGACCACCTCACCGCGTCAGCAAGGGGC  
 10 AGGATTACTTAATATTGACGGAGCTGTCACTAGCGGCCTTTATGTGACAGGAAAAGACAACCTATGGCAGT  
 ATATCATTAGGCAACATCACAGATACGATGACGTTTGATGTGACTGTTTCAACCTAAGCAATAAAGACA  
 AAACATTACGTTATGACACAGAATTGCTAACAGATCATGTAGACCCACAAAAGGGCCGCTTCACTTTGAC  
 TTCTCACTCCTTAAAAACGTACCAAGGAGGAGAAGTTACAGTCCCAGCCAATGGAAAAGTGACTGTAAGG  
 GTTACCATGGATGTCTCACAGTTCACAAAAGAGCTAACAAAACAGATGCCAAATGGTTACTATCTAGAAG  
 15 GTTTTGTCCGCTTTAGAGATAGTCAAGATGACCAACTAAATAGAGTAAACATTCTTTTGTGGTTTAA  
 AGGGCAATTTGAAAACCTTAGCAGTTGCAGAAGAGTCCATTTACAGATTAAATCTCAAGGCAAACTGGT  
 TTTTACTTTGATGAATCAGGTCCAAAAGACGATATCTATGTGCGTAAACACTTTACAGGACTTGTCACTC  
 TTGGTTTCAGAGACCAATGTGTCAACCAAAAACGATTTCTGACAATGGTCTACACACACTTGGCACCTTAA  
 AAATGCAGATGGCAAATTTATCTTAGAAAAAATGCCCAAGGAAACCTGTCTTAGCCATTTCTCAAAT  
 20 GGTGACAACAACCAAGATTTTGCAGCCTTCAAAGGTGTTTTCTTGAGAAAATATCAAGGCTTAAAGCAA  
 GTGTCTACCATGCTAGTGACAAGGAACACAAAATCCACTGTGGGTGAGCCAGAAAGCTTTAAAGGAGA  
 TAAAACTTTAATAGTGACATTAGATTTGCAAAATCAACGACCCTGTTAGGCACAGCATTCTTGGAAAA  
 TCGTTAACAGGAGCTGAATTACCAGATGGGCATTATCATTATGTGGTGTCTTATTACCCAGATGTGGTCTG  
 GTGCCAAACGTCAAGAAATGACATTTGACATGATTTTAGACCGACAAAACCGGTACTATCACAAGCAAC  
 25 ATTTGATCCTGAAACAAACCGATTCAAACCAGAACCCCTAAAAGACCGTGGATTAGCTGGTGTTCGCAA  
 GACAGTGTCTTTTATCTAGAAAAGAAAAGACAACAAGCCTTATACAGTTACGATAAACGATAGCTACAAAT  
 ATGTCTCAGTAGAAGACAATAAAACATTTGTGGAGCGACAAGCTGATGGCAGCTTTATCTTGCCGCTTGA  
 TAAAGCAAATTAGGGGATTTCTATTACATGGTTCGAGGATTTTGAGGGAACGTGGCCATCGCTAAGTTA  
 GGAGATCACTTACCACAAACATTAGGTAAAACACCAATTAACTTAAGCTTACAGACGGTAATTATCAGA  
 30 CCAAAGAAACGCTTAAAGATAATCTTGAAATGACACAGTCTGACACAGGTCTAGTCACAAATCAAGCCCA  
 GCTAGCAGTGGTGCACCGCAATCAGCCGCAAAGCCAGCTAACAAAGATGAATCAGGATTTCTTTATCTCA  
 CCAAACGAAGATGGGAATAAAGACTTTGTGGCCTTTAAAGGCTTGAAAAATAACGTGTATAATGACTTAA  
 CGGTAAACGTATACGCTAAAGATGACCACCAAAAACAAACCCCTATCTGGTCTAGTCAAGCAGGCGCTAG  
 TGTATCCGCTATTGAAAGTACAGCCTGGTATGGCATAACAGCCCGAGGAAGCAAGGTGATGCCAGGTGAT  
 35 TATCAGTATGTTGTGACCTATCGTGACGAACATGGTAAAGAACATCAAAGCAGTACACCATATCTGTGA  
 ATGACAAAAAACCAATGATCACTCAGGGACGTTTGTATACCATTAAATGGCGTTGACCACTTTACTCCTGA  
 CAAGACAAAAGCCCTTGACTCATCAGGCATTGTCCGCGAAGAAGTCTTTTACTTGGCCAAGAAAAATGGC  
 CGTAAATTTGATGTGACAGAAGGTAAAGATGGTATCACAGTTAGTGACAATAAGGTGTATATCCCTAAAA  
 ATCCAGATGGTTCCTTACACCATTTCAAAAAGAGATGGTGTCACTGTGAGATTATTACTACCTTGTCTGA  
 40 AGATAGAGCTGGTAATGTGTCTTTTGCTACCTTGCGTGACCTAAAAGCGGTGCGAAAAGACAAAGCAGTA  
 GTCAATTTTGGATTAGACTTACCGGTCCCTGAAGACAAACAAATAGTGAACCTTACCTACCTTGTGCGGG  
 ATGCAGATGGTAAACCGATTGAAAACCTAGAGTATTATAAATACTCAGGTAACAGTCTTATCTTGCCATA  
 CGGCAAAATACCGGTGCAATTGTTGACCTATGACACCAATGCAGCCAACTAGAGTCAGATAAAATCGTT  
 TCCTTTACCTTGTGAGCTGATAACAACCTTCCAACAAGTTACCTTTAAGATAACGATGTTAGCAACTTCTC  
 45 AAATAACTGCCCACTTTGATCATCTTTTGCCAGAAGGCAGTCGCGTTAGCCTTAAACAGCTCAAGATCA  
 GCTAATCCCGCTTGAACAGTCCTTGTATGTGCCTAAAGCTTATGGCAAAACCGTTCAAGAAGGCACCTTAC  
 GAAGTTGTTGTGAGCCTGCCTAAAGGCTACCGTATCGAAGGCAACACAAAGGTGAATACCTACCAATG  
 AAGTGCACGAACATCATTACGCCTTGTCAAAGTAGGAGATGCCTCAGATTCAACTGGTGATCATAAGGT  
 TATGTCAAAAAATAATTCACAGGCTTTGACAGCCTCTGCCACACCAACCAAGTCAACGACCTCAGCAACA  
 50 GCAAAAGCCCTACCATCAACGGGTGAAAAAATGGGTCTCAAGTTGCGCATAGTAGGTCTTGTGTTACTCG  
 GACTTACTTGGCTCTTTAGCCGAAAAAATCAACCAAGATTGA

Preferred GAS 057 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having  
 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%,  
 55 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 61; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
 consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 61, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25,  
 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These GAS 057 proteins include variants (e.g.  
 allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 61. Preferred fragments



of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 61. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 61. For example, in one embodiment, the underlined amino acid sequence at the N-terminus of  
 5 SEQ ID NO: 61 is removed. In another example, the underlined amino acid sequence at the C-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 61 is removed. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

The immunogenicity of other known GAS antigens may be improved by combination with two or  
 10 more GAS the first antigen group. Such other known GAS antigens include a second antigen group consisting of (1) one or more variants of the M surface protein or fragments thereof, (2) fibronectin-binding protein, (3) streptococcal heme-associated protein, or (4) SagA. These antigens are referred to herein as the "second antigen group".

The invention thus includes an immunogenic composition comprising a combination of GAS  
 15 antigens, said combination consisting of two to thirty-one GAS antigens of the first antigen group and one, two, three, or four GAS antigens of the second antigen group. Preferably, the combination consists of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten GAS antigens from the first antigen group. Still more preferably, the combination consists of three, four or five GAS antigens from the first antigen group. Preferably, the combination of GAS antigens includes either or both of GAS 40 and  
 20 GAS 117. Preferably, the combination of GAS antigens includes one or more variants of the M surface protein.

Each of the GAS antigens of the second antigen group are described in more detail below.

*(1) M surface protein*

Over 100 different type variants of the M protein have been identified. Epitopes having increased  
 25 bactericidal activity and having decreased likelihood of cross-reacting with human tissues have been identified in the amino terminal region and combined into fusion proteins containing approximately six, seven, or eight M protein fragments linked in tandem. See Ref. 4, 5, 6, WO 02/094851 and WO 94/06465. (Each of the M protein variants, fragments and fusion proteins described in these references are specifically incorporated herein by reference.)

Accordingly, the compositions of the invention may further comprise a GAS M surface protein or a  
 30 fragment or derivative thereof. One or more GAS M surface protein fragments may be combined together in a fusion protein. Alternatively, one or more GAS M surface protein fragments are combined with a GAS antigen or fragment thereof of the first antigen group. One example of a GAS M protein is set forth below.

**SEQ ID NO: 63**

MAKNNTNRHYSRLKLTGTASVAVALTVLGAGFANQTEVKANGDGNPREVIEDLAANNPAIQNIRLRYEN  
 KDLKARLENAMEVAGRDFKRAEELEKAKQALEDQRKDLETKLKELEQQDYDLAKESTSWDRQRLEKELEEK



KEALELAIDQASRDYHRATALEKELEEEKKKALELAIDQASQDYNRANVLEKELETITREQEINRNLLGNA  
 KLELDQLSSEKEQLTIEKAKLEEEKQISDASRQSLRRDLASREAKKQVEKDLANLTAELDKVKEDKQIS  
 DASRQGLRRDLASREAKKQVEKDLANLTAELDKVKEEKQISDASRQGLRRDLASREAKKQVEKALEEA  
 NSKLALEKLNKELEESKLTETEKAELQAKLEAEAKALKEQLAKQAEELAKLRAGKASDSQTPDTKPGN  
 KAVPGKGQAPQAGTKPNQNKAPMKETKRQLPSTGETANPFFTAALTMATAGVAADVVKRKEEN

Preferred GAS M proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 63; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 63, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These GAS M proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralog, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 63. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 63. Preferably, the fragment is one of those described in the references above. Preferably, the fragment is constructed in a fusion protein with one or more additional M protein fragments. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 63. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

## (2) Fibronectin-binding protein

GAS fibronectin-binding protein ('Sfbl') is a multifunctional bacterial protein thought to mediate attachment of the bacteria to host cells, facilitate bacterial internalization into cells and to bind to the Fc fragment of human IgG, thus interfering with Fc-receptor mediated phagocytosis and antibody-dependent cell cytotoxicity. Immunization of mice with Sfbl and an 'H12 fragment' (encoded by positions 1240 – 1854 of the Sfbl gene) are discussed in Refs. 7,8 and 9. One example of an amino acid sequence for GAS Sfbl is show below.

### SEQ ID NO: 64

MSFDGFFLHHLTNELKENLLYGRIQKVNQPFERELVLTIRNHRKNYKLLLSAHPVFGRVQITQADFQNPQ  
 VPNTFTMIMRKYLQGAVIDEQLEQIDNDRIIEIKVSNKNEIGDAIQATLIIIEIMGKHSNIIIVDRAENKII  
 ESIKHVGFQNSYRTILPGSTYIEPPKTAAVNPFTITDVPLFEILQTQELTVKSLQQHFQGLGRDTAKEL  
 AELLTTDKLKRFFEFARPTQANLTTASFAPVLFSDSHATFETLSMDLDFYQDKAERDRINQQASDLIH  
 RVQTELDKNRNKLSKQEAELLATENAELFRQKGELLTYLSLVPNNQDSVILDNYTGEKIEIALDKALT  
 PNQNAQRYFKKYQKLKEAVKHLGLIADTKQSITYFESVDYNLSQASIDDIEDIREELYQAGFLKSRQRD  
 KRHKRKKPEQYLASDGTITLMVGRNNLQNEELTFKMAKKGELWFHAKDIPGSHVIIKDNLDPSDEVKTD  
 AELAAYYSKARLSNLVQVDMIEAKKLHKPSGAKPGFVTYTQKTLRVTPDQAKILSMKLS

Preferred Sfbl proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 64; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 64, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, or more). These Sfbl proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralog, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 64. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 64. Preferably, the fragment is one of those described in the references above. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15,



20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 64. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

5 **(3) *Streptococcal heme-associated protein***

The GAS streptococcal heme-associated protein ('Shp') has been identified as a GAS cell surface protein. It is thought to be cotranscribed with genes encoding homologues of an ABC transporter involved in iron uptake in gram-negative bacteria. The Shp protein is further described in 10. One example of a Shp protein is shown below:

10 **SEQ ID NO: 65**

MTKVVIKQLLQVIVFMISLSTMTNLVYADKGQIYGCI IQRNYRHPISGQIEDSGGEHSFDIGQGMVEGT  
VYSDAMLEVSDAGKIVLTFRMSLADYSGNYQFWIQPGGTGSFQAVDYNITQKGTDTNGTTLDAISLPTV  
NSIIRGSMFVEPMGREVVFYLSASELIQKYSGNMLAQLVTETDNSQNQEVKDSQKPVDTKLGESQDESHT  
GAMITQNKPKANSSNNKSLSDKKILPSKMGLTTSLELKKEDKFRSKDLSIMIYYFPTFFLMLGGFAVWV  
15 WKKRKKNDKTM

Preferred Shp proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 65; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at least  $n$   
20 consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 65, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These Shp proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 65. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 65. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2,  
25 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 65. Other fragments omit one or more domains of the protein (e.g. omission of a signal peptide, of a cytoplasmic domain, of a transmembrane domain, or of an extracellular domain).

**(4) *SagA***

Streptolysin S (SLS), also known as 'SagA', is thought to be produced by almost all GAS colonies.  
30 This cytolytic toxin is responsible for the beta-hemolysis surrounding colonies of GAS grown on blood agar and is thought to be associated with virulence. While the full SagA peptide has not been shown to be immunogenic, a fragment of amino acids 10 – 30 (SagA 10 – 30) has been used to produce neutralizing antibodies. See Ref. 11. The amino acid sequence of SagA 10 – 30 is shown below:

35 **SEQ ID NO: 66 FSIATGSGNSQGGSGSYTPGKC**

Preferred SagA 10-30 proteins for use with the invention comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO: 66; and/or (b) which is a fragment of at

least  $n$  consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 66, wherein  $n$  is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, or 20). These SagA 10 - 30 proteins include variants (e.g. allelic variants, homologs, orthologs, paralogs, mutants, etc.) of SEQ ID NO: 66.

5 There is an upper limit to the number of GAS antigens which will be in the compositions of the invention. Preferably, the number of GAS antigens in a composition of the invention is less than 20, less than 19, less than 18, less than 17, less than 16, less than 15, less than 14, less than 13, less than 12, less than 11, less than 10, less than 9, less than 8, less than 7, less than 6, less than 5, less than 4, or less than 3. Still more preferably, the number of GAS antigens in a composition of the invention is less than 6, less than 5, or less than 4. Still more preferably, the number of GAS antigens in a  
10 composition of the invention is 3.

The GAS antigens used in the invention are preferably isolated, i.e., separate and discrete, from the whole organism with which the molecule is found in nature or, when the polynucleotide or polypeptide is not found in nature, is sufficiently free of other biological macromolecules so that the polynucleotide or polypeptide can be used for its intended purpose.

#### 15 ***Fusion proteins***

The GAS antigens used in the invention may be present in the composition as individual separate polypeptides, but it is preferred that at least two (i.e. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20) of the antigens are expressed as a single polypeptide chain (a 'hybrid' polypeptide). Hybrid polypeptides offer two principal advantages: first, a polypeptide that may be unstable or  
20 poorly expressed on its own can be assisted by adding a suitable hybrid partner that overcomes the problem; second, commercial manufacture is simplified as only one expression and purification need be employed in order to produce two polypeptides which are both antigenically useful.

The hybrid polypeptide may comprise two or more polypeptide sequences from the first antigen group. Accordingly, the invention includes a composition comprising a first amino acid sequence and  
25 a second amino acid sequence, wherein said first and second amino acid sequences are selected from a GAS antigen or a fragment thereof of the first antigen group. Preferably, the first and second amino acid sequences in the hybrid polypeptide comprise different epitopes.

The hybrid polypeptide may comprise one or more polypeptide sequences from the first antigen group and one or more polypeptide sequences from the second antigen group. Accordingly, the invention  
30 includes a composition comprising a first amino acid sequence and a second amino acid sequence, said first amino acid sequence selected from a GAS antigen or a fragment thereof from the first antigen group and said second amino acid sequence selected from a GAS antigen or a fragment thereof from the second antigen group. Preferably, the first and second amino acid sequences in the hybrid polypeptide comprise different epitopes.



Hybrids consisting of amino acid sequences from two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten GAS antigens are preferred. In particular, hybrids consisting of amino acid sequences from two, three, four, or five GAS antigens are preferred.

5 Different hybrid polypeptides may be mixed together in a single formulation. Within such combinations, a GAS antigen may be present in more than one hybrid polypeptide and/or as a non-hybrid polypeptide. It is preferred, however, that an antigen is present either as a hybrid or as a non-hybrid, but not as both.

10 Hybrid polypeptides can be represented by the formula  $\text{NH}_2\text{-A-}\{-\text{X-L-}\}_n\text{-B-COOH}$ , wherein: X is an amino acid sequence of a GAS antigen or a fragment thereof from the first antigen group or the second antigen group; L is an optional linker amino acid sequence; A is an optional N-terminal amino acid sequence; B is an optional C-terminal amino acid sequence; and  $n$  is 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15.

15 If a -X- moiety has a leader peptide sequence in its wild-type form, this may be included or omitted in the hybrid protein. In some embodiments, the leader peptides will be deleted except for that of the -X- moiety located at the N-terminus of the hybrid protein *i.e.* the leader peptide of  $X_1$  will be retained, but the leader peptides of  $X_2 \dots X_n$  will be omitted. This is equivalent to deleting all leader peptides and using the leader peptide of  $X_1$  as moiety -A-.

20 For each  $n$  instances of  $\{-\text{X-L-}\}$ , linker amino acid sequence -L- may be present or absent. For instance, when  $n=2$  the hybrid may be  $\text{NH}_2\text{-X}_1\text{-L}_1\text{-X}_2\text{-L}_2\text{-COOH}$ ,  $\text{NH}_2\text{-X}_1\text{-X}_2\text{-COOH}$ ,  $\text{NH}_2\text{-X}_1\text{-L}_1\text{-X}_2\text{-COOH}$ ,  $\text{NH}_2\text{-X}_1\text{-X}_2\text{-L}_2\text{-COOH}$ , *etc.* Linker amino acid sequence(s) -L- will typically be short (*e.g.* 20 or fewer amino acids *i.e.* 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1). Examples comprise short peptide sequences which facilitate cloning, poly-glycine linkers (*i.e.* comprising  $\text{Gly}_n$  where  $n = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10$  or more), and histidine tags (*i.e.*  $\text{His}_n$  where  $n = 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10$  or more). Other suitable linker amino acid sequences will be apparent to those skilled in the art. A  
25 useful linker is GSGGGG, with the Gly-Ser dipeptide being formed from a *Bam*HI restriction site, thus aiding cloning and manipulation, and the  $(\text{Gly})_4$  tetrapeptide being a typical poly-glycine linker.

30 -A- is an optional N-terminal amino acid sequence. This will typically be short (*e.g.* 40 or fewer amino acids *i.e.* 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1). Examples include leader sequences to direct protein trafficking, or short peptide sequences which facilitate cloning or purification (*e.g.* histidine tags *i.e.*  $\text{His}_n$  where  $n = 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10$  or more). Other suitable N-terminal amino acid sequences will be apparent to those skilled in the art. If  $X_1$  lacks its own N-terminus methionine, -A- is preferably an oligopeptide (*e.g.* with 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 amino acids) which provides a N-terminus methionine.

35 -B- is an optional C-terminal amino acid sequence. This will typically be short (*e.g.* 40 or fewer amino acids *i.e.* 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1). Examples include sequences to direct protein trafficking, short peptide sequences which facilitate cloning or purification (*e.g.* comprising histidine

tags *i.e.* His<sub>*n*</sub>, where *n* = 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 or more), or sequences which enhance protein stability. Other suitable C-terminal amino acid sequences will be apparent to those skilled in the art.

Most preferably, *n* is 2 or 3.

5 The invention also provides nucleic acid encoding hybrid polypeptides of the invention. Furthermore, the invention provides nucleic acid which can hybridise to this nucleic acid, preferably under "high stringency" conditions (*e.g.* 65°C in a 0.1xSSC, 0.5% SDS solution).

10 Polypeptides of the invention can be prepared by various means (*e.g.* recombinant expression, purification from cell culture, chemical synthesis, *etc.*) and in various forms (*e.g.* native, fusions, non-glycosylated, lipidated, *etc.*). They are preferably prepared in substantially pure form (*i.e.* substantially free from other GAS or host cell proteins).

Nucleic acid according to the invention can be prepared in many ways (*e.g.* by chemical synthesis, from genomic or cDNA libraries, from the organism itself, *etc.*) and can take various forms (*e.g.* single stranded, double stranded, vectors, probes, *etc.*). They are preferably prepared in substantially pure form (*i.e.* substantially free from other GAS or host cell nucleic acids).

15 The term "nucleic acid" includes DNA and RNA, and also their analogues, such as those containing modified backbones (*e.g.* phosphorothioates, *etc.*), and also peptide nucleic acids (PNA), *etc.* The invention includes nucleic acid comprising sequences complementary to those described above (*e.g.* for antisense or probing purposes).

20 The invention also provides a process for producing a polypeptide of the invention, comprising the step of culturing a host cell transformed with nucleic acid of the invention under conditions which induce polypeptide expression.

The invention provides a process for producing a polypeptide of the invention, comprising the step of synthesising at least part of the polypeptide by chemical means.

25 The invention provides a process for producing nucleic acid of the invention, comprising the step of amplifying nucleic acid using a primer-based amplification method (*e.g.* PCR).

The invention provides a process for producing nucleic acid of the invention, comprising the step of synthesising at least part of the nucleic acid by chemical means.

### **Strains**

30 Preferred polypeptides of the invention comprise an amino acid sequence found in an M1, M3 or M18 strain of GAS. The genomic sequence of an M1 GAS strain is reported at Ref. 12. The genomic sequence of an M3 GAS strain is reported at Ref. 13. The genomic sequence of an M18 GAS strain is reported at Ref. 14.

Where hybrid polypeptides are used, the individual antigens within the hybrid (*i.e.* individual -X-moieties) may be from one or more strains. Where *n*=2, for instance, X<sub>2</sub> may be from the same strain



as  $X_1$  or from a different strain. Where  $n=3$ , the strains might be (i)  $X_1=X_2=X_3$  (ii)  $X_1=X_2/X_3$  (iii)  $X_1/X_2=X_3$  (iv)  $X_1/X_2/X_3$  or (v)  $X_1=X_2/X_3$ , etc.

#### ***Purification and Recombinant Expression***

The GAS antigens of the invention may be isolated from a *Streptococcus pyogenes*, or they may be recombinantly produced, for instance, in a heterologous host. Preferably, the GAS antigens are prepared using a heterologous host. The heterologous host may be prokaryotic (e.g. a bacterium) or eukaryotic. It is preferably *E.coli*, but other suitable hosts include *Bacillus subtilis*, *Vibrio cholerae*, *Salmonella typhi*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Neisseria lactamica*, *Neisseria cinerea*, *Mycobacteria* (e.g. *M.tuberculosis*), yeasts, etc.

Recombinant production of polypeptides is facilitated by adding a tag protein to the GAS antigen to be expressed as a fusion protein comprising the tag protein and the GAS antigen. Such tag proteins can facilitate purification, detection and stability of the expressed protein. Tag proteins suitable for use in the invention include a polyarginine tag (Arg-tag), polyhistidine tag (His-tag), FLAG-tag, Strep-tag, c-myc-tag, S-tag, calmodulin-binding peptide, cellulose-binding domain, SBP-tag, chitin-binding domain, glutathione S-transferase-tag (GST), maltose-binding protein, transcription termination anti-terminiation factor (NusA), *E. coli* thioredoxin (TrxA) and protein disulfide isomerase I (DsbA). Preferred tag proteins include His-tag and GST. A full discussion on the use of tag proteins can be found at Ref. 15.

After purification, the tag proteins may optionally be removed from the expressed fusion protein, i.e., by specifically tailored enzymatic treatments known in the art. Commonly used proteases include enterokinase, tobacco etch virus (TEV), thrombin, and factor  $X_a$ .

#### ***Immunogenic compositions and medicaments***

Compositions of the invention are preferably immunogenic compositions, and are more preferably vaccine compositions. The pH of the composition is preferably between 6 and 8, preferably about 7.

The pH may be maintained by the use of a buffer. The composition may be sterile and/or pyrogen-free. The composition may be isotonic with respect to humans.

Vaccines according to the invention may either be prophylactic (i.e. to prevent infection) or therapeutic (i.e. to treat infection), but will typically be prophylactic. Accordingly, the invention includes a method for the therapeutic or prophylactic treatment of a *Streptococcus pyogenes* infection in an animal susceptible to streptococcal infection comprising administering to said animal a therapeutic or prophylactic amount of the immunogenic compositions of the invention. Preferably, the immunogenic composition comprises a combination of GAS antigens, said combination consisting of two to thirty-one GAS antigens of the first antigen group. Preferably, the combination of GAS antigens consists of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. Preferably, the combination of GAS antigens consists of three, four, or five GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. Preferably, the combination of GAS antigens includes either or both of GAS 40 and GAS 117.

Alternatively, the invention includes an immunogenic composition comprising a combination of GAS antigens, said combination consisting of two to thirty-one GAS antigens of the first antigen group and one, two, three, or four GAS antigens of the second antigen group. Preferably, the combination consists of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten GAS antigens from the first antigen group.

5 Still more preferably, the combination consists of three, four or five GAS antigens from the first antigen group. Preferably, the combination of GAS antigens includes either or both of GAS 40 and GAS 117. Preferably, the combination of GAS antigens includes one or more variants of the M surface protein.

10 The invention also provides a composition of the invention for use as a medicament. The medicament is preferably able to raise an immune response in a mammal (*i.e.* it is an immunogenic composition) and is more preferably a vaccine.

The invention also provides the use of the compositions of the invention in the manufacture of a medicament for raising an immune response in a mammal. The medicament is preferably a vaccine.

15 The invention also provides for a kit comprising a first component comprising a combination of GAS antigens. In one embodiment, the combination of GAS antigens consists of a mixture of two to thirty-one GAS antigens selected from the first antigen group. Preferably, the combination consists of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten GAS antigens from the first antigen group. Preferably, the combination consists of three, four, or five GAS antigens from the first antigen group. Preferably, the combination includes either or both of GAS 117 and GAS 040.

20 In another embodiment, the kit comprises a first component comprising a combination of GAS antigens consisting of a mixture of two to thirty-one GAS antigens of the first antigen group and one, two, three, or four GAS antigens of the second antigen group. Preferably, the combination consists of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten GAS antigens from the first antigen group. Still more preferably, the combination consists of three, four or five GAS antigens from the first antigen group.  
25 Preferably, the combination of GAS antigens includes either or both of GAS 40 and GAS 117. Preferably, the combination of GAS antigens includes one or more variants of the M surface protein.

The invention also provides a delivery device pre-filled with the immunogenic compositions of the invention.

30 The invention also provides a method for raising an immune response in a mammal comprising the step of administering an effective amount of a composition of the invention. The immune response is preferably protective and preferably involves antibodies and/or cell-mediated immunity. The method may raise a booster response.

35 The mammal is preferably a human. Where the vaccine is for prophylactic use, the human is preferably a child (*e.g.* a toddler or infant) or a teenager; where the vaccine is for therapeutic use, the human is preferably a teenager or an adult. A vaccine intended for children may also be administered to adults *e.g.* to assess safety, dosage, immunogenicity, *etc.*



These uses and methods are preferably for the prevention and/or treatment of a disease caused by *Streptococcus pyogenes* (e.g. pharyngitis (such as streptococcal sore throat), scarlet fever, impetigo, erysipelas, cellulitis, septicemia, toxic shock syndrome, necrotizing fasciitis (flesh eating disease) and sequelae (such as rheumatic fever and acute glomerulonephritis)). The compositions may also be effective against other streptococcal bacteria.

One way of checking efficacy of therapeutic treatment involves monitoring GAS infection after administration of the composition of the invention. One way of checking efficacy of prophylactic treatment involves monitoring immune responses against the GAS antigens in the compositions of the invention after administration of the composition.

Compositions of the invention will generally be administered directly to a patient. Direct delivery may be accomplished by parenteral injection (e.g. subcutaneously, intraperitoneally, intravenously, intramuscularly, or to the interstitial space of a tissue), or by rectal, oral (e.g. tablet, spray), vaginal, topical, transdermal {e.g. see ref. 16} or transcutaneous {e.g. see refs. 17 & 18}, intranasal {e.g. see ref. 19}, ocular, aural, pulmonary or other mucosal administration.

The invention may be used to elicit systemic and/or mucosal immunity.

Dosage treatment can be a single dose schedule or a multiple dose schedule. Multiple doses may be used in a primary immunisation schedule and/or in a booster immunisation schedule. In a multiple dose schedule the various doses may be given by the same or different routes e.g. a parenteral prime and mucosal boost, a mucosal prime and parenteral boost, etc.

The compositions of the invention may be prepared in various forms. For example, the compositions may be prepared as injectables, either as liquid solutions or suspensions. Solid forms suitable for solution in, or suspension in, liquid vehicles prior to injection can also be prepared (e.g. a lyophilised composition). The composition may be prepared for topical administration e.g. as an ointment, cream or powder. The composition may be prepared for oral administration e.g. as a tablet or capsule, as a spray, or as a syrup (optionally flavoured). The composition may be prepared for pulmonary administration e.g. as an inhaler, using a fine powder or a spray. The composition may be prepared as a suppository or pessary. The composition may be prepared for nasal, aural or ocular administration e.g. as drops. The composition may be in kit form, designed such that a combined composition is reconstituted just prior to administration to a patient. Such kits may comprise one or more antigens in liquid form and one or more lyophilised antigens.

Immunogenic compositions used as vaccines comprise an immunologically effective amount of antigen(s), as well as any other components, as needed. By 'immunologically effective amount', it is meant that the administration of that amount to an individual, either in a single dose or as part of a series, is effective for treatment or prevention. This amount varies depending upon the health and physical condition of the individual to be treated, age, the taxonomic group of individual to be treated (e.g. non-human primate, primate, etc.), the capacity of the individual's immune system to synthesise antibodies, the degree of protection desired, the formulation of the vaccine, the treating doctor's

assessment of the medical situation, and other relevant factors. It is expected that the amount will fall in a relatively broad range that can be determined through routine trials.

***Further components of the composition***

The composition of the invention will typically, in addition to the components mentioned above, comprise one or more 'pharmaceutically acceptable carriers', which include any carrier that does not itself induce the production of antibodies harmful to the individual receiving the composition.

Suitable carriers are typically large, slowly metabolised macromolecules such as proteins, polysaccharides, polylactic acids, polyglycolic acids, polymeric amino acids, amino acid copolymers, and lipid aggregates (such as oil droplets or liposomes). Such carriers are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The vaccines may also contain diluents, such as water, saline, glycerol, *etc.* Additionally, auxiliary substances, such as wetting or emulsifying agents, pH buffering substances, and the like, may be present. A thorough discussion of pharmaceutically acceptable excipients is available in reference 20.

Vaccines of the invention may be administered in conjunction with other immunoregulatory agents. In particular, compositions will usually include an adjuvant.

Preferred further adjuvants include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following set forth below:

**A. Mineral Containing Compositions**

Mineral containing compositions suitable for use as adjuvants in the invention include mineral salts, such as aluminium salts and calcium salts. The invention includes mineral salts such as hydroxides (*e.g.* oxyhydroxides), phosphates (*e.g.* hydroxyphosphates, orthophosphates), sulphates, *etc.* (*e.g.* see chapters 8 & 9 of ref. 21)), or mixtures of different mineral compounds, with the compounds taking any suitable form (*e.g.* gel, crystalline, amorphous, *etc.*), and with adsorption being preferred. The mineral containing compositions may also be formulated as a particle of metal salt. See ref. 22.

**B. Oil-Emulsions**

Oil-emulsion compositions suitable for use as adjuvants in the invention include squalene-water emulsions, such as MF59 (5% Squalene, 0.5% Tween 80, and 0.5% Span 85, formulated into submicron particles using a microfluidizer). See ref. 23.

Complete Freund's adjuvant (CFA) and incomplete Freund's adjuvant (IFA) may also be used as adjuvants in the invention.

**C. Saponin Formulations**

Saponin formulations, may also be used as adjuvants in the invention. Saponins are a heterologous group of sterol glycosides and triterpenoid glycosides that are found in the bark, leaves, stems, roots and even flowers of a wide range of plant species. Saponin from the bark of the *Quillaia saponaria* Molina tree have been widely studied as adjuvants. Saponin can also be commercially obtained from *Smilax ornata* (sarsapilla), *Gypsophilla paniculata* (brides veil), and *Saponaria officianalis* (soap root). Saponin adjuvant formulations include purified formulations, such as QS21, as well as lipid formulations, such as ISCOMs.



Saponin compositions have been purified using High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography (HPLC) and Reversed Phase High Performance Liquid Chromatography (RP-HPLC). Specific purified fractions using these techniques have been identified, including QS7, QS17, QS18, QS21, QH-A, QH-B and QH-C. Preferably, the saponin is QS21. A method of production of QS21 is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,057,540. Saponin formulations may also comprise a sterol, such as cholesterol (see WO 96/33739).

Combinations of saponins and cholesterol can be used to form unique particles called Immunostimulating Complexs (ISCOMs). ISCOMs typically also include a phospholipid such as phosphatidylethanolamine or phosphatidylcholine. Any known saponin can be used in ISCOMs. Preferably, the ISCOM includes one or more of Quil A, QHA and QHC. ISCOMs are further described in EP 0 109 942, WO 96/11711 and WO 96/33739. Optionally, the ISCOMS may be devoid of additional detergent. See ref. 24.

A review of the development of saponin based adjuvants can be found at ref. 25.

#### C. Virosomes and Virus Like Particles (VLPs)

Virosomes and Virus Like Particles (VLPs) can also be used as adjuvants in the invention. These structures generally contain one or more proteins from a virus optionally combined or formulated with a phospholipid. They are generally non-pathogenic, non-replicating and generally do not contain any of the native viral genome. The viral proteins may be recombinantly produced or isolated from whole viruses. These viral proteins suitable for use in virosomes or VLPs include proteins derived from influenza virus (such as HA or NA), Hepatitis B virus (such as core or capsid proteins), Hepatitis E virus, measles virus, Sindbis virus, Rotavirus, Foot-and-Mouth Disease virus, Retrovirus, Norwalk virus, human Papilloma virus, HIV, RNA-phages, Q $\beta$ -phage (such as coat proteins), GA-phage, fr-phage, AP205 phage, and Ty (such as retrotransposon Ty protein p1). VLPs are discussed further in WO 03/024480, WO 03/024481, and Refs. 26, 27, 28 and 29. Virosomes are discussed further in, for example, Ref. 30

#### D. Bacterial or Microbial Derivatives

Adjuvants suitable for use in the invention include bacterial or microbial derivatives such as:

##### (1) *Non-toxic derivatives of enterobacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS)*

Such derivatives include Monophosphoryl lipid A (MPL) and 3-O-deacylated MPL (3dMPL).

3dMPL is a mixture of 3 De-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A with 4, 5 or 6 acylated chains. A preferred "small particle" form of 3 De-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A is disclosed in EP 0 689 454. Such "small particles" of 3dMPL are small enough to be sterile filtered through a 0.22 micron membrane (see EP 0 689 454). Other non-toxic LPS derivatives include monophosphoryl lipid A mimics, such as aminoalkyl glucosaminide phosphate derivatives e.g. RC-529. See Ref. 31.

##### (2) *Lipid A Derivatives*

Lipid A derivatives include derivatives of lipid A from *Escherichia coli* such as OM-174. OM-174 is described for example in Ref. 32 and 33.

##### (3) *Immunostimulatory oligonucleotides*

Immunostimulatory oligonucleotides suitable for use as adjuvants in the invention include nucleotide sequences containing a CpG motif (a sequence containing an unmethylated cytosine followed by guanosine and linked by a phosphate bond). Bacterial double stranded RNA or oligonucleotides containing palindromic or poly(dG) sequences have also been shown to be immunostimulatory.

- 5 The CpG's can include nucleotide modifications/analogues such as phosphorothioate modifications and can be double-stranded or single-stranded. Optionally, the guanosine may be replaced with an analogue such as 2'-deoxy-7-deazaguanosine. See ref. 34, WO 02/26757 and WO 99/62923 for examples of possible analogue substitutions. The adjuvant effect of CpG oligonucleotides is further discussed in Refs. 35, 36, WO 98/40100, U.S. Patent No. 6,207,646, U.S. Patent No. 6,239,116, and U.S. Patent  
10 No. 6,429,199.

The CpG sequence may be directed to TLR9, such as the motif GTCGTT or TTCGTT. See ref. 37. The CpG sequence may be specific for inducing a Th1 immune response, such as a CpG-A ODN, or it may be more specific for inducing a B cell response, such as a CpG-B ODN. CpG-A and CpG-B ODNs are discussed in refs. 38, 39 and WO 01/95935. Preferably, the CpG is a CpG-A ODN.

- 15 Preferably, the CpG oligonucleotide is constructed so that the 5' end is accessible for receptor recognition. Optionally, two CpG oligonucleotide sequences may be attached at their 3' ends to form "immunomers". See, for example, refs. 40, 41, 42 and WO 03/035836.

(4) *ADP-ribosylating toxins and detoxified derivatives thereof.*

- 20 Bacterial ADP-ribosylating toxins and detoxified derivatives thereof may be used as adjuvants in the invention. Preferably, the protein is derived from *E. coli* (i.e., *E. coli* heat labile enterotoxin "LT"), cholera ("CT"), or pertussis ("PT"). The use of detoxified ADP-ribosylating toxins as mucosal adjuvants is described in WO 95/17211 and as parenteral adjuvants in WO 98/42375. Preferably, the adjuvant is a detoxified LT mutant such as LT-K63.

E. Human Immunomodulators

- 25 Human immunomodulators suitable for use as adjuvants in the invention include cytokines, such as interleukins (e.g. IL-1, IL-2, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-7, IL-12, etc.), interferons (e.g. interferon- $\gamma$ ), macrophage colony stimulating factor, and tumor necrosis factor.

F. Bioadhesives and Mucoadhesives

- 30 Bioadhesives and mucoadhesives may also be used as adjuvants in the invention. Suitable bioadhesives include esterified hyaluronic acid microspheres (Ref. 43) or mucoadhesives such as cross-linked derivatives of poly(acrylic acid), polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinyl pyrrolidone, polysaccharides and carboxymethylcellulose. Chitosan and derivatives thereof may also be used as adjuvants in the invention. E.g., ref. 44.

G. Microparticles

- 35 Microparticles may also be used as adjuvants in the invention. Microparticles (i.e. a particle of ~100nm to ~150 $\mu$ m in diameter, more preferably ~200nm to ~30 $\mu$ m in diameter, and most preferably ~500nm to ~10 $\mu$ m in diameter) formed from materials that are biodegradable and non-toxic (e.g. a poly( $\alpha$ -hydroxy acid), a polyhydroxybutyric acid, a polyorthoester, a polyanhydride, a polycaprolactone, etc.), with poly(lactide-co-glycolide) are preferred, optionally treated to have a



negatively-charged surface (e.g. with SDS) or a positively-charged surface (e.g. with a cationic detergent, such as CTAB).

#### H. Liposomes

Examples of liposome formulations suitable for use as adjuvants are described in U.S. Patent No.

5 6,090,406, U.S. Patent No. 5,916,588, and EP 0 626 169.

#### I. Polyoxyethylene ether and Polyoxyethylene Ester Formulations

Adjuvants suitable for use in the invention include polyoxyethylene ethers and polyoxyethylene esters. Ref. 45. Such formulations further include polyoxyethylene sorbitan ester surfactants in combination with an octoxynol (Ref. 46) as well as polyoxyethylene alkyl ethers or ester surfactants  
10 in combination with at least one additional non-ionic surfactant such as an octoxynol (Ref. 47).

Preferred polyoxyethylene ethers are selected from the following group: polyoxyethylene-9-lauryl ether (laureth 9), polyoxyethylene-9-stearyl ether, polyoxyethylene-8-stearyl ether, polyoxyethylene-4-lauryl ether, polyoxyethylene-35-lauryl ether, and polyoxyethylene-23-lauryl ether.

#### J. Polyphosphazene (PCPP)

15 PCPP formulations are described, for example, in Ref. 48 and 49.

#### K. Muramyl peptides

Examples of muramyl peptides suitable for use as adjuvants in the invention include N-acetyl-muramyl-L-threonyl-D-isoglutamine (thr-MDP), N-acetyl-normuramyl-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine (nor-MDP), and N-acetylmuramyl-L-alanyl-D-isoglutaminyl-L-alanine-2-(1'-2'-dipalmitoyl-*sn*-glycero-3-  
20 hydroxyphosphoryloxy)-ethylamine MTP-PE).

#### L. Imidazoquinolone Compounds.

Examples of imidazoquinolone compounds suitable for use adjuvants in the invention include Imiquamod and its homologues, described further in Ref. 50 and 51.

The invention may also comprise combinations of aspects of one or more of the adjuvants identified  
25 above. For example, the following adjuvant compositions may be used in the invention:

- (1) a saponin and an oil-in-water emulsion (ref. 52);
- (2) a saponin (e.g., QS21) + a non-toxic LPS derivative (e.g., 3dMPL) (see WO  
94/00153);
- (3) a saponin (e.g., QS21) + a non-toxic LPS derivative (e.g., 3dMPL) + a cholesterol;
- (4) a saponin (e.g. QS21) + 3dMPL + IL-12 (optionally + a sterol) (Ref. 53);

combinations of 3dMPL with, for example, QS21 and/or oil-in-water emulsions (Ref. 54);

(5) SAF, containing 10% Squalane, 0.4% Tween 80, 5% pluronic-block polymer L121, and thr-MDP, either microfluidized into a submicron emulsion or vortexed to generate a larger particle size emulsion.

35 (6) Ribi<sup>TM</sup> adjuvant system (RAS), (Ribi Immunochem) containing 2% Squalene, 0.2% Tween 80, and one or more bacterial cell wall components from the group consisting of

monophosphorylipid A (MPL), trehalose dimycolate (TDM), and cell wall skeleton (CWS), preferably MPL + CWS (Detox™); and

(7) one or more mineral salts (such as an aluminum salt) + a non-toxic derivative of LPS (such as 3dPML).

5 Aluminium salts and MF59 are preferred adjuvants for parenteral immunisation. Mutant bacterial toxins are preferred mucosal adjuvants.

The composition may include an antibiotic.

#### **Further antigens**

10 The compositions of the invention may further comprise one or more additional non-GAS antigens, including additional bacterial, viral or parasitic antigens.

In one embodiment, the GAS antigen combinations of the invention are combined with one or more additional, non-GAS antigens suitable for use in a paediatric vaccine. For example, the GAS antigen combinations may be combined with one or more antigens derived from a bacteria or virus selected from the group consisting of *N. meningitidis* (including serogroup A, B, C, W135 and/or Y),  
15 *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, *Bordetella pertussis*, *Moraxella catarrhalis*, *Tetanus*, *Diphtheria*, Respiratory Syncytial virus ('RSV'), polio, measles, mumps, rubella, and rotavirus.

In another embodiment, the GAS antigen combinations of the invention are combined with one or more additional, non-GAS antigens suitable for use in a vaccine designed to protect elderly or immunocompromised individuals. For example, the GAS antigen combinations may be combined  
20 with an antigen derived from the group consisting of *Enterococcus faecalis*, *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Staphylococcus epidermis*, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, *Legionella pneumophila*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, influenza, and Parainfluenza virus ('PIV').

Where a saccharide or carbohydrate antigen is used, it is preferably conjugated to a carrier protein in order to enhance immunogenicity {e.g. refs. 55 to 64}. Preferred carrier proteins are bacterial toxins  
25 or toxoids, such as diphtheria or tetanus toxoids. The CRM<sub>197</sub> diphtheria toxoid is particularly preferred {65}. Other carrier polypeptides include the *N.meningitidis* outer membrane protein {66}, synthetic peptides {67, 68}, heat shock proteins {69, 70}, pertussis proteins {71, 72}, protein D from *H.influenzae* {73}, cytokines {74}, lymphokines, hormones, growth factors, toxin A or B from *C.difficile* {75}, iron-uptake proteins {76}, etc. Where a mixture comprises capsular saccharides from  
30 both serogroups A and C, it may be preferred that the ratio (w/w) of MenA saccharide:MenC saccharide is greater than 1 (e.g. 2:1, 3:1, 4:1, 5:1, 10:1 or higher). Different saccharides can be conjugated to the same or different type of carrier protein. Any suitable conjugation reaction can be used, with any suitable linker where necessary.

35 Toxic protein antigens may be detoxified where necessary e.g. detoxification of pertussis toxin by chemical and/or genetic means.



Where a diphtheria antigen is included in the composition it is preferred also to include tetanus antigen and pertussis antigens. Similarly, where a tetanus antigen is included it is preferred also to include diphtheria and pertussis antigens. Similarly, where a pertussis antigen is included it is preferred also to include diphtheria and tetanus antigens.

- 5 Antigens in the composition will typically be present at a concentration of at least 1  $\mu$ g/ml each. In general, the concentration of any given antigen will be sufficient to elicit an immune response against that antigen.

As an alternative to using protein antigens in the composition of the invention, nucleic acid encoding the antigen may be used {e.g. refs. 77 to 85}. Protein components of the compositions of the invention may thus be replaced by nucleic acid (preferably DNA e.g. in the form of a plasmid) that encodes the protein.

### Definitions

The term "comprising" means "including" as well as "consisting" e.g. a composition "comprising" X may consist exclusively of X or may include something additional e.g. X + Y.

- 15 The term "about" in relation to a numerical value x means, for example,  $x \pm 10\%$ .

References to a percentage sequence identity between two amino acid sequences means that, when aligned, that percentage of amino acids are the same in comparing the two sequences. This alignment and the percent homology or sequence identity can be determined using software programs known in the art, for example those described in section 7.7.18 of reference 86. A preferred alignment is determined by the Smith-Waterman homology search algorithm using an affine gap search with a gap open penalty of 12 and a gap extension penalty of 2, BLOSUM matrix of 62. The Smith-Waterman homology search algorithm is disclosed in reference 87.

The following example demonstrates one way of preparing recombinant GAS antigens of the invention and testing their efficacy in a murine model.

### 25 **EXAMPLE 1: Preparation of recombinant GAS antigens of the invention and Demonstration of Efficacy in Murine Model.**

Recombinant GAS proteins corresponding to two or more of the GAS antigens of the first antigen group are expressed as follows.

#### 30 1. Cloning of GAS antigens for expression in E. coli

The selected GAS antigens were cloned in such a way to obtain two different kinds of recombinant proteins: (1) proteins having an hexa-histidine tag at the carboxy-terminus (Gas-His) and (2) proteins having the hexa-histidine tag at the carboxy-terminus and GST at the amino-terminus (Gst-Gas-His). Type (1) proteins were obtained by cloning in a pET21b+vector (available from Novagen). The type (2) proteins were obtained by cloning in a pGEX-NNH

vector. This cloning strategy allowed for the GAS genomic DNA to be used to amplify the selected genes by PCR, to perform a single restriction enzyme digestion of the PCR products and to clone then simultaneously into both vectors.

(a) *Construction of pGEX-NNH expression vectors*

- 5 Two couples of complementary oligodeoxyribonucleotides are synthesised using the DNA synthesiser ABI394 (Perkin Elmer) and reagents from Cruachem (Glasgow, Scotland). Equimolar amounts of the oligo pairs (50 ng each oligo) are annealed in T4 DNA ligase buffer (New England Biolabs) for 10 min in a final volume of 50  $\mu$ l and then left to cool slowly at room temperature. With the described procedure the following DNA linkers are obtained:

10 **gexNN linker**

NdeI   NheI   XmaI   EcoRI   NcoI   SalI   XhoI   SacI

GATCCCATATGGCTAGCCCGGGAATTTCGTCCATGGAGTGAGTCGACTGACTCGAGTGATCGAGCTC

GGTATACCGATCGGGCCCTTAAGCAGGTACCTCACTCAGCTGACTGAGCTCACTAGCTCGAG

15 **NotI**

CTGAGCGGCCGCATGAA

GACTCGCCGGCGTACTTTCGA

**gexNNH linker**

- 20 HindIII   NotI   XhoI   Hexa-Histidine
- TCGACAAGCTTGC GGCCGCACTCGAGCATCACCATCACCATCACTGAT
- GTTCTGAACGCCGGCGTGAGCACGTAGAGGTAGTGGTAGTGACTATCGA

- The plasmid pGEX-KG [K. L. Guan and J. E. Dixon, *Anal. Biochem.* 192, 262 (1991)] is digested
- 25 with BamHI and HindIII and 100 ng is ligated overnight at 16 °C to the linker gexNN with a molar ratio of 3:1 linker/plasmid using 200 units of T4 DNA ligase (New England Biolabs). After transformation of the ligation product in *E. coli* DH5, a clone containing the pGEX-NN plasmid, having the correct linker, is selected by means of restriction enzyme analysis and DNA sequencing. The new plasmid pGEX-NN is digested with SalI and HindIII and ligated to the linker gexNNH. After
- 30 transformation of the ligation product in *E. coli* DH5, a clone containing the pGEX-NNH plasmid, having the correct linker, is selected by means of restriction enzyme analysis and DNA sequencing.

(b) *Chromosomal DNA preparation*

- GAS SF370 strain is grown in THY medium until OD<sub>600</sub> is 0.6-0.8. Bacteria are then centrifuged, suspended in TES buffer with lysozyme (10mg/ml) and mutanolysine (10U/ $\mu$ l) and incubated 1 hr at
- 35 37° C. Following treatment of the bacterial suspension with RNAase, Proteinase K and 10% Sarcosyl/EDTA, protein extraction with saturated phenol and phenol/chloroform is carried out. The resulting supernatant is precipitated with Sodium Acetate/Ethanol and the extracted DNA is pelleted by centrifugation, suspended in Tris buffer and kept at -20° C.



(c) *Oligonucleotide design*

Synthetic oligonucleotide primers are designed on the basis of the coding sequence of each GAS antigen using the sequence of *Streptococcus pyogenes* SF370 M1 strain. Any predicted signal peptide is omitted, by deducing the 5' end amplification primer sequence immediately downstream from the predicted leader sequence. For most GAS antigens, the 5' tail of the primers (see Table 1, below) include only one restriction enzyme recognition site (NdeI, or NheI, or SpeI depending on the gene's own restriction pattern); the 3' primer tails (see Table 1) include a XhoI or a NotI or a HindIII restriction site.

5' tails		3' tails	
NdeI	5' GTGCGTCATATG 3'	XhoI	5' GCGTCTCGAG 3'
NheI	5' GTGCGTGCTAGC 3'	NotI	5' ACTCGCTAGCGGCCGC 3'
SpeI	5' GTGCGTACTAGT 3'	HindIII	5' GCGTAAGCTT 3'

**Table 1.** Oligonucleotide tails of the primers used to amplify genes encoding selected GAS antigens.

As well as containing the restriction enzyme recognition sequences, the primers include nucleotides which hybridize to the sequence to be amplified. The number of hybridizing nucleotides depends on the melting temperature of the primers which can be determined as described [(Breslauer et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 83, 3746-50 (1986))]. The average melting temperature of the selected oligos is 50-55 °C for the hybridizing region alone and 65-75 °C for the whole oligos. Oligos can be purchased from MWG-Biotech S.p.A. (Firenze, Italy).

(d) *PCR amplification*

The standard PCR protocol is as follows: 50 ng genomic DNA are used as template in the presence of 0,2 µM each primer, 200 µM each dNTP, 1,5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1x PCR buffer minus Mg (Gibco-BRL), and 2 units of Taq DNA polymerase (Platinum Taq, Gibco-BRL) in a final volume of 100 µl. Each sample undergoes a double-step amplification: the first 5 cycles are performed using as the hybridizing temperature of one of the oligos excluding the restriction enzyme tail, followed by 25 cycles performed according to the hybridization temperature of the whole length primers. The standard cycles are as follows:

one cycle:

denaturation : 94 °C, 2 min

5 cycles:

denaturation: 94 °C, 30 seconds, hybridization: 1 °C, 50 seconds, elongation: 72 °C, 1 min or 2 min and 40 sec

25 cycles:

denaturation: 94 °C, 30 seconds

hybridization: 70 °C, 50 seconds

elongation: 72 °C, 1 min or 2 min and 40 sec

72 °C, 7 min  
4 °C

The elongation time is 1 min for GAS antigens encoded by ORFs shorter than 2000 bp, and 2 min and 40 seconds for ORFs longer than 2000 bp. The amplifications are performed using a Gene Amp PCR system 9600 (Perkin Elmer).

To check the amplification results, 4 µl of each PCR product is loaded onto 1-1.5 agarose gel and the size of amplified fragments compared with DNA molecular weight standards (DNA markers III or IX, Roche). The PCR products are loaded on agarose gel and after electrophoresis the right size bands are excised from the gel. The DNA is purified from the agarose using the Gel Extraction Kit (Qiagen) following the instruction of the manufacturer. The final elution volume of the DNA is 50 µl TE (10 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8). One µl of each purified DNA is loaded onto agarose gel to evaluate the yield.

(e) *Digestion of PCR fragments*

One-two µg of purified PCR products are double digested overnight at 37 °C with the appropriate restriction enzymes (60 units of each enzyme) using the appropriate restriction buffer in 100 µl final volume. The restriction enzymes and the digestion buffers are from New England Biolabs. After purification of the digested DNA (PCR purification Kit, Qiagen) and elution with 30 µl TE, 1 µl is subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis to evaluate the yield in comparison to titrated molecular weight standards (DNA markers III or IX, Roche).

(f) *Digestion of the cloning vectors (pET21b+ and pGEX-NNH)*

10 µg of plasmid is double digested with 100 units of each restriction enzyme in 400 µl reaction volume in the presence of appropriate buffer by overnight incubation at 37 °C. After electrophoresis on a 1% agarose gel, the band corresponding to the digested vector is purified from the gel using the Qiagen Qiaex II Gel Extraction Kit and the DNA was eluted with 50 µl TE. The DNA concentration is evaluated by measuring OD<sub>260</sub> of the sample.

(g) *Cloning of the PCR products*

Seventy five ng of the appropriately digested and purified vectors and the digested and purified fragments corresponding to each selected GAS antigen are ligated in final volumes of 10-20 µl with a molar ratio of 1:1 fragment/vector, using 400 units T4 DNA ligase (New England Biolabs) in the presence of the buffer supplied by the manufacturer. The reactions are incubated overnight at 16 °C. Transformation of *E coli* BL21 (Novagen) and *E coli* BL21-DE3 (Novagen) electrocompetent cells is performed using pGEX-NNH ligations and pET21b+ ligations respectively. The transformation procedure is as follows: 1-2 µl the ligation reaction is mixed with 50 µl of ice cold competent cells, then the cells are poured in a gene pulser 0.1 cm electrode cuvette (Biorad). After pulsing the cells in a MicroPulser electroporator (Biorad) following the manufacturer instructions the cells are suspended in 0.95 ml of SOC medium and incubated for 45 min at 37 °C under shaking. 100 and 900 µl of cell suspensions are plated on separate plates of agar LB 100 µg/ml Ampicillin and the plates are



incubated overnight at 37 °C. The screening of the transformants is done by PCR: randomly chosen transformants are picked and suspended in 30 µl of PCR reaction mix containing the PCR buffer, the 4 dNTPs, 1,5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, Taq polymerase and appropriate forward and reverse oligonucleotide primers that are able to hybridize upstream and downstream from the polylinker of pET21b+ or pGEX-NNH vectors. After 30 cycles of PCR, 5 µl of the resulting products are run on agarose gel electrophoresis in order to select for positive clones from which the expected PCR band is obtained. PCR positive clones are chosen on the basis of the correct size of the PCR product, as evaluated by comparison with appropriate molecular weight markers (DNA markers III or IX, Roche).

## 2. Protein expression

PCR positive colonies are inoculated in 3 ml LB 100 µg/ml Ampicillin and grown at 37 °C overnight. 70 µl of the overnight culture is inoculated in 2 ml LB/Amp and grown at 37 °C until OD<sub>600</sub> of the pET clones reached the 0,4-0,8 value or until OD<sub>600</sub> of the pGEX clones reached the 0,8-1 value. Protein expression is then induced by adding 1 mM IPTG (Isopropil β-D thio-galacto-piranoside) to the mini-cultures. After 3 hours incubation at 37 °C the final OD<sub>600</sub> is checked and the cultures are cooled on ice. After centrifugation of 0.5 ml culture, the cell pellet is suspended in 50 µl of protein Loading Sample Buffer (60 mM TRIS-HCl pH 6.8, 5% w/v SDS, 10% v/v glycerin, 0.1% w/v Bromophenol Blue, 100 mM DTT) and incubated at 100 °C for 5 min. A volume of boiled sample corresponding to 0.1 OD<sub>600</sub> culture is analysed by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie Blue staining to verify the presence of induced protein band.

## 3. Purification of the recombinant proteins

Single colonies are inoculated in 25 ml LB 100 µg/ml Ampicillin and grown at 37 °C overnight. The overnight culture is inoculated in 500 ml LB/Amp and grown under shaking at 25 °C until OD<sub>600</sub> 0.4-0.7. Protein expression is then induced by adding 1 mM IPTG to the cultures. After 3.5 hours incubation at 25 °C the final OD<sub>600</sub> is checked and the cultures are cooled on ice. After centrifugation at 6000 rpm (JA10 rotor, Beckman), the cell pellet is processed for purification or frozen at -20° C.

### (a) *Procedure for the purification of soluble His-tagged proteins from E.coli*

(1) Transfer the pellets from -20°C to ice bath and reconstitute with 10 ml 50 mM NaHPO<sub>4</sub> buffer, 300 mM NaCl, pH 8,0, pass in 40-50 ml centrifugation tubes and break the cells as per the following outline.

(2) Break the pellets in the French Press performing three passages with in-line washing.

(3) Centrifuge at about 30-40000 x g per 15-20 min. If possible use rotor JA 25.50 (21000 rpm, 15 min.) or JA-20 (18000 rpm, 15 min.)

(4) Equilibrate the Poly-Prep columns with 1 ml Fast Flow Chelating Sepharose resin with 50 mM phosphate buffer, 300 mM NaCl, pH 8,0.

(5) Store the centrifugation pellet at -20°C, and load the supernatant in the columns.

(6) Collect the flow through.

- (7) Wash the columns with 10 ml (2 ml + 2 ml + 4 ml) 50 mM phosphate buffer, 300 mM NaCl, pH 8.0.
- (8) Wash again with 10 ml 20 mM imidazole buffer, 50 mM phosphate, 300 mM NaCl, pH 8.0.
- (9) Elute the proteins bound to the columns with 4.5 ml (1.5 ml + 1.5 ml + 1.5 ml) 250 mM imidazole buffer, 50 mM phosphate, 300 mM NaCl, pH 8.0 and collect the 3 corresponding fractions of ~1.5 ml each. Add to each tube 15 µl DTT 200 mM (final concentration 2 mM)
- (10) Measure the protein concentration of the first two fractions with the Bradford method, collect a 10 µg aliquot of proteins from each sample and analyse by SDS-PAGE. (N.B.: should the sample be too diluted, load 21 µl + 7 µl loading buffer).
- (11) Store the collected fractions at +4°C while waiting for the results of the SDS-PAGE analysis.
- (12) For immunisation prepare 4-5 aliquots of 100 µg each in 0.5 ml in 40% glycerol. The dilution buffer is the above elution buffer, plus 2 mM DTT. Store the aliquots at -20°C until immunisation.

(b) *Purification of His-tagged proteins from Inclusion bodies*

Purifications are carried out essentially according the following protocol:

- (1) Bacteria are collected from 500 ml cultures by centrifugation. If required store bacterial pellets at -20°C. For extraction, resuspend each bacterial pellet in 10 ml 50 mM TRIS-HCl buffer, pH 8.5 on an ice bath.
- (2) Disrupt the resuspended bacteria with a French Press, performing two passages.
- (3) Centrifuge at 35000 x g for 15 min and collect the pellets. Use a Beckman rotor JA 25.50 (21000 rpm, 15 min.) or JA-20 (18000 rpm, 15 min.).
- (4) Dissolve the centrifugation pellets with 50 mM TRIS-HCl, 1 mM TCEP {Tris(2-carboxyethyl)-phosphine hydrochloride, Pierce} , 6M guanidium chloride, pH 8.5. Stir for ~ 10 min. with a magnetic bar.
- (5) Centrifuge as described above, and collect the supernatant.
- (6) Prepare an adequate number of Poly-Prep (Bio-Rad) columns containing 1 ml of Fast Flow Chelating Sepharose (Pharmacia) saturated with Nickel according to manufacturer recommendations.. Wash the columns twice with 5 ml of H<sub>2</sub>O and equilibrate with 50 mM TRIS-HCl, 1 mM TCEP, 6M guanidinium chloride, pH 8.5.
- (7) Load the supernatants from step 5 onto the columns, and wash with 5 ml of 50 mM TRIS-HCl buffer, 1 mM TCEP, 6M urea, pH 8.5
- (8) Wash the columns with 10 ml of 20 mM imidazole, 50 mM TRIS-HCl , 6M urea, 1 mM TCEP, pH 8.5. Collect and set aside the first 5 ml for possible further controls.
- (9) Elute the proteins bound to the columns with 4.5 ml of a buffer containing 250 mM imidazole, 50 mM TRIS-HCl, 6M urea, 1 mM TCEP, pH 8.5. Add the elution buffer in three 1.5 ml aliquots, and collect the corresponding 3 fractions. Add to each fraction 15 µl DTT (final concentration 2 mM).
- (10) Measure eluted protein concentration with the Bradford method, and analyse aliquots of ca 10 µg of protein by SDS-PAGE.



(11) Store proteins at -20°C in 40% (v/v) glycerol, 50 mM TRIS-HCl, 2M urea, 0.5 M arginine, 2 mM DTT, 0.3 mM TCEP, 83.3 mM imidazole, pH 8.5.

(c) *Procedure for the purification of GST-fusion proteins from E.coli*

(1) Transfer the bacterial pellets from -20°C to an ice bath and suspend with 7,5 ml PBS, pH 7,4 to which a mixture of protease inhibitors (CØMPLETE™ - Boehringer Mannheim, 1 tablet every 25 ml of buffer) has been added.

(2) Transfer to 40-50 ml centrifugation tubes and sonicate according to the following procedure:

a. Position the probe at about 0,5 cm from the bottom of the tube

b. Block the tube with the clamp

c. Dip the tube in an ice bath

d. Set the sonicator as follows: Timer → Hold, Duty Cycle → 55, Out. Control → 6.

e. perform 5 cycles of 10 impulses at a time lapse of 1 minute (i.e. one cycle = 10 impulses + ~45" hold; b. 10 impulses + ~45" hold; c. 10 impulses + ~45" hold; d. 10 impulses + ~45" hold; e. 10 impulses + ~45" hold).

(3) Centrifuge at about 30-40000 x g for 15-20 min. E.g.: use rotor Beckman JA 25.50 at 21000 rpm, for 15 min.

(4) Store the centrifugation pellets at -20°C, and load the supernatants on the chromatography columns, as follows

(5) Equilibrate the Poly-Prep (Bio-Rad) columns with 0,5 ml ( $\cong$  1 ml suspension) of Glutathione-Sepharose 4B resin, wash with 2 ml (1 + 1) H<sub>2</sub>O, and then with 10 ml (2 + 4 + 4) PBS, pH 7,4.

(6) Load the supernatants on the columns and discard the flow through.

(7) Wash the columns with 10 ml (2 + 4 + 4) PBS, pH 7.4.

(8) Elute the proteins bound to the columns with 4.5 ml of 50 mM TRIS buffer, 10 mM reduced glutathione, pH 8.0, adding 1.5 ml + 1.5 ml + 1.5 ml and collecting the respective 3 fractions of ~1.5 ml each.

(9) Measure the protein concentration of the first two fractions with the Bradford method, analyse a 10 µg aliquot of proteins from each sample by SDS-PAGE. (N.B.: if the sample is too diluted load 21 µl (+ 7 µl loading buffer).

(10) Store the collected fractions at +4°C while waiting for the results of the SDS-PAGE analysis.

(11) For each protein destined to the immunisation prepare 4-5 aliquots of 100 µg each in 0.5 ml of 40% glycerol. The dilution buffer is 50 mM TRIS.HCl, 2 mM DTT, pH 8.0. Store the aliquots at -20°C until immunisation.

4. Murine Model of Protection from GAS Infection

(a) *Immunization protocol*

Groups of 10 CD1 female mice aged between 6 and 7 weeks are immunized with two or more GAS antigens of the invention, (20 µg of each recombinant GAS antigen), suspended in 100 µl of suitable solution. Each group receives 3 doses at days 0, 21 and 45. Immunization is performed through intra-peritoneal injection of the protein with an equal volume of Complete Freund's Adjuvant (CFA) for the

first dose and Incomplete Freund's Adjuvant (IFA) for the following two doses. In each immunization scheme negative and positive control groups are used.

For the negative control group, mice are immunized with *E. coli* proteins eluted from the purification columns following processing of total bacterial extract from a *E. coli* strain containing either the pET21b or the pGEX-NNH vector (thus expressing GST only) without any cloned GAS ORF (groups can be indicated as HisStop or GSTStop respectively).

For the positive control groups, mice are immunized with purified GAS M cloned from either GAS SF370 or GAS DSM 2071 strains (groups indicated as 192SF and 192DSM respectively).

Pooled sera from each group is collected before the first immunization and two weeks after the last one. Mice are infected with GAS about a week after.

Immunized mice are infected using a GAS strain different from that used for the cloning of the selected proteins. For example, the GAS strain can be DSM 2071 M23 type, obtainable from the German Collection of Microorganisms and Cell Cultures (DSMZ).

For infection experiments, DSM 2071 is grown at 37° C in THY broth until OD<sub>600</sub> 0.4. Bacteria are pelleted by centrifugation, washed once with PBS, suspended and diluted with PBS to obtain the appropriate concentration of bacteria/ml and administered to mice by intraperitoneal injection. Between 50 and 100 bacteria are given to each mouse, as determined by plating aliquots of the bacterial suspension on 5 THY plates. Animals are observed daily and checked for survival.

## 5. Analysis of Immune Sera

### (a) *Preparation of GAS total protein extracts*

Total protein extracts are prepared by incubating a bacterial culture grown to OD<sub>600</sub> 0.4-0.5 in Tris 50mM pH 6.8/mutanolysin (20 units/ml) for 2 hr at 37° C, followed by incubation for ten minutes on ice in 0.24 N NaOH and 0.96% β-mercaptoethanol. The extracted proteins are precipitated by addition of trichloroacetic acid, washed with ice-cold acetone and suspended in protein loading buffer.

### (b) *Western blot analysis*

Aliquots of total protein extract mixed with SDS loading buffer (1x: 60 mM TRIS-HCl pH 6.8, 5% w/v SDS, 10% v/v glycerin, 0.1% Bromophenol Blue, 100 mM DTT) and boiled 5 minutes at 95° C, were loaded on a 12.5% SDS-PAGE precast gel (Biorad). The gel is run using a SDS-PAGE running buffer containing 250 mM TRIS, 2.5 mM Glycine and 0.1 %SDS. The gel is electroblotted onto nitrocellulose membrane at 200 mA for 60 minutes. The membrane is blocked for 60 minutes with PBS/0.05 % Tween-20 (Sigma), 10% skimmed milk powder and incubated O/N at 4° C with PBS/0.05 % Tween 20, 1% skimmed milk powder, with the appropriate dilution of the sera. After washing twice with PBS/0.05 % Tween, the membrane is incubated for 2 hours with peroxidase-conjugated secondary anti-mouse antibody (Amersham) diluted 1:4000. The nitrocellulose is washed three times for 10 minutes with PBS/0.05 % Tween and once with PBS and thereafter developed by Opti-4CN Substrate Kit (Biorad).

### (c) *Preparation of Paraformaldehyde treated GAS cultures*



A bacterial culture grown to OD<sub>600</sub> 0.4-0.5 is washed once with PBS and concentrated four times in PBS/0.05 % Paraformaldehyde. Following 1 hr incubation at 37° C with shaking, the treated culture is kept overnight at 4° C and complete inactivation of bacteria is then controlled by plating aliquots on THY blood agar plates.

5            (d)      *FACS analysis of Paraformaldehyde treated GAS cultures with mouse immune sera*

About 10<sup>5</sup> Paraformaldehyde inactivated bacteria are washed with 200 µl of PBS in a 96 wells U bottom plate and centrifuged for 10 min. at 3000g, at 4°C. The supernatant is discarded and the bacteria are suspended in 20 µl of PBS-0.1%BSA. Eighty µl of either pre-immune or immune mouse sera diluted in PBS-0.1%BSA are added to the bacterial suspension to a final dilution of either 1:100, 10 1:250 or 1:500, and incubated on ice for 30 min. Bacteria are washed once by adding 100 µl of PBS-0.1%BSA, centrifuged for 10 min. at 3000g, 4°C, suspended in 200 µl of PBS-0.1%BSA, centrifuged again and suspended in 10 µl of Goat Anti-Mouse IgG, F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragment specific-R-Phycoerythrin-conjugated (Jackson ImmunoResearch Laboratories Inc., cat.N°115-116-072) in PBS-0.1%BSA to a final dilution of 1:100, and incubated on ice for 30 min. in the dark. Bacteria are washed once by 15 adding 180 µl of PBS-0.1%BSA and centrifuged for 10 min. at 3000g, 4°C. The supernatant is discarded and the bacteria were suspended in 200 µl of PBS. Bacterial suspension is passed through a cytometric chamber of a FACS Calibur (Becton Dickinson, Mountain View, CA USA) and 10.000 events are acquired. Data are analysed using Cell Quest Software (Becton Dickinson, Mountain View, CA USA) by drawing a morphological dot plot (using forward and side scatter parameters) on 20 bacterial signals. An histogram plot is then created on FL2 intensity of fluorescence log scale recalling the morphological region of bacteria.

It will be understood that the invention has been described by way of example only and modifications may be made whilst remaining within the scope and spirit of the invention.

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